

**ARTEP 5-617-10-MTP**

**MISSION TRAINING PLAN  
FOR THE  
PRIME POWER LINE  
PLATOON, ENGINEER  
COMPANY, ENGINEER  
PRIME POWER BATTALION**

**OCTOBER 2003**

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\*ARMY TRAINING AND  
EVALUATION PROGRAM  
No. 5-617-10-MTP

HEADQUARTERS  
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
Washington, DC, 30 OCTOBER 2003

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FOR THE  
PRIME POWER LINE PLATOON, ENGINEER COMPANY,  
ENGINEER PRIME POWER BATTALION**

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\*This publication supersedes ARTEP 5-617-10-MTP, 11 October 2002.

## PREFACE

This mission training plan (MTP) provides active component (AC) and reserve component (RC) training managers with a descriptive, mission-oriented training program to train the unit to perform its critical wartime operations. This MTP aligns with and is part of the United States (US) Army Training and Tactical Doctrine Program. While missions and deployment assignments impact on the priorities, the operations described here are expected to be executed with a high level of proficiency. Each unit is expected to train, as a minimum, to the standards of the training and evaluation outlines (T&EOs) in this MTP. Standards for training may be raised, but they may not be lowered.

This MTP applies to the prime power line platoon, engineer company, engineer prime power battalion table(s) of organization and equipment (TOE) 05617L000.

The proponent for this publication is HQ, TRADOC. Send comments and recommendations on Department of the Army (DA) Form 2028 directly to Commander, US Army Maneuver Support Center, ATTN: ATZT-DT-WF-E, Directorate of Training Development, 320 MANSCEN Loop, Suite 220, Fort Leonard Wood, MO 65473-8929.

Unless this publication states otherwise, masculine nouns and pronouns do not refer exclusively to men.

**CHAPTER 1**

**Unit Training**

1-1. General. This MTP provides the commander and leaders with guidance on how to train the key missions of the unit. The specific details of the unit training program will depend on the—

- Unit mission-essential task list (METL).
- Chain-of-command training directives and guidance.
- Unit training priorities.
- Availability of training resources and areas.

1-2. Supporting Material. This MTP describes a critical wartime mission-oriented training program that is part of the next higher echelon training program. This relationship is illustrated in Figure 1-1. The unit training program consists of the following publications:

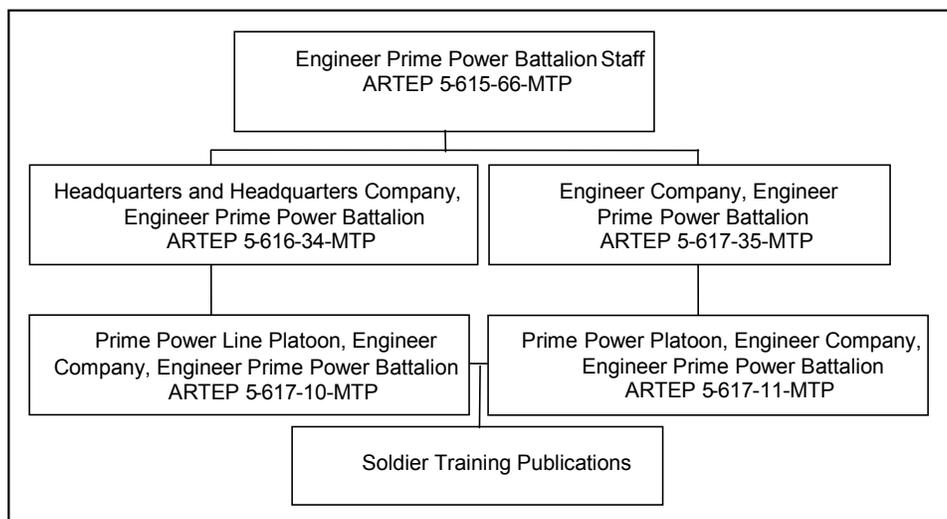
a. Army Training and Evaluation Program (ARTEP) 5-615-66-MTP for the engineer prime power battalion staff. This MTP indicates the relationship of the battalion training program.

b. ARTEP 5-616-34-MTP for the headquarters and headquarters company, engineer prime power battalion. This MTP indicates the relationship of the headquarters company training program to the battalion training program.

c. ARTEP 5-617-35-MTP for the engineer company, engineer prime power battalion. This MTP indicates the relationship of the company training program to the battalion training program.

d. ARTEP 5-617-10-MTP and ARTEP 5-617-11-MTP for the engineer platoons prime power. These ARTEP MTPs indicate the relationship of the platoon training programs to the company training program.

e. Soldier training publications (STPs) for the appropriate military occupational specialties (MOSs) and skill levels.



**Figure 1-1. MTP Echelon Relationship**

1-3. Contents. This MTP is organized into six chapters and three appendices.

a. Chapter 1, Unit Training, provides the explanation and organization of an MTP. This chapter explains how to use an MTP in establishing an effective training program.

b. Chapter 2, Training Matrixes, shows the relationship between the mission and the collective tasks.

c. Chapter 3, Mission Outlines/Training Plans, presents a graphic portrayal of the relationship between missions and their subordinate tasks.

d. Chapter 4, Training Exercise, consists of a sample training exercise. This exercise provides training information and a preconstructed sample scenario. It can serve as a part of an internal or external evaluation. This exercise may be modified to suit the training needs of the unit.

e. Chapter 5, Training and Evaluation Outlines, contains the T&EOs for the unit. T&EOs are the foundation of the MTP and the collective training of the unit. Each task is a T&EO that identifies task steps, performance measures, individual and leader tasks, and opposing forces (OPFOR) countertasks. The unit must master designated collective tasks to perform its critical wartime operations. T&EOs can be trained separately, in a situational training exercise (STX), in a field training exercise (FTX), or in live-fire exercises. For collective live-fire standards, the trainer needs to refer to the applicable gunnery manual for the appropriate course of fire. Those standards and courses of fire need to be integrated into the training exercise. Each T&EO is part of a mission and, in various combinations, composes the training exercise in Chapter 4.

(1) Format. T&EOs are prepared for every collective task that supports critical wartime operation accomplishment. Each T&EO contains the following items:

(a) Elements. This identifies the unit or unit element(s) that perform the task.

(b) Task. This describes the action to be performed by the unit and provides the task number.

(c) Reference. This identifies the publication used to develop the task and is in parenthesis following the task number. If more than one reference is used, the reference that contains the most information (primary reference) about the task is listed first and underlined. If there is only one reference, it is not underlined.

(d) Iteration. This is used to identify how many times the task is performed and evaluated during training. The M identifies when the task is performed in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

(e) Commander/leader assessment. This is used by the unit leadership to assess the proficiency of the unit in performing the task to standard. Assessments are subjective in nature. Therefore, use all available evaluation data and subunit-leader input to assess the overall capability of the organization to accomplish the task. Use the following ratings:

- **T - Trained.** The unit is trained and has demonstrated its proficiency in accomplishing the task to wartime standards.
- **P - Needs practice.** The unit needs to practice the task. Performance has demonstrated that the unit does not achieve the task to standard without some difficulty or has failed to perform some task steps to standard.

- **U - Untrained.** The unit cannot demonstrate an ability to achieve wartime proficiency.

(f) Conditions. This describes the situation or environment in which the unit is to perform the collective task.

(g) Task standards. This states the performance criteria that a unit must achieve to successfully execute the task. This overall standard should be the focus of training and should be understood by every soldier. The trainer or evaluator determines the unit training status by using performance observation measurements (where applicable) and his judgment. The unit must be evaluated in the context of the mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC). The conditions should be as similar as possible for all evaluated elements. This will establish a common baseline for unit performance.

(h) Task steps and performance measures. This is a list of actions that the unit is to perform to complete the task. These actions are stated in terms of observable performance for evaluating training proficiency. The task steps are arranged sequentially along with any supporting individual tasks and their references. An asterisk (\*) to the left of the step number indicates the leader tasks within each T&EO. If the unit fails to correctly perform one of the task steps to standard, it has failed to achieve the overall task standard. The task step may contain performance measures that must be accomplished to correctly perform the task step.

(i) GO/NO-GO column. This column is provided for annotating the performance of the task steps. Evaluate each performance measure for a task step and place an X in the appropriate column. A major portion of the performance measures must be marked a GO for the task step to be successfully performed.

(j) Task performance/evaluation summary block. This block provides the trainer with a means of recording the total number of task steps and performance measures evaluated and those evaluated as GO. It also provides the evaluator with a means to rate the unit demonstrated performance as a GO or NO-GO. It also provides the leader with a historical record for five training iterations.

(k) Supporting individual tasks. This is a listing of all supporting individual tasks required to correctly perform the task. The task number and task title for each individual task are listed.

(l) Supporting collective tasks. This is a listing of all supporting collective tasks required to correctly perform the task. The task number and task title for each collective task are listed.

(m) Opposing forces tasks. These standards specify overall OPFOR performance for each collective task. The standards ensure that the OPFOR soldiers accomplish meaningful training and force the training unit to perform its task to standard or lose to the OPFOR. The OPFOR standards specify what must be accomplished—not how it must be accomplished. The OPFOR must always attain its task standards, using tactics consistent with the type of enemy being portrayed.

(2) Usage. The T&EOs can be used to train or evaluate a single task. Several T&EOs can be used to train or evaluate a group of tasks such as an STX or FTX.

f. Chapter 6, External Evaluation, provides instructions for the planning, preparation, and execution of an external evaluation.

g. Appendix A, Sample Operation Order, contains a sample operation order (OPORD) to be used with the exercise in Chapter 4.

h. Appendix B, Threat Analysis, describes local, regional, and global threats and special situations that impact operations.

i. Appendix C, Metric Conversion Chart, contains an English-to-metric measurement conversion chart.

1-4. Missions and Tasks.

a. This MTP concerns specific missions found in the TOE and an implied mission that the unit must perform in order to accomplish the specified missions. The critical missions are the focus for the unit. The commander may supplement these missions with his own. The following is a listing of the missions for the unit:

- Provide power distribution support.
- Sustain unit operations.
- Defend the unit.
- Conduct unit survivability operations.

b. Each of these tasks may be trained individually or jointly. Training is based on the criteria described in the T&EOs. Several T&EOs can be trained as an STX. Various combinations of STXs can be used to develop an FTX for the unit to practice its entire mission responsibility. Several STXs can be developed into an external evaluation that is designed by the next higher echelon to evaluate the ability of the unit to perform multiple missions under stress in a realistic environment.

c. Squad tasks are trained in much the same way as described above. However, the squad leader must also train the drills provided in the drill book.

d. Leader tasks that support unit missions are trained through STP training, battle simulations, and execution of unit missions.

e. Individual tasks that support unit tasks are mastered by training to standards outlined in the appropriate STPs. The T&EOs in Chapter 5 show the individual tasks that support collective-task training.

1-5. Training Principles. This MTP is based on the training principles explained in Field Manual (FM) 7-0.

1-6. Training Strategy. The training program, developed and executed by the engineer battalion to train to standards in its critical wartime missions, will be a component of the Army Combined Arms Training Strategy (CATS). The purpose of CATS is to provide direction and guidance on how the total Army will train and identify the resources required to support that training. CATS provides the tools that enable the Army to focus and manage training in an integrated manner. Central to CATS is a series of proponent-generated unit and institutional strategies that describe the training events and resources required to facilitate training to standard. CATS will be embedded in the Standard Army Training System (SATS), version 4.1 and higher. The Web site for this information is <http://www.atsc.army.mil/atmd/strac>.

a. The unit training strategies central to CATS provide the commander with a descriptive menu for training. These strategies reflect that while there is an optimal way to train to standard, it is unlikely that all units in the Army will have the exact mix of resources required to execute an optimal training strategy.

b. The unit training strategy is a descriptive training strategy that provides a means for training the battalion to standard by listing required training events, critical training gates, training event frequencies, and training resources. The commander selects those tasks required to train his METL from this MTP. The training strategies to be provided in SATS 4.1 will provide the means whereby those tasks can be trained through a focused and integrated training plan.

c. The unit training strategy will be comprised of three separate training strategies. When integrated with the training tasks found in this MTP, they form a comprehensive and focused training strategy that allows the unit to train to standard. The elements of the unit training strategy are discussed below.

(1) Maneuver- and collective-training strategy. The maneuver- and collective-training strategy is intended to provide a set of recommended training frequencies for key training events in a unit and depicts those resources that are required to support the training events.

(2) Gunnery strategy. The gunnery strategy is based on weapons systems found in the unit and is intended to provide an annual training plan and to depict resources required to support weapons training. Data for the gunnery strategy comes from the Standards in Training Commission (STRAC) manual or the appropriate FMs.

(3) Soldier strategy. The soldier strategy provides an annual plan for training and maintaining skills at the individual level and lists the resources required to train a soldier.

d. A vital element in the unit training strategy is the identification of critical training gates. Critical training gates are defined as training events that must be conducted to standard before moving on to a more difficult or resource-intensive training event or task. Training gates follow the crawl, walk, run training methodology. For instance, if the unit training strategy calls for conducting an FTX, and an STX has been identified as a critical training gate for the FTX, the training tasks in the STX must be trained to standard before conducting the FTX. Standards for all tasks must be clearly defined so that the trainer can assess the preparedness of the soldiers, or units, to move on to more complex training events. The provision for critical training gates is made recognizing that the unit METL and the commander's assessment of his unit training status will determine the selection and timing of the collective-training exercises in a specific unit training strategy.

e. When developing the unit training plan, the commander identifies from the MTP the training tasks required to train his METL.

1-7. Training Conduct. This MTP is designed to facilitate planning, preparing, and conducting unit training as explained in FMs 7-0 and 25-101. The commander performs the following:

a. Assigns the missions and supporting tasks for training based on his METL and guidance from the next higher headquarters (HQ). Trainers must plan and execute training to support this guidance.

b. Reviews the mission outline in Chapter 3 to determine whether the STXs and the FTXs provided will support, or can be modified to support, the command guidance. If they do not support the guidance or if they need to be modified, refer to the matrix in Chapter 2. This matrix provides a list of all critical collective tasks, drills, and individual tasks that must be mastered to perform the mission.

c. Prioritizes the tasks that need training. There is never time to train everything. Orient the training toward the greatest challenges and the most difficult sustainment skills.

d. Integrates training tasks into the training schedule, using the following procedures:

(1) List the tasks in the priority and frequency that they need to be trained.

(2) Determine the amount of time required and how to use multiechelon training for the best results.

(3) Determine where the training can take place.

(4) Determine who will be responsible for what. The leader of the element being trained must always be involved.

- (5) Organize needs into blocks of time and training vehicles.
- e. Approves the list of tasks to be trained and schedules them on the unit training schedule.
- f. Determines the equipment and supplies needed to conduct the training.
- g. Keeps subordinate leaders informed, and oversees their training. The standards must be rigidly enforced.

1-8. Force Protection.

a. **Safety.** Safety is a component of force protection. Commanders, leaders, and soldiers use risk assessment and risk management to tie force protection into the military around the mission. Risk management assigns responsibility, institutionalizes the commander review of operational safety, and leads to decision making at a level of command that is appropriate to the risk. The objective of safety is to help units protect combat power through accident prevention, which enables units to win quickly and decisively, with minimum losses. Safety is an integral part of all combat operations. Safety begins with readiness that determines the ability of the unit to perform its METL to standard. Readiness standards addressed during METL assessment are as follows:

- (1) Soldiers with the self-discipline to consistently perform tasks to standard.
- (2) Leaders who are ready, willing, and able to enforce standards.
- (3) Training that provides skills needed for performance to standard.
- (4) Standards and procedures for task preferences that are clear and practical.
- (5) Support for task preference, including equipment, personnel, maintenance, facilities, and services.

b. **Risk Management.** Risk management addresses the root causes (readiness shortcomings) of accidents. It helps commanders and leaders identify and predict the next accident. Risk management is a way to put more realism into training without paying the price in deaths, injuries, or damaged equipment. Risk management is a five-step, cyclic process that is easily integrated into the decision-making process outlined in FM 101-5.

**Step 1.** Identify Any Hazards. Identify the most probable hazards for the mission.

**Step 2.** Assess the Hazards. Analyze each hazard to determine the probability of it causing an accident and the probable effect of the accident. Identify control options to eliminate or reduce the hazard. The Army standard risk assessment matrix in Figure 1-2 is a tool to use for assessing hazards.

**Step 3.** Make Risk Decisions. Weigh the risk against the benefits of performing the operation. Accept no unnecessary risks, and make any remaining risk decisions at the proper level of command.

**Step 4.** Implement Controls. Integrate specific controls into operation plans (OPLANs), OPORDs, standing operating procedures (SOPs), and rehearsals. Communicate controls to the individual soldier.

**Step 5.** Supervise. Determine the effectiveness of controls in reducing the probability and effect of identified hazards, to include a follow-up and an after-action review (AAR). Develop lessons learned.

			HAZARD PROBABILITY				
			FREQUENT	PROBABLE	OCCASIONAL	REMOTE	IMPROBABLE
			A	B	C	D	E
E F F E C T	CATASTROPHIC	I	EXTREMELY HIGH		HIGH		LOW
	CRITICAL	II	HIGH	HIGH		LOW	LOW
	MARGINAL	III	HIGH	MEDIUM		LOW	LOW
	NEGLIGIBLE	IV	LOW	LOW		LOW	LOW

**Severity**

Catastrophic	Death, permanent total disability, system loss, major property damage
Critical	Permanent partial disability, temporary total disability in excess of three months, major system damage, significant property damage
Marginal	Minor injury, lost workday accident, compensable injury or illness, minor system/property damage
Negligible	First aid or minor supportive medical treatment, minor system impairment

**Probability**

Frequent	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Occurs often in career/equipment or both service life Continuously experienced
Probable	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Occurs several times in career/equipment service life Occurs frequently
Occasional	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Occurs sometime in career/equipment service life Occurs sporadically or several times in inventory service life
Remote	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Possible to occur in career/equipment service life Remote chance of occurrence; expected to occur sometime in inventory service life
Improbable	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Can assume will not occur in career/equipment service life Possible, but not probable; occurs only very rarely

**Risk Levels**

Extremely High	Loss of ability to accomplish mission
High	Significantly degrades mission capabilities in terms of required mission standards
Medium	Degrades mission capabilities in terms of required mission
Low	Little or no impact on mission accomplishment

**Figure 1-2. Risk Assessment Matrix**

c. Chain of Command. Safety demands total chain-of-command involvement in planning, preparing, executing, and evaluating training. Responsibilities of the chain of command include—

- (1) Commanders.
  - (a) Seek optimum, not adequate, performance.
  - (b) Specify the risk you will accept to accomplish the mission.
  - (c) Select risk reductions provided by the staff.
  - (d) Accept or reject residual risk, based on the benefit to be derived.

- concepts.
  - (e) Train and motivate leaders at all levels to effectively use risk management
- (2) Staff.
  - training.
    - (a) Assist the commander in assessing risks and developing risk reduction options for
  - measures.
    - (b) Integrate risk controls in plans, orders, METL standards, and performance
    - (c) Eliminate unnecessary safety restrictions that diminish training effectiveness.
    - (d) Assess safety performance during training.
    - (e) Evaluate safety performance during AARs.
- (3) Subordinate leaders.
  - operations they lead.
    - (a) Apply effective risk management concepts and methods consistently to the
    - (b) Report risk issues beyond their control or authority to their superiors.
- (4) Individual soldiers.
  - (a) Report unsafe conditions and acts, and correct the situation when possible.
  - (b) Establish a buddy system to keep a safety watch on one another.
  - (c) Take responsibility for personal safety.
  - (d) Work as a team member.
  - (e) Modify your own risk behavior.

d. Fratricide. Fratricide is the employment of weapons, with the intent to kill the enemy or destroy its equipment, that results in unforeseen and unintentional death, injury, or damage to friendly personnel or equipment. Fratricide prevention is a component of force protection and is closely related to safety. Fratricide is, by definition, an accident. Risk assessment and risk management are mechanisms used to control the incidence of fratricide.

- (1) Causes. The primary causes of fratricide are—
  - (a) Direct-fire control plan failures. These failures result when units fail to develop defensive and, particularly, offensive fire control plans.
  - (b) Land navigation failures. These failures result when units stray out of sector, report incorrect locations, or become disoriented.
  - (c) Combat identification failures. These failures include gunners or pilots being unable to distinguish thermal and optical signatures near the maximum range of their sighting systems and units in proximity mistaking each other for the enemy under limited-visibility conditions.

(d) Inadequate control measures. These occur when units fail to disseminate the minimum maneuver and fire support control measures that are necessary to tie control measures to recognizable terrain or events.

(e) Reporting communication failures. Units at all levels face problems in generating timely, accurate, and complete reports as locations and tactical situations change.

(f) Weapons errors. Lapses in individual discipline lead to charge errors, accidental discharges, mistakes with explosives or hand grenades, and similar incidents.

(g) Battlefield hazards. Unexploded ordnance (UXO), unmarked or unrecorded minefields, scatterable mines (SCATMINES), and booby traps litter the battlefield. Failure to mark, record, remove, or anticipate these hazards increases the risk of friendly casualties.

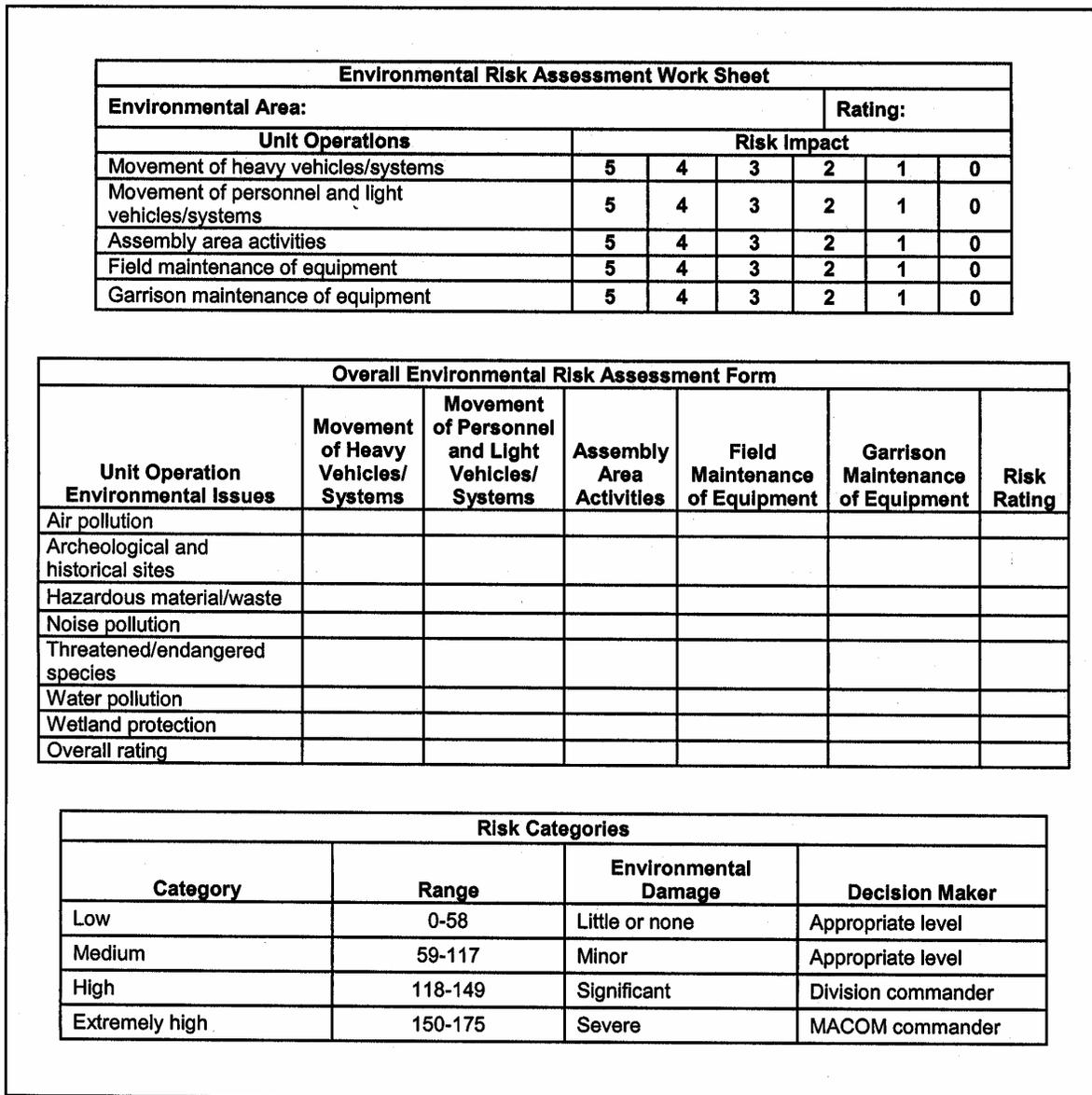
(2) Results. Fratricide results in unacceptable losses and increases the risk of mission failure. Fratricide undermines the ability of the unit to survive and function. Units experiencing fratricide observe these consequences:

- (a) Loss of confidence in unit leadership.
- (b) Increase of self-doubt among leaders.
- (c) Hesitation to use supporting combat systems.
- (d) Oversupervision of units.
- (e) Hesitation to conduct night operations.
- (f) Loss of aggressiveness during fire and maneuver.
- (g) Loss of initiative.
- (h) Disrupted operations.
- (i) General degradation of cohesiveness, morale, and combat power.

1-9. Environmental Protection. Protection of natural resources has continued to become an ever-increasing concern to the Army. It is the responsibility of all unit leaders to decrease and, if possible, eliminate damage to the environment when conducting training. Environmental risk management parallels safety risk management and is based on the same philosophy. Environmental risk management consists of the following steps:

**Step 1. Identify Any Hazards.** Identify potential sources for environmental degradation during the analysis of METT-TC factors. This requires the identification of environmental hazards. An environmental hazard is a condition with the potential for polluting air, soil, or water and/or destroying cultural and historical artifacts.

**Step 2. Assess the Hazards.** Analyze the potential severity of environmental degradation using the environmental risk assessment matrix (Figure 1-3). Consider the severity of environmental degradation when determining the potential effect an operation will have on the environment. The risk impact value is defined as an indicator of the severity of environmental degradation. Quantify the risk to the environment resulting from the operation as extremely high, high, medium, or low, using the environmental risk assessment matrix.



**Figure 1-3. Environmental Risk Assessment Matrix**

**Step 3.** Make Environmental Risk Decisions. Make decisions and develop measures to reduce high environmental risks.

**Step 4.** Brief the Chain of Command. Brief the chain of command (to include the installation environmental office, if applicable) on proposed plans and pertinent high-risk environmental matrixes. Risk decisions are made at a level of command that corresponds to the degree of risk.

**Step 5.** Implement Controls. Implement environmental-protection measures into plans, orders, SOPs, training performance standards, and rehearsals.

**Step 6.** Supervise. Supervise and enforce environmental-protection standards.

1-10. Evaluation. The T&EOs in Chapter 5 describe the standards that must be met for each task.

a. Evaluations can be either internal or external. Internal evaluations are conducted at all levels, and they must be inherent in all training. External evaluations are usually more formal and are normally conducted by a HQ that is two levels above the evaluated unit. See Chapter 6 for more information on external evaluations.

b. A critical weakness in training is the failure to evaluate each task every time it is executed. The ARTEP concept is based on simultaneous training and evaluation. Too often, leaders do not practice continuous evaluation. Soldiers or small units are trained to perform a task to standard, and then later, when they execute that task as part of a training exercise, they execute it poorly or incorrectly and are not corrected. For this program to work, trainers and leaders must continually evaluate training as it is being executed.

c. Leaders should emphasize direct, on-the-spot evaluations. Correcting poor performance during individual or small-group training is easy to do. In higher-level exercises, it is usually not feasible to do this with outside evaluators, but evaluations should not be totally eliminated. Plan AARs at frequent, logical intervals during the exercises (usually after the completion of a major subordinate task). This is a proven technique that allows the correction of performance shortcomings while they are still fresh in everyone's mind. Also, it gets everyone involved and prevents the reinforcement of bad habits.

d. FM 25-101 provides detailed instructions for conducting an AAR. It also provides detailed guidance on coaching and critiquing during training.

1-11. Feedback. Recommendations for improvement of this MTP are requested. Feedback will help to ensure that this MTP answers the training needs of units in the field. Please make your comments on DA Form 2028 or DA Form 7507 and send to the address reflected in the preface.



**CHAPTER 2**

**Training Matrixes**

2-1. General. The training matrix assists the commander in planning the training of his unit personnel. Figure 2-1 provides mission identification for the unit.

Mission Identification Table Mission Title
Provide power distribution support Sustain unit operations Defend the unit Conduct unit survivability operations

**Figure 2-1. Mission Identification Table**

2-2. Mission-to-Collective Task Matrix. This matrix (Figure 2-2) identifies the mission and its supporting collective tasks. The tasks are listed under the appropriate battlefield operating system (BOS), indicated by an X in the matrix. The BOSs that are used in this matrix are defined in United States Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) Pamphlet (Pam) 11-9. A specific mission is trained by using the collective tasks in the vertical column for the mission. Based on the proficiency of the unit, training is focused on operational weaknesses.

Collective Tasks	Power Distribution	Sustain Operations	Unit Defense	Unit Survivability
<b>Develop Intelligence</b>				
19-3-3105.05-T01A Process Captured Documents and Equipment		X	X	X
71-2-0332.05-T01A Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC)		X	X	X
<b>Deploy/Conduct Maneuver</b>				
05-1-1026 Conduct Deployment Operations	X	X	X	X
07-2-1301.05-T01A Conduct a Convoy		X	X	X
07-3-0219.05-T01A Establish Unit Defense		X	X	X
07-3-1112.05-T01A React to an Ambush		X	X	X
<b>Protect the Force</b>				
03-2-3008.05-T01A Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey		X	X	X
03-3-C201.05-T01A Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions			X	X
03-3-C202.05-T01A Prepare for a Chemical Attack			X	X

Collective Tasks	Power Distribution	Sustain Operations	Unit Defense	Unit Survivability
03-3-C203.05-T01A Respond to a Chemical Attack			X	X
03-3-C205.05-T01A Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike			X	X
03-3-C206.05-T01A Prepare for a Nuclear Attack			X	X
03-3-C208.05-T01A Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area			X	X
03-3-C209.05-T01A React to Smoke Operations			X	X
03-3-C222.05-T01A Respond to the Residual Effects of a Nuclear Attack			X	X
03-3-C223.05-T01A Respond to the Initial Effects of a Nuclear Attack			X	X
03-3-C224.05-T01A Conduct Operational Decontamination		X	X	X
03-3-C226.05-T01A Cross a Chemically Contaminated Area		X	X	X
05-2-0911 Defend a Convoy Against a Ground Attack		X	X	X
09-2-0337.05-T01A React to Unexploded Ordnance (UXO)		X	X	X
19-3-2204.05-T01A Employ Physical Security Measures		X	X	X
44-1-C220.05-T01A Use Passive Air Defense Measures		X	X	X
71-2-0326.05-T01A Perform Risk Management Procedures		X	X	X
<b>Perform CSS and Sustainment</b>				
05-3-5710 Perform a Distribution System Installation Survey	X	X		
05-3-5713 Perform a Power Distribution System Maintenance Survey	X	X		
05-3-5714 Perform an Electrical Load Survey	X	X		
05-3-5718 Perform Power Plant Distribution System Installation Technical Assistance	X			
05-3-5721 Design Temporary Nonstandard Power Distribution Systems	X	X		
05-3-5722 Prepare Power Systems Construction Estimates	X			
05-3-5725 Install Aerial Electrical Power Distribution Equipment	X			

Collective Tasks		Power Distribution	Sustain Operations	Unit Defense	Unit Survivability
05-3-5726	Assess for Upgrade of Existing Power Distribution Systems	X	X		
05-3-5727	Install Underground Distribution Equipment	X			
05-3-5731	Perform Electrical-Power, Distribution Equipment Organizational Maintenance Operations	X			
08-2-0003.05-T01A	Treat Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel)		X		X
08-2-C316.05-T01A	Transport Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel)		X		X
08-2-R303.05-T01A	Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures		X	X	X
08-2-R315.05-T01A	Perform Field Sanitation Functions		X	X	X
11-5-0121.05-T01A	Provide a Field Cable or Wire System		X		X
19-3-3106.05-T01A	Handle Enemy Prisoners of War (EPWs)		X	X	X
<b>Exercise Command and Control</b>					
05-1-0721	Plan/Control Augmentation Support	X	X	X	X
05-2-7008	Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon)		X	X	X
11-5-1102.05-T01A	Install, Operate, and Maintain a Single-Channel, Ground and Airborne Radio System (SINCGARS) Frequency Hopping (FH) Net		X	X	X
12-3-0001.05-T01A	Maintain Platoon Strength		X		X

Figure 2-2. Mission-to-Collective Task Matrix

## CHAPTER 3

### Mission Outlines/Training Plans

3-1. General. The mission outline illustrates the relationship between the missions and their support tasks. Each outline provides the trainer with a diagram of the unit mission, sample FTXs and/or STXs, and the collective tasks that comprise them.

3-2. Mission Outlines. Since unit training is mission-oriented, the mission outline shows how task training contributes to the unit ability to perform its missions. The mission outlines, Tables 3-1 through 3-5, provide the commander with a visual outline of his unit missions in a format that facilitates the planning and management of training.

**Table 3-1. Sample Countermobility Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER PLATOON COUNTERMOBILITY</b>	
Task Number	Task Title
03-3-C201.05-T01A	Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions
05-3-0303	Construct Wire Obstacles
05-3-0306	Construct a Tank Ditch
05-3-0307	Construct a Log Obstacle
05-3-0904.05-R01A	Establish Jobsite Security
05-3-1018	Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures
07-1-1923.05-T01A	React to Indirect Fire
10-2-0319.05-T01A	Receive Airdrop Resupply
71-2-0326.05-T01A	Perform Risk Management Procedures

**Table 3-2. Sample General Engineering Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER COMPANY GENERAL ENGINEERING</b>	
Task Number	Task Title
05-2-0726	Conduct Dump Truck Hauling Operations
05-3-0313	Construct Revetments
05-3-0402.05-R01A	Perform a Route Classification
05-3-0611	Construct/Repair a Bridge Abutment
05-3-0710	Assemble and Install Culverts
05-3-0765	Construct or Repair a Sewerage System
05-3-0778	Construct or Repair a Steel Frame Pre-engineered Structure
05-3-0784	Construct/Repair Headwalls
05-3-0787	Construct/Repair a Wood Frame Structure
05-3-0789	Construct/Repair a Concrete Structure
05-3-0790	Construct/Repair Electrical Utilities
05-3-0791	Construct/Repair a Water Distribution System
05-3-0792	Install Coupled Pipeline
05-3-0904	Establish Jobsite Security
08-2-0314.05-T01A	Treat Unit Casualties (for Units With Medical Treatment Personnel)

**Table 3-3. Sample Mobility Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER PLATOON MOBILITY</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-3-0114	Conduct Breaching Operations
05-3-0404	Conduct a River Crossing Site Reconnaissance
05-3-0118	Conduct Minesweeping Operations
05-3-0609	Operate River Crossing Sites
05-3-0603	Prepare an Expedient Ford
05-3-0767	Clear Obstacles With Engineer Equipment
03-2-3008.05-T01A	Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey
03-3-C208.05-T01A	Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area

**Table 3-4. Sample Perform Survivability Construction Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER PLATOON PERFORM SURVIVABILITY CONSTRUCTION</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-3-0304	Construct Vehicle Fighting Positions
05-3-0305	Construct Vehicle Protective Positions
05-3-0306	Construct a Tank Ditch
05-3-0312	Construct Bunkers and Shelters

**Table 3-5. Sample Unit Survivability/Unit Defense Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER COMPANY UNIT SURVIVABILITY/UNIT DEFENSE</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
03-3-C203.05-T01A	Respond to a Chemical Attack
03-3-C205.05-T01A	Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike
05-2-0301	Camouflage Vehicles and Equipment
11-5-0121.05-T01A	Provide a Field Cable or Wire System
44-1-C220.05-T01A	Use Passive Air Defense Measures
44-1-C221.05-T01A	Take Active Combined Arms Air Defense Measures Against Hostile Aircraft

## CHAPTER 4

### Training Exercise

4-1. General. Training exercises are used to train and practice the performance of collective tasks. This MTP contains a sample STX. It is designed to assist in developing, sustaining, and evaluating the unit mission proficiency. Table 4-1 lists the STX by exercise number, title, and page number.

**Table 4-1. STX Exercise**

Exercise Number	Exercise Title	Page
STX 5-2-E0001	Breaching Obstacles	4-1

4-2. Situational Training Exercise. STXs are short, scenario-driven, mission-oriented, tactical exercises used to train a group of closely related collective tasks. STXs provide the information for training the missions that make up the critical wartime mission. STXs—

- Provide repetitive training of missions.
- Allow the training to focus on identified weaknesses.
- Allow the unit to practice the mission STX before conducting a higher-echelon FTX.
- Save time by providing most of the information needed to develop a vehicle for training.

### ENGINEER PLATOON STX 5-2-E0001 BREACHING OBSTACLES

1. **Objective.** This sample STX trains collective, leader, and individual tasks in the platoon operation (breaching obstacles).

2. **Interface.** This STX supports the company FTX 5-2-E0001 requirement to conduct combat operations.

3. **Training.**

a. **Individual Training.** This training should be based on the soldier's manual tasks required to support this STX. Use the individual-to-collective task matrix in Chapter 2 as a source for these individual tasks. Individual training is based on the tasks, conditions, and standards in the 12B and the soldier's common tasks manuals. Training should be hands-on and performance-oriented. During training, leaders assess soldier proficiency by evaluating task performance against the soldier's manual standards then providing feedback to the soldiers. The individual training and evaluation program includes common task tests and the commander's evaluations.

b. **Collective Training.** This training should be based on the collective tasks required for the STX. Battle drills and STXs are key tools for squad and platoon collective training. As with individual tasks, drills should be trained to standard with feedback provided. Collective tasks that could support this STX and mission (as well as other missions) are in the mission-to-collective task matrix in Chapter 2.

c. **Leader Training.** This training should be based on the leader tasks required for the exercises as well as the individual tasks. Leader tasks are trained in the same manner as stated in paragraph 3a or by one or all of the following methods. When material and facilities are not available, innovation is the answer. Do not limit training to the methods listed below.

- (1) Classroom discussions on how to plan the exercise and how to implement unit SOP.
- (2) A map reconnaissance assists in terrain analysis and war gaming. (Use a map of the area where the STX is to be conducted.)
- (3) Terrain board or sand table exercises permit simulations or miniatures to be used to gain three-dimensional perspectives in war gaming or rehearsals. (Model the terrain board or the sand table to match the terrain where the exercise will be conducted.)
- (4) Tactical exercises without troops (TEWTs) allow leaders to train on the ground, practicing land-navigation movement, reporting, and other leader actions.
- (5) Simulations and games teach leaders as part of a continuing officer and noncommissioned officer (NCO) development program.
- (6) Training extension courses use audiovisual equipment to present information and demonstrate how tasks are performed to standard.

d. Training Tips and Instructions. The following are training tips and general instructions on how to prepare for and accomplish the STX:

- (1) Know the requirements for breaching obstacles, marking obstacles, and tactical movement.
- (2) Conduct a leader's reconnaissance of the training area with squad leaders to ensure that you do not make time-consuming mistakes.
- (3) Review the standards for the T&EO that supports this exercise.
- (4) Conduct this STX using one of the following options:
  - (a) With ammunition, without ammunition, or using live fire. The use of ammunition is encouraged to add more realism to the exercise.
  - (b) With or without the Multiple Integrated Laser Equipment System (MILES). The MILES provides better feedback and should be used if it is available.
  - (c) Under all environmental conditions, both day and night and with or without an NBC environment. These scenarios should involve an active NBC environment.
- (5) Ensure that this STX is initially trained and rehearsed slowly, on open terrain, during good visibility, and with frequent explanations and critiques by leaders. This simple execution, combined with a thorough prebrief and "chalk talks" constitutes the "crawl" stage of STX training. The "walk" phase of this STX entails conducting the training at closer to normal rates, on more difficult terrain, and with stops for explanation and critique only when problems occur (expect for planned AARs). During the "run" phase, the STX is executed under conditions as close as possible to those expected in combat (including full operational security [OPSEC] and camouflage, realistic time frames and distances, challenging terrain, and aggressive OPFOR, NBC environment, and movement distance). This exercise is conducted at full speed after conducting building block training (individual training and drills) to reach the run level of execution.
- (6) Ensure that the T&EO standards for this exercise (from Chapter 5) are met to obtain the maximum benefits from the training.

(7) Conduct this exercise on a recurring basis to sustain proficiency; however, since many of the T&EOs in this STX will be trained in other STXs, practice may occur through integration rather than retraining the STX.

(8) Ensure that the OPFOR replicates enemy forces in size and strength to portray threat activities realistically.

(9) Assign at least one evaluator to control OPFOR activities. The evaluator evaluates OPFOR actions, ensures realism, stresses safety, and assesses loss and damage. If the OPFOR are in groups for several simultaneous actions, additional OPFOR evaluators or controllers are necessary.

(10) Ensure that OPFOR units look and fight like a potential enemy. This will help soldiers understand threat tactics, doctrine, and weapons systems.

e. Training Enhancers. This STX requires the platoon to breach an obstacle, move tactically, support by fire, and mark an obstacle.

(1) When basic proficiency is attained for the tasks in this STX, the STX may be conducted under limited visibility conditions, both with and without night vision devices (NVDs).

(2) This STX can be conducted under increasing MOPP levels as proficiency increase.

#### 4. General Situation.

a. Contact with the enemy obstacle has been established. Initial reports indicate that the obstacle is overwatched by a company-sized element. His defensive positions are not well established. He has the capability for indirect fire and close air support (CAS). The enemy has used chemical weapons and will probably do so again. A breach of the obstacle has been ordered to allow maneuver forces to move through to attack the enemy. Figure 4-1 illustrates the graphic scenario of task performance in this exercise.

b. This exercise begins with the receipt of a company fragmentary order (FRAGO) by the platoon and ends after the obstacle is marked. An AAR should be held after the obstacle has been breached and marked. A final AAR should be conducted once all evaluation notes are compiled. If necessary, run portions of the exercise again until you are satisfied with your platoon performance. Table 4-2 provides a recommended sequence of T&EOs and a recommended time for each portion of the STX.

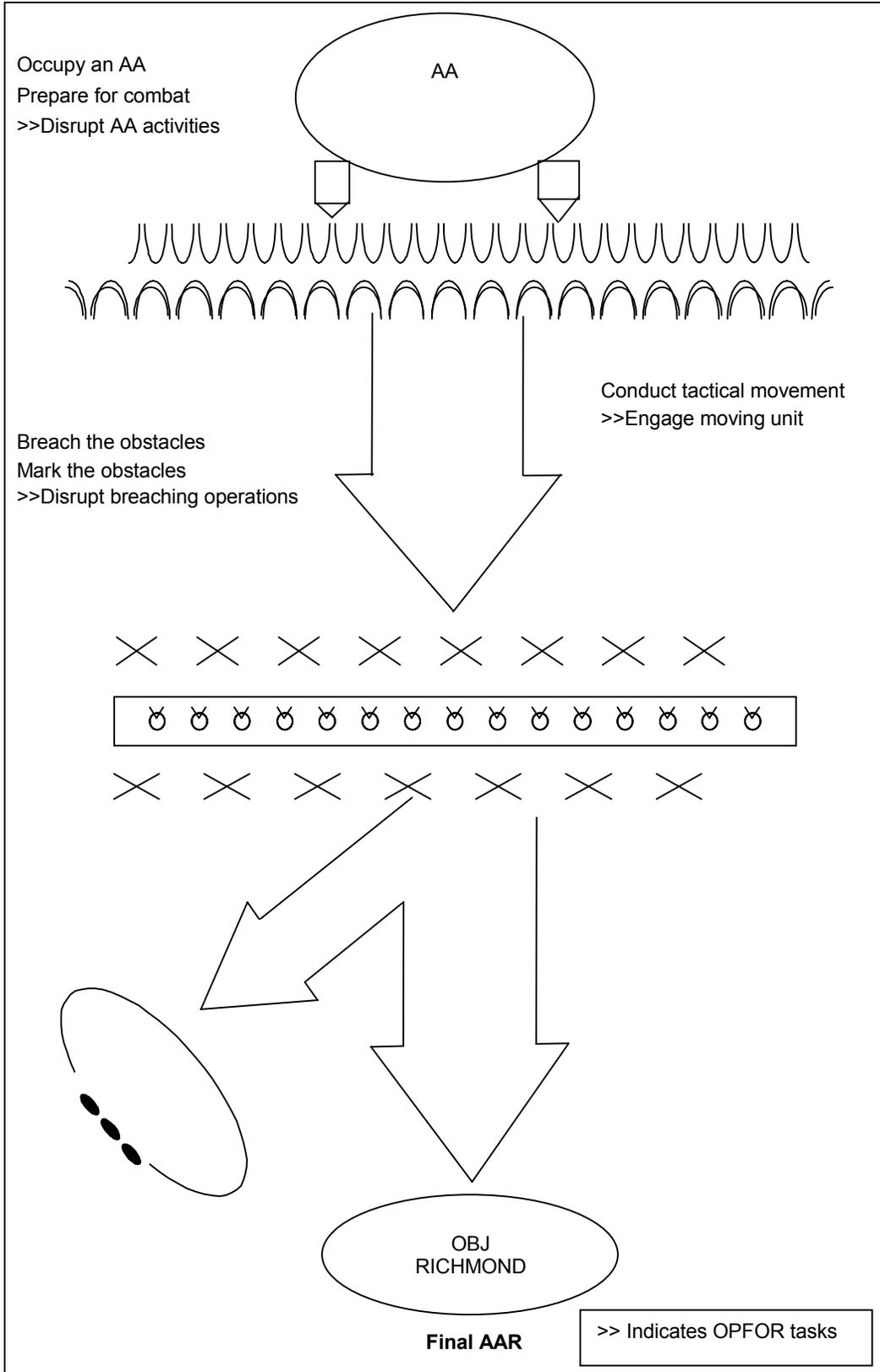


Figure 4-1. General Scenario STX

**Table 4-2. Sample Suggested Scenario**

<b>Event</b>	<b>Action</b>	<b>Estimated Time</b>
<b>Module 1</b>		
1	Occupy an AA	4 hours
2	Receive a FRAGO	15 minutes
3	Plan Breaching Operations	3 hours
4	Issue a FRAGO	2 hours
5	Conduct an AAR	1 hour
6	Conduct Precombat Operations	2 hours
7	Conduct Tactical Movement	1 hour
8	Breach the Obstacle	1 hour
9	Conduct an AAR	1 hour
10	Mark the Obstacle	1 hour
11	Conduct an AAR	1 hour
<b>Total time:</b>		<b>17.25 hours</b>
<p>1. These tasks are integrated and evaluated throughout the exercise.</p> <p>2. Events will be trained to standards, not time limitations. The time required to train an event will vary based on METT-TC factors and the unit training proficiency.</p> <p>3. Additional time may be required if great portions of the exercise are conducted at night or during other limited visibility.</p> <p><b>NOTE: These tasks are integrated and evaluated throughout the exercise.</b></p>		

5. Special Situation.

a. Your platoon is part of a company in a secure assembly area (AA). The platoon receives a FRAGO to breach obstacles (Figure 4-2).

b. The company commander has ordered your platoon to lift your supporting fires. A sister platoon is prepared to provide support for the breach and marking of the obstacle. The company commander orders your platoon to breach the obstacle.

6. Support Requirements.

a. Minimum Trainers and Observers/Controllers. The company commander or the platoon leader can conduct this exercise and will be the trainer and primary evaluator. At least one other observer/controller (O/C) is required with the OPFOR. Another platoon being trained or evaluated should be used as the platoon supporting the breach operations. This platoon will need an additional trainer or O/C.

b. Vehicles/Communications. Those organic to the platoon are needed for this exercise. Two or three vehicles or trailers should be in the OPFOR supply site.

c. Opposing Forces. The OPFOR ground force should at least be a reinforced squad.

<b>FRAGMENTARY ORDER</b>	Copy ___ of ___ copies 25 <sup>th</sup> EN BN
FRAGMENTARY ORDER _____	
References:	
1. SITUATION.	
a. Enemy Forces. The enemy forces are at 60 to 70 percent strength. They are preparing to counterattack and are expected to use air-delivered or artillery-delivered nonpersistent nerve agent.	
b. Friendly Force. (Element designation) attack (date/time group) to destroy the enemy force at Objective _____ to disrupt the enemy counterattack.	
2. MISSION. (Element destination) is to provide breach support for (supported elements designation) to breach obstacles along the main avenue of approach.	
3. EXECUTION.	
a. Concept of the Operations. (See overlay.)	
(1) Intent. Breach obstacles and destroy the enemy preparing to counterattack.	
(2) Fire Support. Priority of fire to (another) platoon.	
b. (Another) Platoon.	
(1) Provide breach support for (evaluated) platoon.	
(2) Prepare to replace (evaluated) platoon in case they become combat ineffective.	
c. (Evaluated) Platoon.	
(1) Provide local support by fire (initially).	
(2) Breach obstacles.	
(3) Mark obstacles according to the tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP).	
d. Coordinating Instructions.	
(1) Company release point (RP) is (grid).	
(2) Company linkup point is (grid).	

**Figure 4-2. Sample FRAGO for STX 5-2-E0001**

d. Maneuver Area. A 15 x 4 kilometer training area is desired. This area should provide for infiltration, cross-county movement, locations for supply sites, and a complex obstacle. The terrain should offer multiple covered and concealed approaches to the objective area. Using terrain that limits the leader

to a geographical or school solution does not allow evaluation of the unit ability to conduct a terrain analysis and select and conceal positions.

- e. Consolidated Support Requirements. This exercise requires the items listed in Table 4-3.

**Table 4-3. Consolidated Support Requirements for STX 5-2-E0001**

<b>Ammunition</b>	<b>DODIC</b>	<b>Estimated Basic Load</b>	
5.56 mm	A080	150 rounds per rifle	
7.62 mm	A111	400 rounds per M60	
5.56 mm	A075	250 rounds per SAW	
Caliber .50	A598	250 rounds per M2	
ATWESS (AT-4)	L367	15 each per company (inert)	
Hand grenade, body, M69	G811	2 per man	
Hand grenade, fuse (practice)	G878	2 per man	
Simulators, projectile, ground burst	L598	50 per exercise	
Simulator, hand grenade, M116 series	L601	20 per squad (without live demolitions to simulate demolitions) or 6 per squad	
<b>Demolitions (See the note below.)</b>			
MICLIC		4 per company with 2 reloads	
Bangalore torpedo kit		1 per squad	
Charge, block TNT		50 per squad	
MDI M11, 12, 13, 14		15 each (total 60) per platoon	
MDI igniters		60 per platoon	
Time fuse		500 feet per platoon	
Satchel charge, M183		30 per platoon	
40-pound shape charge		12 per platoon	
Smoke grenades, white		60 per platoon	
Smoke pot, ground		10 per platoon	
Mines			
<b>Other Items</b>			
Batteries, BA 200 (6-volt)		50 each	
Batteries, BA 3090 (9-volt)		400 each	
<b>Class IV</b>			
Concertina wire			
Pickets			
Staples			
Barbed wire			
<b>MILES Equipment</b>	<b>Company</b>	<b>Evaluators</b>	<b>OPFOR</b>
APC	13		13/4
Caliber .50 system	15		13/4
M240 system	2		
M19 blank firing adapter	15		13/4
M16 system	120		120/28
M60 machine gun system	13		13/2
Controller guns		8	
Small arms alignment fixture		2	
<b>NOTE: Ammunition and demolitions are basic loads and should be restocked (according to use) during the exercise.</b>			

f. Regulations and Requirements. Commanders should consult local regulations and range-control requirements during coordination to ensure compliance with restrictions such as constraints on pyrotechnics.

7. Training and Evaluation Outline Sequence. Table 4-4 lists the T&EOs from Chapter 5 that are used to evaluate this STX.

**Table 4-4. T&EOs Used in Evaluating STX 5-2-E0001**

<b>Task Title</b>	<b>Task Number</b>
Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures	05-3-1018.05-R01A
Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey	03-2-3008.05-T01A
Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area	03-3-C208.05-T01A
Support Breaching Operations	05-3-0114
Reorganize as Infantry	05-2-1200
Fight as Infantry	05-2-1215

## CHAPTER 5

### Training and Evaluation Outlines

The T&EOs for the unit are listed in Figure 5-1. The mission-to-collective task matrix in Chapter 2 lists the T&EOs required to train the critical wartime missions according to their specific BOS.

#### Develop Intelligence

Process Captured Documents and Equipment (19-3-3105.05-T01A).....	5-3
Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC) (71-2-0332.05-T01A).....	5-5

#### Deploy/Conduct Maneuver

Conduct Deployment Operations (05-1-1026).....	5-8
Conduct a Convoy (07-2-1301.05-T01A).....	5-11
Establish Unit Defense (07-3-0219.05-T01A).....	5-15
React to an Ambush (07-3-1112.05-T01A).....	5-19

#### Protect the Force

Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey (03-2-3008.05-T01A) .....	5-21
Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions (03-3-C201.05-T01A) .....	5-24
Prepare for a Chemical Attack (03-3-C202.05-T01A) .....	5-26
Respond to a Chemical Attack (03-3-C203.05-T01A) .....	5-28
Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike (03-3-C205.05-T01A) .....	5-30
Prepare for a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C206.05-T01A) .....	5-32
Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area (03-3-C208.05-T01A).....	5-34
React to Smoke Operations (03-3-C209.05-T01A) .....	5-36
Respond to the Residual Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C222.05-T01A) .....	5-38
Respond to the Initial Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C223.05-T01A) .....	5-40
Conduct Operational Decontamination (03-3-C224.05-T01A) .....	5-42
Cross a Chemically Contaminated Area (03-3-C226.05-T01A) .....	5-46
Defend a Convoy Against a Ground Attack (05-2-0911).....	5-48
React to Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) (09-2-0337.05-T01A) .....	5-51
Employ Physical Security Measures (19-3-2204.05-T01A).....	5-53
Use Passive Air Defense Measures (44-1-C220.05-T01A).....	5-55
Perform Risk Management Procedures (71-2-0326.05-T01A).....	5-57

#### Perform CSS and Sustainment

Perform a Distribution System Installation Survey (05-3-5710).....	5-59
Perform a Power Distribution System Maintenance Survey (05-3-5713).....	5-62
Perform an Electrical Load Survey (05-3-5714) .....	5-64
Perform Power Plant Distribution System Installation Technical Assistance (05-3-5718) .....	5-66
Design Temporary Nonstandard Power Distribution Systems (05-3-5721) .....	5-69
Prepare Power Systems Construction Estimates (05-3-5722).....	5-71
Install Aerial Electrical Power Distribution Equipment (05-3-5725).....	5-73
Assess for Upgrade of Existing Power Distribution Systems (05-3-5726) .....	5-75
Install Underground Distribution Equipment (05-3-5727) .....	5-77
Perform Electrical-Power, Distribution Equipment Organizational Maintenance Operations (05-3-5731) .....	5-79
Treat Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-0003.05-T01A) .....	5-83
Transport Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-C316.05-T01A).....	5-86
Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures (08-2-R303.05-T01A) .....	5-89
Perform Field Sanitation Functions (08-2-R315.05-T01A) .....	5-92
Provide a Field Cable or Wire System (11-5-0121.05-T01A).....	5-95
Handle Enemy Prisoners of War (EPWs) (19-3-3106.05-T01A) .....	5-97

**Exercise Command and Control**

Plan/Control Augmentation Support (05-1-0721) .....	5-99
Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon) (05-2-7008) .....	5-101
Install, Operate, and Maintain a Single-Channel, Ground and Airborne Radio System (SINCGARS) Frequency Hopping (FH) Net (11-5-1102.05-T01A).....	5-103
Maintain Platoon Strength (12-3-0001.05-T01A).....	5-107

**Figure 5-1. List of T&EO**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Process Captured Documents and Equipment (19-3-3105.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19.40)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The enemy equipment and documents have been captured. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element processes all captured equipment and documents based on disposition instructions and within the time standards established by higher headquarters (HQ). The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The element tags all captured equipment and documents.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Described the type of equipment and documents, such as maps, photos, rifles, and radios.</li> <li>b. Annotated the date and time of capture.</li> <li>c. Provided the place (grid coordinates) of capture.</li> <li>d. Noted the capturing unit.</li> <li>e. Furnished the circumstances of the capture.</li> <li>f. Identified the prisoner's name on the tag if the items were taken from enemy prisoners of war (EPWs).</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 2. The element leader reports the capture of equipment and documents to higher HQ.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Described the type of equipment and documents.</li> <li>b. Stated the date and time of capture.</li> <li>c. Identified the capturing unit.</li> <li>d. Furnished the place (grid coordinates) of the capture.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 3. The element leader disposes of the equipment and documents according to the guidance received from higher HQ.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Destroyed, secured, evacuated, or abandoned the equipment.</li> <li>b. Evacuated the documents through the chain of command to intelligence personnel.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC) (71-2-0332.05-T01A)  
 (AR 530-1) (AR 380-5) (FM 24-33)  
 (FM 24-35) (FM 24-35-1) (FM 3-19.30)  
 (FM 34-60)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is operating where the enemy can detect it. The enemy can employ electronic-warfare (EW) measures and air and ground reconnaissance elements. The element can also use the local populace and enemy intelligence agencies. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element prevents the enemy from learning its strength, dispositions, intentions, and any essential elements of friendly information (EEFI) or from surprising the elements main body. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. Leaders check or perform information security measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Disseminated the information on a need-to-know basis.</li> <li>b. Prohibited fraternization with civilians.</li> <li>c. Conducted alerts, deployment preparations, and loading operations to minimize detection.</li> <li>d. Ensured that maps contained only the minimum-essential information.</li> <li>e. Conducted inspections and gave briefings to ensure that personnel did not carry any details of military activities in their personal materials, such as letters, diaries, notes, drawings, sketches, or photographs.</li> <li>f. Sanitized all planning areas and positions before departure.</li> </ul> <p>2. The element performs camouflage discipline.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Concealed and camouflaged with natural materials, whenever possible, to prevent ground or air observation.</li> <li>b. Moved on covered and concealed routes.</li> <li>c. Covered all reflective surfaces and unit markings with nonreflective material, such as cloth, mud, or a camouflage stick.</li> <li>d. Covered or removed all vehicle markings.</li> </ul> <p>3. The element camouflages individual positions and equipment to prevent detection from 35 meters or greater and camouflages vehicles to prevent detection from 100 meters or greater.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that the foliage was not stripped near the unit position.</li> <li>b. Camouflaged earth berms.</li> <li>c. Ensured that the camouflage nets were erected.</li> <li>d. Evaded crossing near footpaths, trails, and roads.</li> <li>e. Erased any tracks leading into the positions.</li> <li>f. Ensured that vehicles that were parked in the shadows were moved as the shadows shifted.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>g. Replaced and replenished the camouflage.                      h. Evaded movement in the area to prevent ground and air detection.</p> <p>4. The element employs the company net control station (NCS) and enforces communications security (COMSEC).                      a. Enforced signal operation instructions (SOI) and signal supplemental instructions (SSI) procedures, such as challenges, authentications decoding, and call signs and frequencies. Ensured that the monitored traffic did not reveal information to the enemy.                      b. Employed approved radiotelephone operator (RATELO) procedures.                      c. Followed COMSEC procedures, such as keeping transmissions short, using the lowest possible power settings, using directional antennas, changing transmission patterns, and maintaining radio silence.                      d. Followed procedures for operations during jamming.                      e. Made maximum use of the messenger and wire service.                      f. Used visual signals according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</p> <p>5. The element employs physical security measures.                      a. Employed observation posts (OPs).                      b. Employed counterreconnaissance patrols.                      c. Followed stand-to procedures.                      d. Employed mines and obstacles, when permitted.                      e. Tied in with adjacent units for coordination and fire.                      f. Used the challenge and password.                      g. Limited access into the area of the unit.                      h. Safeguarded weapons, ammunition, sensitive items, and classified documents.                      i. Picked up litter.                      j. Employed air guards.</p> <p>* 6. All leaders enforce noise and light discipline.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Conduct Deployment Operations (05-1-1026)  
 (DD FORM 1387-2) (FM 55-65)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is directed to report to a port of embarkation (POE). This task should not be trained in MOPPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The battalion deploys all unit personnel, equipment, and basic loads by the required modes of transportation (road, rail, air, or sea) to its destination by the time specified in the operation order (OPORD).

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The battalion staff develops and maintains strategic movement plans and the standing operating procedure (SOP).                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Developed and maintained contingency operations for all modes of transportation.</li> <li>b. Developed individual load plans for aircraft, rail cars, and vehicles based on the unit table(s) of organization and equipment (TOE).</li> <li>c. Prepared a unit movement plan that identified administrative personnel processing, security, logistics, and coordination requirements for implementation.</li> <li>d. Developed procedures for detailed personnel processing, censorship, and security.</li> <li>e. Coordinated with the installation and transportation activities to ensure the availability of securing materials required for each move.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. The battalion initiates the unit plan.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Initiated recall procedures. Accounted for all unit personnel no later than the time specified in the SOP.</li> <li>b. Established security of the unit area.                                     <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Concealed unit markings on all equipment and personnel.</li> <li>(2) Restricted personnel to the unit area.</li> <li>(3) Implemented a censorship plan.</li> <li>(4) Restricted access to the unit area.</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Established communications to higher and subordinate units.</li> <li>d. Reported personnel, logistics, and maintenance status to higher headquarters (HQ). Ensured that reports were 100 percent complete.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The battalion staff performs unit movement staff functions. The staff ensured that—                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) received and disseminated the operations concept to the battalion staff and subunit leaders.</li> <li>b. The Supply Officer (US Army) (S4) identified the companies and corrected shortcomings in equipment (to include personal equipment), supplies, common table of allowances (CTA)/50, and basic loads.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>c. The S3 or S4 packed equipment loads according to vehicle load plans.</p> <p>d. The S3 or S4 packaged and marked the load with Department of Defense (DD) special handling data or certification.</p> <p>e. The S3 or S4 submitted requests to the movement control center (MCC) and/or installation transportation officer (ITO) for convoy and special hauling permits and additional hauls as required.</p> <p>4. The unit conducts the readiness actions outlined in the unit SOP.</p> <p>a. Secured the unit area.</p> <p>b. Loaded and secured ammunition.</p> <p>c. Processed replacement personnel.</p> <p>d. Secured privately owned vehicles (POV).</p> <p>e. Inventoried and secured personal property.</p> <p>f. Conducted communications and electronics checks.</p> <p>g. Updated dependent affairs, such as enrollment in the Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) and service member pay.</p> <p>5. The subordinate elements prepare for movement.</p> <p>a. Ensured that equipment was packed and loaded according to the load plans.</p> <p>b. Determined the center of balance that was indicated on each item prepared for air movement.</p> <p>c. Prepared and reduced all vehicles to the configuration required by the mode of transportation being used.</p> <p>d. Assembled unit personnel at designated staging areas. The ITO and the transportation movement office(r) (TMO) supervised equipment inspections.</p> <p>e. Accomplished loading, by the unit load teams, according to the approved load plans.</p> <p>6. The battalion staff inspects subordinate units. The staff included the following items:</p> <p>a. CTA 50-900, unit equipment, and personnel clothing.</p> <p>b. Vehicle maintenance. Ensured that the vehicles met deployment standards.</p> <p>c. Weapons issue and accountability.</p> <p>d. The mess equipment, if available.</p> <p>e. The basic load for compliance with load plans.</p> <p>7. The battalion deploys by convoy to the railhead, POE, or airhead as required.</p> <p>8. The battalion performs preembarkation operations at the departure airfield. Ensured that—</p> <p>a. The S3 established liaison with the departure airfield control group (DACG).</p> <p>b. The S4 had shoring material available and readily accessible.</p> <p>c. The S3 appointed chalk commanders and that the DACG briefed them.</p> <p>d. The S3 prepared passenger equipment manifests and gave them to the DACG.</p> <p>e. The S3 ensured that each chalk responded to all call-forward orders and directed issue by the DACG before release to the airlift control element (ALCE).</p> <p>f. The S4 or ALCE had shoring, floor protection material, and 463L pallet dunnage available and ready for use, when required.</p> <p>g. The S3 maintained chalk integrity and that the chinks were properly loaded.</p> <p>h. The companies assembled vehicles, personnel, and equipment into chinks according to the unit readiness SOP.</p> <p>i. The companies performed final preparation of vehicles and equipment for loading.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>j. The companies maintained unit integrity and security.</p> <p>k. The chalk commander secured two copies of the final passenger and equipment manifest, one for himself and one according to ALCE instructions.</p> <p>9. The battalion deploys by rail to the POE. Ensured that—</p> <p>a. The S3 or S4 checked the availability of blocking and bracing material.</p> <p>b. The S3 assembled troops, vehicles, and equipment at the designated railhead staging area. The S3 prepared and processed for movement according to instructions contained in the applicable publications, the unit SOP, and higher headquarters (HQ) directives.</p> <p>c. The S3 inspected loading, blocking, and bracing of vehicles and equipment by unit personnel. The ITO or TMO checked the cargo documentation.</p> <p>d. The battalion accomplished tie-down procedures according to applicable technical manuals (TMs) for each type of equipment.</p> <p>e. The unit, ITO, and railroad representatives performed joint inspections of the loaded equipment before the release of movement.</p> <p>10. The battalion deploys by sea. Ensured that—</p> <p>a. The S3 coordinated with the MCC for equipment operators and maintenance personnel for the port support activity.</p> <p>b. The MCC inspected the chalked equipment and stencils or marked the ship manifest before loading.</p> <p>c. The S3 or S4 obtained the estimated date of arrival at the POE from the MCC ship manifest.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
63-1-8063	COORDINATE REAR DETACHMENT SUPPORT
63-1-8064	PERFORM HOME STATION REAR DETACHMENT ACTIVITIES
63-2-8017	PERFORM REDEPLOYMENT MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Conduct a Convoy (07-2-1301.05-T01A)  
 (FM 55-30) (FM 21-16)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Upon receipt of an operation order (OPORD), the element moves to a new location given in the OPORD and conducts operations at that location. There is a possibility of enemy contact with threat patrols up to platoon and company size. Threat mounted forces have been operating in the area through which the route passes. The company standing operating procedure (SOP) is available and contains movement readiness levels and current loading plans. The convoy may be conducted during daylight or darkness, including blackout conditions. Radio and visual signals will be used for convoy control. The column may conduct halts. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element conducts the convoy and arrives at its new location by the time specified in the OPORD. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The element commander conducts a map reconnaissance using all available position/navigation (POS/NAV) and terrain analysis capabilities, to include space-based assets.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Indicated the start point (SP).</li> <li>b. Identified locations of friendly units.</li> <li>c. Identified potential ambush sites.</li> <li>d. Identified checkpoints (CPs).</li> <li>e. Identified sites to be used for scheduled halts.</li> <li>f. Indicated the release point (RP).</li> </ul> </li>   <li>2. The reconnaissance party conducts a route reconnaissance using all available POS/NAV and mapping capabilities available.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dressed in the designated MOPP gear.</li> <li>b. Activated the automatic chemical alarm.</li> <li>c. Monitored radiation-monitoring devices.</li> <li>d. Verified map information.</li> <li>e. Identified capacities of bridges and underpasses.</li> <li>f. Identified the location of culverts, ferries, fording areas, steep grades, and possible ambush sites.</li> <li>g. Prepared the map overlay.</li> <li>h. Computed the travel time.</li> <li>i. Prepared the strip map.</li> </ul> </li>   <li>* 3. The convoy commander coordinates for required support with higher headquarters (HQ).                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included military police (MP) support.</li> <li>b. Included medical support.</li> <li>c. Included fire support (FS).</li> <li>d. Included engineer support.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>e. Included maintenance contact team support. f. Included additional requirements.</p> <p>4. The element prepares vehicles and equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed preventive-maintenance checks and services (PMCS).</li> <li>b. Corrected minor deficiencies.</li> <li>c. Reported major deficiencies.</li> <li>d. Hardened vehicles using sandbags or other authorized materials.</li> <li>e. Covered unit identification markings on vehicles and personnel.</li> <li>f. Covered or removed reflective surfaces.</li> <li>g. Placed antennas at their lowest height.</li> <li>h. Turned radio volumes and squelches to their lowest setting, consistent with operational requirements.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The convoy commander organizes the convoy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assigned cargo vehicle positions.</li> <li>b. Positioned control vehicles without setting a pattern.</li> <li>c. Assigned recovery vehicle positions.</li> <li>d. Arranged hardened vehicles near the head of the convoy.</li> <li>e. Specified passenger locations.</li> <li>f. Appointed air guards.</li> <li>g. Organized the trail party element.</li> <li>h. Provided vehicle position listings to the trail party leader.</li> </ul> <p>* 6. The convoy commander briefs the convoy personnel.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided strip maps to each vehicle driver.</li> <li>b. Identified the convoy chain of command.</li> <li>c. Detailed the convoy route.</li> <li>d. Specified the march rate and the catch-up speed.</li> <li>e. Specified convoy intervals.</li> <li>f. Identified the scheduled halts.</li> <li>g. Briefed accident and breakdown procedures.</li> <li>h. Briefed immediate-action security measures.</li> <li>i. Briefed blackout condition procedures.</li> <li>j. Specified the location of medical support.</li> <li>k. Specified the location of maintenance support.</li> <li>l. Briefed communication procedures.</li> <li>m. Specified the location and the identification of the destination.</li> </ul> <p>7. The convoy crosses the SP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Crossed at the specified time.</li> <li>b. Verified that vehicles had crossed the SP.</li> <li>c. Forwarded the SP crossing report to the convoy commander when the entire unit had passed the SP.</li> </ul> <p>* 8. The convoy commander provides convoy information to higher HQ.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reported the SP crossing time.</li> <li>b. Reported the CP clearance, when crossed.</li> <li>c. Pointed out data that conflicted with the maps.</li> <li>d. Used the correct signal operation instructions (SOI) codes in all transmissions.</li> <li>e. Reported the RP crossing time.</li> </ul> <p>9. The convoy maintains march discipline.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the designated march speed.</li> <li>b. Maintained proper vehicle intervals.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>c. Crossed CPs as scheduled.                      d. Reacted correctly to the convoy commander's signals.                      e. Maintained security throughout the movement and during halts.</p> <p>10. The company conducts a scheduled halt.                      a. Stopped the column at the prescribed time.                      b. Maintained prescribed vehicular intervals.                      c. Moved vehicles off the road.                      d. Established local security.                      e. Performed PMCS.                      f. Inspected vehicle loads.                      g. Departed at the specified time.</p> <p>11. The company conducts an unscheduled halt.                      a. Alerted the march column.                      b. Reported the stoppage to higher HQ.                      c. Maintained prescribed vehicular intervals.                      d. Established local security.                      e. Reported the resumption of the march to higher HQ.</p> <p>12. The convoy moves under blackout conditions.                      a. Provided a visual adjustment period.                      b. Prepared vehicles for blackout conditions.                      c. Maintained prescribed vehicle distances.                      d. Wore night vision goggles (specified personnel).                      e. Wore regular eye protection goggles.                      f. Used ground guides during poor visibility periods.</p> <p>13. The trail party recovers disabled vehicles.                      a. Inspected the disabled vehicles.                      b. Repaired the disabled vehicles, when possible.                      c. Towed the vehicles, if necessary.                      d. Reported the status of the vehicles to the convoy commander.</p> <p>14. The convoy moves through urban areas.                      a. Identified weight, height, and width restrictions.                      b. Used close-column formation.                      c. Obeyed traffic control directions.                      d. Used direction guides at critical intersections.</p> <p>15. The convoy crosses the RP.                      a. Crossed at the specified time.                      b. Verified that the vehicles had crossed the RP.                      c. Forwarded the crossing report to higher HQ.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-1-1391	Request a Standard Geospatial Product
05-3-0412	Perform a Technical Reconnaissance
19-1-1102	Coordinate Route Reconnaissance and Surveillance
19-1-1201	Prepare Traffic Control Plan

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Power Line Team Headquarters

**TASK:** Establish Unit Defense (07-3-0219.05-T01A)  
 (FM 7-8) (FM 24-19) (FM 24-35)  
 (FM 24-35-1) (FM 7-7) (TC 24-20)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element has received an operation order (OPORD) or a fragmentary order (FRAGO) with a mission to occupy part of a larger unit defensive sector or is isolated and must provide its own security or defense. The element may be opposed by as much as a motorized rifle company. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element completes all preparations for the defense not later than the time specified in the order. The enemy does not surprise the platoon. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader performs a leader's reconnaissance of the tentative defensive position.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Searched the area to ensure that it was free of the enemy, mines, and booby traps.</li> <li>b. Established local security.</li> <li>c. Surveyed the area for nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) contamination.</li> <li>d. Designated sectors and general locations for operations, vehicles, and automatic and antiarmor weapons based on the mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC) factors.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: At night, the designation of positions must be more exact. Leaders may elect to reconnoiter the area first, position the observation posts (OPs), and then have the guides bring the other members into position.</b></p> <p>2. The designated security or the operation team moves to assigned positions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Emplaced the M8A1 Chemical Alarm System, if assigned, within 5 minutes of occupying the OP.</li> <li>b. Positioned the OP within range of the supporting small arms fire.</li> <li>c. Provided cover and concealment for the OP personnel.</li> <li>d. Designated covered and concealed routes to and from the OP.</li> <li>e. Established communications from the operations section to the unit command post (CP).</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: The primary means should be wire, supplemented by messenger and radio.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>f. Disseminated the locations of all friendly personnel in the sector.</li> </ul> <p>* 3. The platoon leader and the platoon forward observer (FO) designate targets to support the OP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the target reference points (TRPs).</li> <li>b. Included the OP targets within the fire plan.</li> </ul> <p>4. The OP team provides early warning.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>a. Provided continuous early warning out to a range. Warned of enemy observation, direct fire, or assault on the main body.</p> <p>b. Detected all enemy activity within the vicinity of the unit position.</p> <p>c. Adjusted illumination or high-explosive (HE) rounds on enemy targets.</p> <p>d. Emplaced expedient early warning devices before dark, if possible.</p> <p>e. Demonstrated the correct use of the current challenge and password.</p> <p>f. Alternated the OP sites when required, due to the changing visibility or enemy activity.</p> <p>* 5. The element leader designates the primary, alternate, and supplementary fighting positions for key weapons or vehicles, where applicable, while emplacing the rest of the platoon.</p> <p>a. Positioned the machine guns to obtain grazing fire along the most likely dismounted avenue of approach (AA).</p> <p>b. Positioned the antiarmor weapons to cover the likely armor AA or the assigned engagement area (EA).</p> <p>c. Ensured that the positions were mutually supported along armor and dismounted infantry AAs.</p> <p>d. Positioned the M203 grenade launchers, if assigned, to cover dead space in the terrain outside hand grenade range.</p> <p>* 6. Leaders place fighting positions to engage targets in designated sectors of fire, covering the most dangerous AAs first.</p> <p>a. Determined the sector of fire based on the type of weapon and its range.</p> <p>b. Assigned all personnel to a fighting position.</p> <p>* 7. The element leader coordinates or contacts adjacent units.</p> <p>a. Established boundary responsibilities.</p> <p>b. Discovered and eliminated any gaps in the defensive sector.</p> <p>c. Ensured that observation and fires overlapped.</p> <p>8. The element occupies defensive positions.</p> <p><b>NOTE: The leader establishes task priorities. Normally, these are in the unit standing operating procedure (SOP) but can be modified as needed (based on METT-TC considerations) by the platoon leader or the company commander.</b></p> <p>a. Physically occupied the assigned positions.</p> <p>b. Physically reconnoitered in front of each position to become familiar with the terrain, locate dead space, and view the terrain from the enemy perspective.</p> <p>c. Prepared and forwarded crew-served weapons range cards to the squad leader within 15 minutes of positioning.</p> <p>d. Installed aiming stakes.</p> <p>e. Cleared fields of fire.</p> <p>f. Emplaced obstacles according to the company obstacle plan.</p> <p>g. Dug fighting positions to armpit depth with 0.5 meters of the parapet.</p> <p>h. Constructed overhead cover for the fighting position.</p> <p>i. Camouflaged positions and vehicles from aerial and ground observation, ensuring that fighting positions were not detected from a distance of more than 35 meters from the front of the position.</p> <p>j. Stockpiled ammunition, food, and water.</p> <p>k. Constructed alternate and supplementary positions.</p> <p>l. Ensured that all element members knew the element CP location.</p> <p>* 9. The element leader, along with the fire support team (FIST) or FO if applicable, plans for the employment of indirect fires.</p> <p>a. Planned the fires along the enemy AAs.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Planned the fires at known or likely enemy positions.</li> <li>c. Planned final protective fires (FPF), if allocated.</li> <li>d. Registered and adjusted TRPs, if available and the situation permitted.</li> </ul> <p>10. The radiotelephone operator (RATELO) establishes communications.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used wire as primary communications, if available.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the platoon or company CP had communications with operations section, higher and subordinate leaders, adjacent units, and fire support team.</li> <li>c. Conducted periodic communications checks to ensure that all communications were operational.</li> <li>d. Planned and provided for an alternate means of communications.</li> </ul> <p>*11. The element leader prepares a sector sketch.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the main terrain features and the range to the terrain features.</li> <li>b. Identified the location of the squad fighting position location.</li> <li>c. Indicated the primary and secondary sectors of fire for each position.</li> <li>d. Identified the type of weapon and the fire control measures (FPF, principle direction of fire [PDF], and the final protective line [FPL]) for each position.</li> <li>e. Identified the squad leader's position and the OP locations.</li> <li>f. Marked the dead space.</li> <li>g. Identified obstacle locations.</li> <li>h. Indicated the direction of north.</li> <li>i. Forwarded a copy of the sector sketch to the platoon leader within 30 minutes of being assigned a sector.</li> </ul> <p>*12. The element leader prepares a platoon sector sketch.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Indicated the platoon sector or the EA.</li> <li>b. Denoted the primary, alternate, and supplementary squad positions and the sectors of fire.</li> <li>c. Indicated the location of vehicles, antiarmor, and automatic weapon positions with the primary sectors of fire, the FPL, or the PDF for the primary vehicle weapons system, automatic weapons, and TRPs.</li> <li>d. Identified the location of OPs and patrol routes, if any had been planned.</li> <li>e. Outlined the maximum engagement lines for the primary weapon systems.</li> <li>f. Identified the location of indirect-fire targets and FPFs, if any had been allocated.</li> <li>g. Indicated the direction of north.</li> <li>h. Illustrated the unit identification, up to company level.</li> <li>i. Indicated the date-time group.</li> <li>j. Identified the position of the platoon CP.</li> <li>k. Forwarded a copy of the platoon sector sketch to the company commander within 1 hour of assigning squad leaders sectors.</li> </ul> <p>13. The element continues to improve defensive positions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Improved positions according to the SOP work priorities.</li> <li>b. Upgraded positions as directed by higher headquarters (HQ).</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-2-0100	Coordinate the Synchronization and Integration of Fire Support (FS)
05-2-0127	Provide Support for Survivability Operations
05-2-0301	Camouflage Vehicles and Equipment
05-2-0314	Integrate Obstacles Into Direct- and Indirect-Fire Plans
05-2-0508	Plan for Survivability Operations
05-2-0510	Direct Survivability Construction
05-2-0514	Plan and Control Tactical Obstacles
05-2-0516	Emplace Situational Obstacles
05-3-0303	Construct Wire Obstacles

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** React to an Ambush (07-3-1112.05-T01A)  
 (FM 7-8) (FM 3-20.98) (FM 34-2-1)  
 (FM 7-92)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is in a prepared kill zone. The enemy initiates the ambush with a casualty-producing device and a high volume of fire. The unit has guidance provided by the rules of engagement (ROE) and from mission instructions, such as the peace mandate terms of reference, the Status of Forces Agreement (SOFA), and the rules of interaction (ROI). Civilians, government organizations, nongovernment organizations, private voluntary organizations, and the international press may be present on the battlefield. The presence of civilians can restrict the use of fires and reduce the combat power available to the commander. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element reacts immediately to the ambush based on the type (near, far). The platoon disengages the element in the kill zone or forces the enemy to withdraw. The platoon continues follow-on operations. The unit complies with the ROE, mission instruction, and higher headquarters (HQ) and other special orders. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p><b>NOTE: Leaders ensure that the ROE and the ROI are disseminated to subordinate personnel.</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Personnel in the kill zone react to a near ambush (within hand grenade range).                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Returned fire immediately; assumed covered positions; and threw fragmentation, concussion, and smoke grenades.</li> <li>b. Assaulted individually through the ambush using individual fire and movement immediately after the grenades detonated.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Personnel not in the kill zone react to a near ambush.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified enemy positions.</li> <li>b. Initiated immediate suppressive fires against the enemy.</li> <li>c. Took up covered positions.</li> <li>d. Shifted fires as personnel in the kill zone assaulted through the ambush.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Personnel receiving fire in a far ambush (beyond hand grenade range) immediately return fire and take up covered positions.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Suppressed or destroyed enemy crew-served weapons first.</li> <li>b. Obscured the enemy position with smoke.</li> <li>c. Sustained suppressive fires and shifted them as the assaulting squads fought through the enemy position.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Personnel not receiving fire react to a far ambush.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Moved by a covered and concealed route to a vulnerable flank of the enemy position.</li> <li>b. Assaulted using fire and movement techniques.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
5. The element forward observer (FO) calls for and adjusts indirect fires as directed by the element leader. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used indirect fires to isolate the enemy position.</li> <li>b. Adjusted fires on any retreating enemy.</li> </ul> * 6. The platoon leader accounts for all personnel and equipment after the enemy has withdrawn. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reported the situation to higher HQ.</li> <li>b. Consolidated and reorganized as necessary.</li> <li>c. Continued the mission.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-0100	Coordinate the Synchronization and Integration of Fire Support (FS)
08-2-0314.05-T01A	Treat Unit Casualties (for Units With Medical Treatment Personnel)
12-1-0403.05-T01A	Report Casualties

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey (03-2-3008.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is conducting operations in an area where nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) weapons have been initiated. The commander needs to determine the presence of (or information on) radiological, chemical, or biological hazards in the area of operational concern. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The commander and operations section plan a reconnaissance or survey mission for the company organic reconnaissance element. The plan is issued with two-thirds planning time remaining for the element. The plan must be detailed and feasible for the element to perform. If the situation and location permit, the commander supervises the preparation and execution.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The element leader receives and analyzes the mission and identifies all unit tasks.</li> <li>* 2. The element leader issues a warning order (WO) as soon as possible to subordinate leaders.</li> <li>* 3. The element leader and the operations section make a tentative plan based on mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC) factors.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Planned reconnaissance or survey techniques, locations, turn-back dose rates (radiological missions), decontamination after the reconnaissance or survey, fire support, reporting procedures, logistical support, and leader and signal information.</li> <li>b. Coordinated for intelligence information, air- or indirect-fire support, and medical support and coordinated the element plan with units in the area of operations, if necessary.</li> <li>c. Drew, stocked, or coordinated petroleum, oils, and lubricants (POL); ammunition; MOPP gear; Classes II and VII support; and maintenance/recovery/Class IX support for the platoon.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 4. The element leader orders units to start movement, if necessary.</li> <li>* 5. The element leader reconnoiters the operations area and performs a map reconnaissance as a minimum.</li> <li>* 6. The element leader completes the plan and issues the operation order (OPORD) with two-thirds of the total planning time remaining for the platoon.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 7. The element leader supervises preparations of the reconnaissance or survey if the location of operations permits. Communications, supply, and maintenance sections assist the platoons with priority maintenance and resupply support.</p> <p>8. The element conducts a tactical road march or executes a traveling movement to the reconnaissance or survey site. The reconnaissance or survey element—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Executed a mounted movement technique (traveling, traveling overwatch, or bounding overwatch) or reconnoitered dismounted, as the situation and or mission required.</li> <li>b. Detected and marked the contaminated area, ensuring that marking signs were facing toward friendly areas. Detected uncontaminated areas and routes. Selected decontamination sites with a water source, cover and concealment, and the physical capacity to hold a site if required to perform reconnaissance for decontamination sites as a mission.</li> <li>c. Determined the limits of the contaminated area. Detected the types of chemical agents or specific levels and types of radiological contamination as required by the mission.</li> </ul> <p>9. The headquarters (HQ), if prescribed by the mission, assists the reconnaissance or survey unit recovery operations.</p> <p>*10. The element leader or operations officer, if prescribed by the mission, debriefs the returning reconnaissance or survey units and forwards the acquired information to higher HQ in NBC 4 or NBC 5 format, if required.</p> <p>*11. The radiological element leaders record, collate, and submit individual and unit radiation exposure status (RES) readings to higher HQ.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-3-0118	Conduct Minesweeping Operations
05-3-0904.05-R01A	Establish Jobsite Security
05-3-1220	Conduct Fire and Maneuver Operations
05-3-1239	Plan and Control Indirect Fire
07-2-1125.05-T01A	Conduct Passage of Lines (Passing/Stationary)
07-2-1301.05-T01A	Conduct a Convoy
07-3-C211.05-T01A	Move Tactically

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions (03-3-C201.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-3) (FM 3-4)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Higher headquarters (HQ) informs the unit that opposing forces (OPFOR) are conducting NBC warfare in the area. NBC equipment has been issued. Soldiers carry protective masks with their load-carrying equipment (LCE), having mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) gear readily available (within the work area). This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element uses collective protection or takes measures to limit the effects of NBC attacks and/or contamination and continues the mission.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader checks the accountability and serviceability of the NBC defense equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that the NBC detection equipment was issued to trained operators.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the NBC detection equipment was employed and operating within 15 minutes.</li> <li>c. Identified equipment shortages.</li> <li>d. Took action to obtain replacement equipment.</li> </ul> <p>2. The element assumes MOPP levels as directed by higher HQ or as the NBC situation dictates and is prepared to operate at the time specified in the operation order (OPORD).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Donned masks and hoods within 15 seconds.</li> <li>b. Assumed MOPP4 within 8 minutes.</li> </ul> <p>3. Soldiers take actions to protect themselves against an NBC attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Set up and used collective protective shelters (if available).</li> <li>b. Prepared protective shelters, such as foxholes with overhead cover.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. The element leader adjusts the MOPP level using MOPP analysis.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received and analyzed the enemy NBC threat capability. Took the following into consideration:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Was the unit targeted or could it be targeted?</li> <li>(2) Did the enemy have the capability to deliver chemical or nuclear weapons?</li> <li>(3) When or where could the enemy most likely deliver the chemical or nuclear weapons?</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Collected and analyzed weather data. Took the following into consideration:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Was it day or night?</li> <li>(2) What were current weather conditions (see the chemical downwind message [CDM] or weather report)?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
(3) What were weather conditions 2, 4, and 6 hours in the future (see the CDM or weather report)? c. Analyzed the element status and mission. Took the following into consideration: (1) What was the mission? (2) What was the work rate? (3) How long did the work take? (4) What were the training and physical levels of the unit? (5) How long did it take to warn all the soldiers of an NBC attack?		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Prepare for a Chemical Attack (03-3-C202.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-4)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Opposing forces (OPFOR) are conducting chemical warfare or intelligence indicates its use is imminent. Higher headquarters (HQ) directs implementation of actions to minimize casualties and limit contamination. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Unit personnel assume mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4 within 8 minutes and complete preparation efforts before the attack or its effects reach their location. The element protects its personnel, equipment, food, and water and continues its mission. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The unit leader issues a warning order.</p> <p>2. Unit personnel start defensive preparations for a chemical attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed MOPP4 within 8 minutes after notification.</li> <li>b. Attached M9 detector paper to their right arms, left wrists, either their right or left ankles, and the vehicles.</li> <li>c. Conducted MOPP field sanitation procedures.</li> <li>d. Emplaced chemical-agent alarms upwind of their position.</li> </ul> <p>3. Unit personnel prepare fighting positions or shelters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used existing, natural, or man-made facilities (such as caves, ditches, culverts, and tunnels) as fighting positions and shelters.</li> <li>b. Dug fighting positions and bunkers with overhead cover.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Fighting positions should have overhead cover, consisting of a minimum of 18 inches of soil, if time permits.</b></p> <p>* 4. The noncommissioned officers (NCOs) check personnel and fighting positions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that personnel were at MOPP4.</li> <li>b. Ensured that individual and element fighting positions were hardened with sandbags and overhead cover.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The unit leader takes additional actions consistent with the tactical situation by increasing, decreasing, or modifying the MOPP level.</p>		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Respond to a Chemical Attack (03-3-C203.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-3)  
 (FM 3-5)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is deployed in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 2. Intelligence indicates that opposing forces (OPFOR) have initiated chemical warfare. The automatic alarm sounds or the detector paper changes color, causing the unit to react. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The soldiers sound the alarm (vocal or nonvocal), immediately assume MOPP4, and use available shelter to prevent further exposure to contamination. The unit reacts to the chemical alarm within 9 seconds.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. Unit leaders ensure that soldiers react to the sound of the chemical-agent alarm or recognize the indicators of a chemical or biological attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Gave the alarm (vocal or nonvocal).</li> <li>b. Ensured that soldiers put on their protective masks within 9 seconds.</li> <li>c. Assumed MOPP4 as soon as possible.</li> <li>d. Sought additional shelter, if available.</li> <li>e. Administered a nerve agent antidote (buddy aid) to other soldiers with symptoms of nerve agent poisoning (if applicable).</li> <li>f. Administered nerve agent antidotes to selves (if applicable).</li> <li>g. Checked soldiers to ensure that protective measures were followed.</li> </ul> <p>2. Soldiers take additional protective measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Protected exposed equipment and supplies.</li> <li>b. Monitored the area by testing it with detector kits.</li> <li>c. Applied prevention procedures, such as marking contaminated areas.</li> </ul> <p>3. Soldiers conduct immediate decontamination.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Conducted skin decontamination.</li> <li>b. Wiped down personal equipment with M291 or M280 decontamination kits.</li> <li>c. Conducted operator spray down of equipment.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. Unit leaders initiate unmasking procedures and report to higher headquarters (HQ).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that casualties were provided with medical care.</li> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Submitted a nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) 1 report to higher HQ immediately.</li> <li>d. Continued the mission or requested movement to an alternate location.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
12-1-0403.05-T01A	Report Casualties

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike (03-3-C205.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit receives a strike warning message from higher headquarters (HQ) directing specific actions to be implemented. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit completes preparations within 30 minutes of a friendly nuclear-strike warning. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>1. The designated radio operator acknowledges the strike warning message.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Authenticated the call.</li> <li>b. Acknowledged the warning by returning the message.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The unit leader issues a warning order.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Warned subordinate and affected units.</li> <li>b. Ensured that subordinates executed actions as directed.</li> </ul> <p>3. Soldiers complete actions before detonation occurs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Placed vehicles and equipment for the best terrain shielding (hill masses, slopes, culverts, depressions).</li> <li>b. Disconnected nonessential electronic equipment.</li> <li>c. Tied down essential antennas.</li> <li>d. Took down nonessential antennas and antenna leads.</li> <li>e. Improved shelters with consideration for blast, thermal, and radiation effects.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Add sandbags to shelters, foxholes, or tents in the direction of the strike. Cover openings or position them away from the strike.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>f. Zeroed dosimeters.</li> <li>g. Digital units ensured that the systems were prepared according to the unit tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP).</li> <li>h. Secured loose, flammable, or explosive items and food or water containers to protect them from nuclear-weapons effects.</li> </ul>		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Prepare for a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C206.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit receives notice that a nuclear attack is probable and must initiate actions to minimize casualties and damage. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit hardens and shields positions and equipment and conducts periodic monitoring. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
* 1. The unit leader issues a warning order to subordinate units, ensuring that all soldiers understand the order.  2. The unit begins defensive preparation for a nuclear attack. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Placed vehicles and equipment where the terrain shielding was best (hill masses, slopes, culverts, depressions).</li> <li>b. Turned off and disconnected nonessential electronic equipment according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</li> <li>c. Tied down essential antennas.</li> <li>d. Took down nonessential antenna leads according to the unit SOP or other guidance.</li> <li>e. Improved shelters with consideration for blast, thermal, and radiation effects.</li> <li>f. Zeroed dosimeters.</li> <li>g. Secured loose, flammable, or explosive items and food or water containers to protect them from nuclear-weapons effects.</li> <li>h. Took cover in hardened shelters (if available).</li> <li>i. Used field-expedient shelters.</li> </ul> 3. The unit takes additional actions consistent with the tactical situation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Continued periodic monitoring.</li> <li>b. Reported all dose rate and dosimeter readings to higher headquarters (HQ).</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area (03-3-C208.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-3) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-4)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit receives orders to cross a radiologically contaminated area. The approximate boundaries of the area are known or marked. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit crosses the contaminated area by the shortest, fastest route available without incurring radiation casualties or spreading contamination.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. Unit leaders prepare for the crossing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Directed individuals to cover their noses and mouths with handkerchiefs or clean rags, roll their sleeves down, and wear gloves.</li> <li>b. Received operational-exposure guidance (OEG) from the commander (turn-back dose rate).</li> <li>c. Ensured that radiac equipment operators checked the instruments.</li> </ul> <p>2. The unit prepares for the crossing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified extra shielding requirements (for example, used sandbags on the vehicle floor).</li> <li>b. Placed externally stored equipment inside the vehicle or covered it with available material.</li> <li>c. Started continuous monitoring.</li> </ul> <p>3. The unit crosses the area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Avoided stirring up dust.</li> <li>b. Kept out of the dust cloud by increasing the intervals and distances between vehicles.</li> <li>c. Conducted movement as rapidly as possible (tracked vehicles should have been buttoned up).</li> </ul> <p>4. The unit performs immediate decontamination of personnel and equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked for casualties.</li> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Conducted necessary decontamination.</li> <li>d. Evacuated casualties.</li> <li>e. Continued the mission.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** React to Smoke Operations (03-3-C209.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-50)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit encounters friendly or enemy smoke while conducting operations. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit exploits the threat smoke or employs friendly smoke to conceal its own activities and continues the mission. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The unit does not allow smoke to impede the performance of the mission.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed its mission in the presence of smoke.</li> <li>b. Exploited threat smoke to conceal its own movements.</li> <li>c. Moved to alternate positions to reduce the effects of the threat use of smoke.</li> <li>d. Considered using countersmoke to conceal their own activities.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. The unit employs organic smoke grenade launchers, smoke pots, and smoke hand grenades.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated smoke operations with the unit commander or the supported unit.</li> <li>b. Determined the wind direction and speed.</li> <li>c. Determined where to release the smoke and where it would travel.</li> <li>d. Determined the duration of the smoke operations.</li> <li>e. Determined the effects of weather conditions on the smoke plan.</li> <li>f. Ensured that the smoke covered an area larger than the unit position.</li> <li>g. Requested smoke support from other units (if organic systems would not accomplish the task).</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The unit uses target acquisition and guidance systems.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined what available target acquisition and guidance systems were effective in the smoke.</li> <li>b. Requested and used target acquisition and guidance systems that were effective in the smoke.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 4. The noncommissioned officer in charge (NCOIC) requests a resupply of smoke munitions when required.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Requested smoke grenades and smoke pots.</li> <li>b. Distributed smoke grenades and smoke pots.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Respond to the Residual Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C222.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is located within a predicted fallout area. The mission does not allow movement from the predicted fallout area. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit takes actions to minimize exposure to residual radiation.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. Unit leaders prepare the unit for fallout.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that individuals covered their noses and mouths with handkerchiefs or clean rags, rolled their sleeves down, and wore gloves.</li> <li>b. Covered equipment; munitions; petroleum, oils, and lubricants (POL); and food and water containers or placed them inside shelters or vehicles.</li> <li>c. Used shelters, closed vehicles, or available shielding to protect personnel from fallout.</li> <li>d. Ensured that continuous monitoring was maintained using available nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) detection and identification equipment.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Designated personnel monitor fallout.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained total-dose information using available total-dose instruments.</li> <li>b. Ensured that exposure was minimized while the commander determined if relocation to a clean area was necessary or possible.</li> <li>c. Calculated the optimum time of exit.</li> <li>d. Sent NBC 4 reports to higher headquarters (HQ) using secure means when possible.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. The unit leader develops a contingency plan.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used guidance from higher HQ based on the mission and previous radiation exposure.</li> <li>b. Planned for rotation of individuals to minimize exposure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 4. The unit leader submits reports according to unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</li> </ul>		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1M</b>	<b>2M</b>	<b>3M</b>	<b>4M</b>	<b>5M</b>		<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Respond to the Initial Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C223.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Soldiers observe a brilliant flash of light and/or a mushroom-shaped cloud. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit takes action to minimize exposure to the initial effects of a nuclear detonation in its area and continues its mission.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>1. Soldiers take immediate protective actions in response to a nuclear attack.</p> <p>a. Without warning, soldiers—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Closed their eyes immediately.</li> <li>(2) Dropped to the ground in a prone position, with their head toward the blast (if in the hatch of an armored vehicle, immediately dropped down inside the vehicle).</li> <li>(3) Kept their heads and their faces down and helmets on.</li> <li>(4) Remained in a prone position until the blast wave passed and all debris stopped falling.</li> </ul> <p>b. With warning, soldiers—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Identified the best available shelter, such as fighting positions or inside shelters.</li> <li>(2) Moved to the shelter.</li> <li>(3) Took actions to protect themselves from the blast and radiation.</li> <li>(4) Kept clothing loosely fitted and their headgear on at all times.</li> <li>(5) Protected their eyes and minimized exposed skin areas.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. Leaders reorganize the unit.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reestablished the chain of command.</li> <li>b. Reestablished communications.</li> <li>c. Submitted a nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) 1 report to higher headquarters (HQ).</li> <li>d. Treated casualties.</li> <li>e. Reported casualties.</li> <li>f. Evacuated casualties.</li> <li>g. Evaluated facilities for protection from residual radiation.</li> <li>h. Implemented continuous monitoring.</li> <li>i. Submitted a damage assessment to higher HQ.</li> <li>j. Initiated an area damage control plan, as required.</li> <li>k. Extinguished all fires.</li> </ul> <p>* 3. Leaders ensure that weapon systems are operational.</p> <p>4. Soldiers right overturned vehicles.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
a. Checked for loss of coolant, fuel, and battery fluids. b. Performed operator maintenance to restore moderately damaged vehicles to combat use.  5. Soldiers improve cover. a. Chose dense covering material. b. Covered in depth. c. Provided strong support. d. Covered as much of the opening as practical.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Conduct Operational Decontamination (03-3-C224.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-5) (FM 3-11.11)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is operating in a contaminated environment and/or is contaminated. Performance degradation from mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4 is increasing, and protective gear is in danger of penetration by contamination. Time and the tactical situation permit the element to conduct operational decontamination. Replacement protective gear is available for each soldier. For a nonsupported decontamination, element decontamination equipment and supplies are available and operational. For a supported decontamination, a decontamination element is available, operational, and tasked to provide decontamination support. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit decontaminates its individual gear and conducts MOPP gear exchange (using the buddy system) without sustaining additional casualties from nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) contamination. The unit limits the contamination transfer hazard by removing gross chemical contamination on equipment and minimizes contamination on soldiers according to Field Manual (FM) 3-5. The unit reduces radiological contamination to negligible risk levels according to FM 3-5 and reduces chemical and biological contamination to accelerate the weathering process and eventually provide temporary relief from MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The contaminated unit determines the extent of contamination and establishes decontamination priorities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received input from staff and subordinate leaders.</li> <li>b. Established decontamination priorities.</li> </ul> <p>2. The contaminated unit submits a request for decontamination to higher headquarters (HQ). The request, as a minimum, included the—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Contaminated element designation.</li> <li>b. Contaminated element location.</li> <li>c. Contaminated element frequency and call sign.</li> <li>d. Time that the element became contaminated.</li> <li>e. Number of vehicles and equipment, by type, that were contaminated.</li> <li>f. Type of contamination.</li> <li>g. Special requirements (such as a patient decontamination station, recovery assets, and a element decontamination team).</li> </ul> <p>* 3. The contaminated unit leader coordinates with higher HQ.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Obtained permission to conduct decontamination and obtain the necessary support.</li> <li>b. Selected a linkup point to meet supporting units (a company supply section, a company or battalion power-driven decontamination equipment [PDDE] crew, or a decontamination squad or platoon).</li> <li>c. Coordinated with supporting units.</li> <li>d. Requested replacement MOPP gear.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>e. Coordinated with supporting units to determine if they would also conduct a MOPP gear exchange.</p> <p>* 4. The contaminated unit leader and NBC specialist select a site to conduct the operation, ensuring that the site selected—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided adequate overhead concealment.</li> <li>b. Provided good drainage.</li> <li>c. Provided easy access and exit (but off the main routes).</li> <li>d. Provided the proximity to a water source large enough to support vehicle wash down.</li> <li>e. Provided an area large enough to accommodate units involved in the operational decontamination (100 square meters for both the vehicle washdown site and the MOPP gear exchange site).</li> </ol> <p>5. The contaminated unit coordinates for operational decontamination support (a company or battalion PDDE crew or a decontamination unit).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Requested operational decontamination support.</li> <li>b. Notified higher HQ of the area for the operational decontamination.</li> <li>c. Established communications with the decontamination element.</li> <li>d. Ensured that the decontamination element knew the locations of the linkup and the selected decontamination sites.</li> </ol> <p>6. The contaminated element and supporting elements move to the decontamination site.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Met at the linkup point as coordinated.</li> <li>b. Provided security at both the linkup point and the decontamination site by the contaminated element.</li> </ol> <p>7. The elements prepare for operational decontamination.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Set up the decontamination site. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) The supporting decontamination element crew set up the vehicle washdown site.</li> <li>(2) The contaminated unit set up the MOPP gear exchange site not less than 50 meters upwind of the vehicle washdown site.</li> <li>(3) The remainder of the element prepared its equipment for decontamination.</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Conducted preparatory actions in the predecontamination area. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Vehicle crews (except for the operators) dismounted unless they had an operational overpressure system and an uncontaminated interior.</li> <li>(2) Dismounted crews removed mud and camouflage from the vehicles.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><b>NOTE: The contaminated element provides personnel to do this when the crews do not dismount.</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(3) Separated vehicles and dismounted crews. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Ensured that vehicle operators were briefed (included the use of overhead cover and concealment and the proper intervals).</li> <li>(b) Ensured that vehicles were buttoned up; for example, all doors, hatches, and other openings were closed or covered.</li> </ol> </li> <li>(4) Moved vehicles (with operators) to the vehicle washdown site.</li> <li>(5) Moved dismounted crews and all other soldiers in the contaminated unit to the MOPP gear exchange site.</li> </ol> <p>* 8. The noncommissioned officer in charge (NCOIC) of the decontamination element supervises the operation of the vehicle washdown site, ensuring that vehicle operators—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the proper interval between vehicles while processing through the washdown station.</li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>b. Washed vehicles.</p> <p>(1) Started at the top and worked down.</p> <p>(2) Sprayed hot, soapy water for 2 to 3 minutes per vehicle.</p> <p>(3) Monitored water consumption.</p> <p>c. Moved to the assembly area (AA) after the vehicle wash down.</p> <p>d. Moved to the MOPP gear exchange site and conducted MOPP gear exchange.</p> <p>9. The contaminated element conducts MOPP gear exchange.</p> <p>a. Prepared the equipment decontamination station (with supertropical bleach [STB] dry mix).</p> <p>b. Briefed MOPP gear exchange participants on procedures to be followed.</p> <p>c. Placed the decontaminated individual equipment on a clean surface (such as plastic, a poncho, or similar material).</p> <p>d. Exchanged MOPP gear using the buddy system.</p> <p>e. Moved soldiers to the AA after completing MOPP gear exchange.</p> <p><b>NOTES:</b></p> <p><b>1. Ensure that the supporting units have the opportunity to use the MOPP gear exchange site before proceeding.</b></p> <p><b>2. The supporting decontamination element cleans and marks the site and reports the area of contamination (using an NBC 4 report) to higher HQ.</b></p> <p>*10. Element leaders account for all personnel and equipment after completing the operational decontamination.</p> <p>*11. The contaminated element leader reports to higher HQ.</p> <p>a. Reported the completion and location of the vehicle washdown and MOPP gear exchange decontamination sites.</p> <p>b. Requested permission to perform unmasking procedures if, through testing, no hazards were detected.</p> <p>c. Determined the adequacy of decontamination and adjusted the MOPP level (after obtaining approval from higher HQ).</p> <p>12. The contaminated element continues the mission.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Cross a Chemically Contaminated Area (03-3-C226.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is en route to a new location on a designated route. The unit cannot move off that route and still complete its assigned mission. The unit discovers contamination on the route and is directed to cross the contaminated area. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit crosses the contaminated area without suffering chemical-agent casualties.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The unit leader selects a route across the contaminated area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Employed a nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) 5 (chemical) report and/or reconnaissance reports to select a route.</li> <li>b. Selected a route that minimized exposure consistent with the mission.</li> <li>c. Obtained a route clearance and approval.</li> </ul> <p>2. The unit prepares to cross the area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4 for crossing the area.</li> <li>b. Ensured that all drivers, vehicle commanders, and leaders knew the march route or had strip maps.</li> <li>c. Ensured that all vehicles were buttoned up (mounted movement).</li> <li>d. Placed externally stored equipment inside the vehicle or covered it with available material.</li> <li>e. Attached M9 detector paper to soldiers and vehicles to provide warning of contamination.</li> </ul> <p>3. The unit crosses the area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Avoided low ground, overhanging branches, and brush to the extent allowed by the tactical situation.</li> <li>b. Conducted dismounted movement, if necessary, as rapidly as possible.</li> <li>c. Crossed the area as quickly and carefully as possible.</li> </ul> <p>4. The unit exits the contaminated area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked for casualties.</li> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Conducted necessary decontamination.</li> <li>d. Continued the mission.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
12-1-0403.05-T01A	Report Casualties

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Defend a Convoy Against a Ground Attack (05-2-0911)  
 (FM 55-30) (FM 21-75) (FM 24-19)  
 (FM 24-35) (FM 24-35-1) (FM 3-90.1)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** In a contemporary operating environment the unit is conducting a convoy. The operation order (OPORD) and the rules of engagement (ROE) provide guidance for the mission and actions to take upon contact. The enemy squad- to platoon-size force attacks the main body of the convoy. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The convoy protects itself and attacks or disengages from the enemy. The convoy minimizes casualties or damage by taking immediate action. Digital units send and receive orders and reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means to conduct combat operations. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader prepares for combat operations.  <b>NOTE: Digital units set stale settings to provide current friendly and enemy unit locations.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designated and positioned the security elements throughout the convoy (front, rear, and flank).</li> <li>b. Established radio communications with security elements.</li> <li>c. Designated actions upon enemy contact (action front, left, right, or rear; air attack; or indirect fire).</li> <li>d. Assigned each armed vehicle a sector of fire for the movement, and ensured that the convoy had 360° coverage while moving.</li> <li>e. Designated en route rally points and the actions to be taken at those points.</li> <li>f. Coordinated with the battalion Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) for indirect fire along the planned route.</li> <li>g. Received an update from the battalion Intelligence Officer (US Army) (S2) on probable enemy actions influencing the convoy route or the mission.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Digital units receive updated intelligence information through the Force XXI Command Brigade and Below (FBCB2) System or the Maneuver Control System (MCS).</b></p> <p>2. The element prepares for combat operations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Loaded vehicles, stowed or tied down all loose equipment, and ensured that there was enough space to bring weapons to bear.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Air guards are present.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Ensured that weapons were functional and had their basic load of ammunition.</li> <li>c. Rehearsed the procedures for enemy contact before the start point (SP).</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>d. Ensured that each vehicle commander knew the route and all standing operating procedures (SOPs).</p> <p>3. The convoy reacts to enemy contact.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Scanned the area for the enemy and returned fire at identified enemy positions.</li> <li>b. Sought available cover.</li> <li>c. Maneuvered vehicles to allow the gunner to engage the enemy and moved all unarmed vehicles to cover.</li> <li>d. Provided suppressive gunnery fire on the enemy.</li> <li>e. Deployed the security teams and reported the situation to the element leader.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. The element leader develops the situation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Initiated fire and maneuver.</li> <li>b. Requested indirect-fire support.</li> <li>c. Sought information on the enemy strength, composition, and disposition.</li> <li>d. Evaluated the direction and volume of the enemy fire, confirmed or suspected enemy positions, and the terrain capacity for the masking forces.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The element leader selects a course of action based on mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC) and the developing situation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maneuvered to attack the enemy flank.</li> <li>b. Conducted a frontal assault.</li> <li>c. Broke contact and moved away from the enemy position by fire and maneuver.</li> </ul> <p>6. The security element engages the enemy (within capabilities).</p> <p>* 7. The element leader reports the tactical situation to higher headquarters (HQ).</p> <p>8. The element reorganizes and resumes its convoy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reconstituted the security force.</li> <li>b. Treated and evacuated casualties.</li> <li>c. Reported casualties.</li> <li>d. Redistributed ammunition and equipment.</li> <li>e. Recovered any damaged equipment or destroyed it in place.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
052-194-3500	Conduct a Patrol
071-326-5505	Issue an Oral Operation Order

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
071-326-5605	Control Movement of a Fire Team
071-326-5611	Conduct the Maneuver of a Squad

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
07-2-1301.05-T01A	Conduct a Convoy
07-3-1112.05-T01A	React to an Ambush
10-2-0318.05-T01A	Perform Unit Graves Registration (GRREG) Operations

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** React to Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) (09-2-0337.05-T01A)  
 (FM 21-16)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** During combat operations, the unit encounters a UXO hazard. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element reacts to the UXO hazard while continuing the mission, without loss of personnel or equipment. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The element recognizes the UXO hazard.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the UXO by type.</li> <li>b. Identified the UXO by subgroup.</li> <li>c. Observed all safety precautions.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 2. The element leader takes immediate action for the UXO hazard.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Evacuated the area as appropriate.</li> <li>b. Determined the appropriate action.                                     <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Avoided the UXO hazard.</li> <li>(2) Instituted protective measures.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>* 3. The element leader designates the element to mark the area.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Chose leaders to mark the area.</li> <li>b. Briefed leaders on the area to be marked.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 4. The element marks the UXO hazard.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Marked all the logical approach routes.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the UXO was visible from all markers.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 5. The element reports the UXO hazard.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Initiated the UXO spot report.</li> <li>b. Determined the priority based on the current situation.</li> <li>c. Forwarded the report to the next higher headquarters (HQ) by the fastest means available.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Employ Physical Security Measures (19-3-2204.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19.30) (FM 3-19.4)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** An opposing forces (OPFOR) squad-size patrol attempts reconnaissance or intrusion into the command post (CP) perimeter. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element maintains 24-hour security in its assigned sector and is not surprised by the OPFOR.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
* 1. The element leader prepares a physical security plan. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Controlled the entry of vehicles into the CP.</li> <li>b. Developed procedures for selecting and manning perimeter positions.</li> <li>c. Developed procedures for detecting and reporting OPFOR intrusion or observation of the CP perimeter.</li> <li>d. Controlled access to the element defensive areas.</li> <li>e. Established communications links between observation posts (OPs) and the reaction force.</li> <li>f. Developed procedures for initial response to ground attacks.</li> </ul> 2. The element operates a guard force. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established communications with the guard commander.</li> <li>b. Stopped unauthorized entry into restricted areas.</li> <li>c. Conducted random exterior patrols to find and neutralize OPFOR intruders before they breached the CP perimeter.</li> </ul> 3. The element reacts to an OPFOR ground attack. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed preplanned positions.</li> <li>b. Denied intrusion into the CP perimeter.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

ARTEP 5-617-10-MTP

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Use Passive Air Defense Measures (44-1-C220.05-T01A)  
 (FM 44-100) (FM 44-64) (FM 44-8)  
 (FM 44-80)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is in a tactical position. Hostile aerial platforms (rotary-wing, fixed-wing, or unmanned aerial vehicles [UAVs]) have been operating in the general area. The element weapon control status (WCS) is weapons hold. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The opposing forces (OPFOR) element aerial platforms (rotary-wing, fixed-wing, and UAVs) do not detect the unit. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader uses passive air defense measures in a tactical position.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used all available resources (camouflage, cover, concealment, and dispersion) to hide personnel and equipment to limit vulnerability.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: The unit achieves air situational awareness (SA) by monitoring with simplified handheld terminal units (SHTUs).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Covered or shaded any shiny items, particularly windshields and optics.</li> <li>c. Established and rehearsed the air attack alarms.</li> <li>d. Dispersed vehicles, tents, and supplies to reduce vulnerability to an air attack.</li> <li>e. Constructed field fortifications with organic equipment as necessary to protect personnel and vulnerable mission-essential equipment.</li> <li>f. Manned observation posts (OPs), daytime or nighttime, to provide warning of approaching aerial platforms.</li> <li>g. Established a listening watch on the air defense early warning net, if the equipment was available and operational.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The element leader uses passive air defense measures in a convoy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that all personnel received the convoy commander's briefing.</li> <li>b. Camouflaged vehicles and equipment before moving out.</li> <li>c. Selected a column interval based on instructions, the mission, and the terrain.</li> <li>d. Placed crew-served weapons throughout the convoy to cover the avenues of approach (front, rear, and flank).</li> <li>e. Assigned soldiers to air guard duties with specific search sectors covering 360°.</li> <li>f. Identified threat aerial platforms visually.</li> <li>g. Reported all aircraft actions to the higher headquarters (HQ).</li> <li>h. Established and rehearsed the air attack alarms.</li> </ul> <p>3. Element personnel use passive air defense measures when occupying or displacing a position.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
a. Maintained the vehicle interval specified in the movement order. b. Staggered vehicles to avoid linear patterns. c. Assigned air guards to the sectors of search that covered 360°, and maintained the coverage until the convoy completed the movement. d. Identified threat aerial platforms visually. e. Reported all aircraft actions to higher HQ. f. Established the vehicle order of precedence.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company  
 Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Perform Risk Management Procedures (71-2-0326.05-T01A)  
 (AR 385-10) (FM 3-0) (FM 7-0)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is deployed, performing its combat mission. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Leaders and soldiers are aware of potential safety problems when conducting the task. The element trains to standard and does not take shortcuts that endanger element members. All risks taken are necessary to accomplish the training objectives. Appropriate measures are taken to minimize risks. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander identifies the risk or safety hazards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Analyzed the operation plan (OPLAN), the fragmentary order (FRAGO), and the operation order (OPORD) for specified and implied missions (tasks).</li> <li>b. Integrated safety into every phase of the planning process.</li> <li>c. Assessed the risks before issuing a FRAGO when the mission or conditions changed.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. Leaders evaluate the risk or safety hazards identified in the operation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Compared the risk to the acceptable level of risk in the commander's intent, based on the stated training objective.</li> <li>b. Determined the likelihood of equipment and personnel losses from accidents.</li> <li>c. Described the operation in terms of high, medium, or low risk.</li> <li>d. Prepared courses of action (COAs) that minimized accidental losses.</li> </ul> <p>* 3. The commander (or leaders) eliminates or reduces the risk or safety hazards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Chose a COA that maximized the operation and minimized the risk.</li> <li>b. Developed procedures that reduced the risk or safety hazards.</li> <li>c. Prescribed the safety or protective equipment.</li> <li>d. Briefed the elements before all operations.</li> </ul> <p>4. The element carries out safety procedures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received safety briefings before all operations.</li> <li>b. Practiced the safety procedures during all mission rehearsals.</li> <li>c. Made on-spot safety corrections.</li> </ul>		
<p><b>NOTES:</b>  <b>1. Safety is a part of realism, and realism includes building safety into the training so that safe practices, which eliminate accidents, become second nature during war (refer to Field Manual [FM] 7-0).</b></p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>2. FM 3-0 emphasizes the need for boldness and that commanders must take "risks and tenaciously press soldiers and systems" as an imperative of the battle. However, such an imperative is founded on the premise that protecting the force to the maximum extent possible ensures winning the battle. Risk is an expression of possible loss over a specific period of time or number of operational cycles as defined by the Center for Army Safety.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Perform a Distribution System Installation Survey (05-3-5710)  
 (FM 5-422)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is conducting continuous operations and receives a mission for installing a distribution system (organic and/or nonorganic). Liaison operations are performed. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element leader receives a warning order (WO) and determines the exact nature of the mission. The element deploys to the site of mission and conducts a complete distribution system installation survey within the time allotted in the order.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The survey team leader receives a mission in a WO.</li> <li>2. The survey team deploys to the site of the mission survey.</li> <li>* 3. The survey team leader verifies specifications of the mission.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included requester identification (name, location, and contact information).</li> <li>b. Identified technical support required for performing the work (electrical, instrumentation, and lineman).</li> <li>c. Determined dates of the mission and possible conflicts.</li> <li>d. Determined potential hostile threat in the area.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. The survey team performs a work project hazards analysis.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified potential mechanical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>b. Identified potential electrical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>c. Identified potential chemical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>d. Identified environmental concerns and protective measures.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 5. The survey team leader performs a work project safety briefing.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included requirements for wearing proper individual safety equipment and clothing.</li> <li>b. Included requirements for individual safe conduct on the job.</li> <li>c. Included requirements for safe hazardous materials handling.</li> <li>d. Included safe clearance requirements.</li> <li>e. Included job hazard assessment driving safety.</li> <li>f. identified environmental concerns.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. The survey team performs a distribution system (organic and/or nonorganic) installation survey.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Surveyed an aerial (overhead) distribution system.                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Route is surveyed, cleared, and staked.</li> <li>(2) Route horizontal clearance was consistent with clearance distance for the applied voltage level.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(3) Route was accessible to line construction vehicles.</li> <li>(4) Power line layout observed established layout rules.</li> <li>(5) System arrangement (ring or radial) was correct.</li> <li>(6) Utility pole spacing was consistent with recommended pole spacing and span limitations.</li> <li>(7) Utility pole selection was consistent with recommended specification as determined by the pole application.</li> <li>(8) Specification and application for cross arms, side arms, buck arms, and secondary racks were correct.</li> <li>(9) Specifications for conductor sagging and spacing were correct.</li> <li>(10) Specifications for guying and anchoring utility poles were correct.</li> <li>b. Surveyed underground distribution system.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Route was surveyed, cleared, and staked.</li> <li>(2) Route was accessible to line construction vehicles.</li> <li>(3) Power line layout observed established layout rules.</li> <li>(4) System arrangement (ring or radial) was correct.</li> <li>(5) Trenching was prepared to a proper depth and width.</li> <li>(6) Manhole positioning observed recommended spacing and application.</li> <li>(7) Transformer vault sizing and positioning observed recommended application.</li> <li>(8) Service box positioning observed recommended spacing and application.</li> <li>(9) Installation specifications of ducts were correct.                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Length of individual runs.</li> <li>(b) Grading (slope) of runs.</li> <li>(c) Spacing between ducts.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(10) Duct sizing was consistent with requirements for the size of cable to be installed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>c. Surveyed surface-laid distribution system.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Route was surveyed, cleared, and marked.</li> <li>(2) Route was accessible to materials handling equipment.</li> <li>(3) Power line layout observed established layout rules.</li> <li>(4) System arrangement (ring or radial) was correct.</li> <li>(5) Specifications, application, and requirements for protective barriers were correct.</li> </ul> </li> <li>d. Surveyed distribution system electrical equipment.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Specifications and application of conductors.</li> <li>(2) Specifications and application of switches.</li> <li>(3) Specifications and application of fuses.</li> <li>(4) Specifications and application of lightning arrestors.</li> <li>(5) Specifications and application of power transformers:                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Voltage rating.</li> <li>(b) Step up or step down.</li> <li>(c) Current rating (continuous and/or short circuit).</li> <li>(d) Connecting requirements and additive of subtractive polarity (boost or buck) single phase.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(6) Specifications and application of power quality management equipment (line voltage regulator and power factor correction capacitors).</li> <li>(7) Specifications and application of protective relays (when used).</li> <li>(8) System phasing requirements (delta or wye).</li> <li>(9) Types of secondary distribution circuits.</li> </ul> </li> <li>e. Prepared an estimate of the further scope of work required.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Access road upgrade and/or construction.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
(2) Access environmental concerns and protective measures. (3) Access equipment grounding electrode R.  * 7. The survey team leader assesses administrative support requirements. a. Determined the funding for personnel, equipment, and expendable bill of materials (BOM). b. Reviewed the maps and area specifications (special dangers or restrictions). c. Identified the lodging availability. d. Determined the BOM required to support the mission and materials available.  * 8. The survey team leader reports survey findings to the element leader for further action.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Perform a Power Distribution System Maintenance Survey (05-3-5713)  
 (FM 5-422)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is conducting continuous operations and receives a mission to perform a distribution system (organic and/or nonorganic) maintenance survey. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element leader receives a warning order (WO) and determines the exact nature of the assignment. The element deploys to the site of the mission and conducts a complete distribution system maintenance survey within the time allotted in the order.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
* 1. The survey team leader receives a mission in a WO. 2. The survey team deploys to the site of the mission survey. 3. The survey team verifies specifications of the mission. a. Included requester identification (name, location, and contact information). b. Identified dates of the mission and possible conflicts. c. Determined potential hostile threat in the area. 4. The survey team performs a work project hazards analysis. a. Identified potential mechanical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures. b. Identified potential electrical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures. c. Identified potential chemical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures. d. Identified environmental concerns and protective measures. 5. The survey team performs a distribution system (organic and/or nonorganic) maintenance survey. a. Validated the type of distribution system. (1) Overhead (aerial). (2) Underground. (3) Surface-laid. b. Verified equipment operation and maintenance publications availability. c. Verified equipment maintenance historical records availability. d. Verified the type of maintenance required. (1) Inspection. (2) Schedule. (3) Breakdown. e. Determined the repair parts and materials required. f. Determined the tools and equipment required. g. Prepared a future scope of the work.		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
(1) Outlined the extent of the work to be performed. (2) Specified the technical support (lineman, electrical, instrumentation) required to perform the work. (3) Estimated the man-hours required. (4) Estimated the cost of the project. (5) Provided a recommendation on the economic feasibility of performing the work (repair maintenance).  * 6. The survey team leader assesses administrative support requirements. a. Determined funding for personnel, equipment, and consumable materials. b. Reviewed the maps and area specifications (special dangers or restrictions). c. Identified the lodging availability. d. Identified parts and materials available to support the mission.  * 7. The survey team leader reports survey findings to the element leader for further action.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Perform an Electrical Load Survey (05-3-5714)  
 (FM 5-422)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is conducting continuous operations and receives a mission to perform an electrical load survey. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element leader receives a warning order (WO) and determines the exact nature of the mission. The element deploys to the site of the mission and performs a complete electrical load survey within the time allotted in the order.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The survey team leader receives a mission in a WO.</li> <li>2. The survey team deploys to the site of the mission survey.</li> <li>3. The survey team verifies specifications of the mission.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included requester identification (name, location, and contact information).</li> <li>b. Identified dates of the mission and possible conflicts.</li> <li>c. Identified potential hostile threat in the area.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. The survey team performs a work project hazards analysis.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified potential mechanical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>b. Identified potential electrical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>c. Identified potential chemical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>d. Identified environmental concerns and protective measures.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 5. The survey team leader performs a work project safety briefing.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included requirements for wearing proper individual safety equipment and clothing.</li> <li>b. Included requirements for individual safe conduct on the job.</li> <li>c. Included requirements for safe hazardous materials handling.</li> <li>d. Included safe clearance requirements.</li> <li>e. Included job hazard assessment driving safety.</li> <li>f. Identified environmental concerns.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. The survey team performs an electrical load survey.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Procured and/or prepared a distribution system one-line diagram.                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Primary system.</li> <li>(2) Secondary system.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Determined the facilities type.</li> <li>c. Collected the facility electrical load data.                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Collected the resistive load data.</li> <li>(2) Collected the inductive load data.</li> <li>(3) Collected the capacitive load data.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
d. Computed the facility connected load. e. Computed the facility demand load. f. Determined the facility allowance for growth. g. Determined the load connection requirements for facility load balancing on the circuit. h. Prepared the circuits and/or systems load connection. i. Prepared a power requirements data sheet.  7. The survey team prepares an after-action report.  * 8. The survey team leader reports survey findings to the element leader for further action.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters

**TASK:** Perform Power Plant Distribution System Installation Technical Assistance (05-3-5718)  
 (FM 5-422)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is conducting continuous operations and receives a mission to perform technical assistance for installing a power distribution system (organic and/or nonorganic). This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element leader receives a warning order (WO) and determines the exact nature of the assignment. The element deploys to the site of the assignment and provides technical assistance for installing the power distribution system within the time allotted in the order.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The technical assistance team leader receives a mission in a WO.</li> <li>2. The technical assistance team deploys to the site of the mission.</li> <li>* 3. The technical assistance team leader verifies specifications of the mission.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included requester identification (name, location, and contact information).</li> <li>b. Identified potential hostile threat in the area.</li> <li>c. Determined the exact nature of the technical assistance requested.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. The technical assistance team advises on performing a work project hazards analysis.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified potential mechanical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>b. Identified potential electrical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>c. Identified potential chemical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>d. Identified potential environmental concerns and protective measures.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. The technical assistance team advises on conducting work project safety.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included individual safety equipment and clothing.</li> <li>b. Included individual safe conduct on the job.</li> <li>c. Included hazardous materials handling safety.</li> <li>d. Included safe clearance requirements.</li> <li>e. Included job hazard assessment driving safety and environmental concerns.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. The survey team provides power distribution system installation technical assistance.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Advised on technical data and information to support installing the distribution system.                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) System route layout plan.</li> <li>(2) System grading plan and staking charts.</li> <li>(3) System survey data sheets.</li> <li>(4) Construction prints and electrical diagrams.</li> <li>(5) System bill of materials (BOM) list.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>(6) System load survey.</p> <p>b. Advised on distribution system materials and equipment transporting and handling.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Transport vehicle requirements.</li> <li>(2) Materials handling equipment requirements.</li> <li>(3) Electrical equipment packaging, preservation, and deprocessing requirements.</li> <li>(4) Road reconnaissance requirements for line-hauling power line equipment.</li> <li>(5) Staging equipment for installation.</li> </ol> <p>c. Advised on distribution system route preparation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Route clearing.</li> <li>(2) Route layout and staking.</li> <li>(3) Route access road preparation.</li> </ol> <p>d. Advised on distribution system conductor installation.</p> <p>e. Advised on distribution system connection configuration.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Wye.</li> <li>(2) Delta.</li> </ol> <p>f. Advised on distribution system phase rotation.</p> <p>g. Advised on distribution systems installation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Single-phase, two-wire.</li> <li>(2) Single-phase, three-wire.</li> <li>(3) Three-phase, three-wire.</li> <li>(4) Three-phase, four-wire.</li> </ol> <p>h. Advised on distribution system power quality management and/or substation equipment installation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Voltage transformation equipment.</li> <li>(2) Voltage regulation equipment.</li> <li>(3) Voltage control equipment.</li> <li>(4) Power factor correction equipment.</li> </ol> <p>i. Advised on distribution system and electrical equipment protective devices installation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Fuses.</li> <li>(2) Lightning arrestors.</li> <li>(3) Protective relays.</li> </ol> <p>j. Advised on distribution system neutral and equipment grounding system installation.</p> <p>k. Advised on secondary feeder load connection and load balancing on primary distribution system.</p> <p>l. Advised on distribution system after-installation inspection and checkout.</p> <p>7. The technical assistance team prepares an after-action report.</p> <p>* 8. The survey team leader reports survey findings to the element leader for further action.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Three Power Line Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters

**TASK:** Design Temporary Nonstandard Power Distribution Systems (05-3-5721)  
 (FM 5-422)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is conducting continuous operations and receives a mission to provide primary power distribution from a power plant. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element leader receives a warning order (WO) and determines the requirements of the assignment. The element deploys to the site of the assignment and designs the power distribution system within the time allotted in the order.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
* 1. The element leader receives an assignment in a WO. 2. The element deploys to the site of the assignment. * 3. The element leader verifies specifications of the assignment. a. Included requester identification (name, location, and contact information). b. Identified potential hostile threat in the area. c. Determined exact nature of the technical assistance requested. 4. The element assesses the distribution system requirements. a. Procured a map of the area. b. Procured the power plant site plan. c. Procured an electrical load survey data and system load plan. 5. The element determines the method of distribution (overhead, surface-laid, or underground). 6. The element determines the distribution system layout (loop or radial). 7. The element determines the distribution system route. 8. The element determines the distribution transformer positioning. 9. The element determines the distribution cable requirements. 10. The element determines the distribution transformer requirements. 11. The element determines the system electrical equipment requirements. 12. The element determines the distribution line fabrication materials. 13. The element determines the distribution system and equipment grounding requirements. a. Determined the grounding system method and materials. b. Determined the system neutral and electrical equipment requirement.		
<b>NOTE: Some critical facilities require that the distribution system ground and the service system to the facility be isolated from each other.</b>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
14. The element prepares a distribution system bill of materials (BOM). <b>NOTE: The method of distribution (overhead, underground, or surface-laid) will determine the construction materials required.</b>  15. The element prepares a distribution system one-line diagram.  *16. The element leader prepares an after-action report.  *17. The element leader reports the assignment completion to the higher headquarters for further action.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections

**TASK:** Prepare Power Systems Construction Estimates (05-3-5722)  
 (FM 5-422) (TC 3-34.489)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element receives a mission from higher headquarters (HQ) to prepare a power system construction estimate. The mission statement includes the construction drawings and specifications for a power system construction estimate. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The completed construction estimate includes a bill of materials (BOM), equipment/personnel requirements, and the logic network diagram. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader prepares a project activity list and a construction sequencing network.</p> <p><b>NOTE: Conduct an environmental risk assessment according to training circular (TC) 3-34.489 to determine the environmental impacts of the project and begin necessary coordination with local environmental authorities. The element leader should screen the project drawings and specifications with environmental authorities to ensure that the finished project and the required construction sequence will meet all applicable environmental laws and regulations. If necessary, changes to drawings and specifications are made and approved in writing by the designer, customer, and local environmental authorities before the start of construction.</b></p> <p>2. The element prepares the materials estimate.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Planned the project activities (work items) in detail.</li> <li>b. Computed quantities of materials, to include the waste factor for each activity, from the construction drawings and specifications.</li> <li>c. Determined the amount of materials required on estimating work sheets.</li> </ul> <p>* 3. The element leader prepares equipment and/or personnel estimates.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Considered all available resources and construction methods.</li> <li>b. Determined work rates for activities in order of priority, experience, and references.</li> <li>c. Determined personnel effect of each activity.</li> <li>d. Determined equipment effort for each activity.</li> <li>e. Prepared consolidated and itemized lists of required equipment and/or personnel.</li> <li>f. Determined the amount of equipment and/or personnel required on estimating work sheets.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. The element leader prepares the critical path method (CPM).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined the time duration based on equipment and/or personnel estimates.</li> <li>b. Determined the duration of the project.</li> <li>c. Highlighted the critical path.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
d. Crashed the critical path if the calculated project completion date was longer than the required project completion date. If the critical path could not be crashed to meet the required project completion date, the unit requested an extended project duration.  * 5. The element leader presents the BOM, equipment and/or personnel requirements, and the CPM to higher HQ.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections

**TASK:** Install Aerial Electrical Power Distribution Equipment (05-3-5725)  
 (TM 5-682) (FM 5-422) (TM 5-302-4)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element must install an aerial (overhead) electrical power distribution system. A selected and prepared power line right-of-way and line construction plans are available. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element installs the distribution system according to the system design criteria and the approved procedures for installing aerial distribution systems and equipment.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The element establishes job site security.</li> <li>* 2. The element leader performs construction management functions.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prepared the project bill of materials (BOM).</li> <li>b. Prepared the project critical path method (CPM) diagram.</li> <li>c. Ensured that construction materials were available.</li> <li>d. Assembled the work crew(s) and assigned their responsibilities.</li> <li>e. Coordinated the requirements for nonorganic construction support.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. The element leader conducts a work project safety briefing.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included wearing proper safety equipment and clothing.</li> <li>b. Included using ground guides for vehicles and materials handling equipment.</li> <li>c. Included using correct hand-and-arm signals to communicate boom, hook, or fork movement for materials handling equipment.</li> <li>d. Included safe clearance requirements.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. The element performs an equipment safety inspection.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected individual safety and protective equipment for serviceability.</li> <li>b. Inspected line construction rigging equipment for serviceability.</li> <li>c. Inspected climbing equipment for serviceability.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. The element verifies the power line right-of-way selection and prepares to install the system.</li> <li>6. The element installs the aerial distribution system.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Staged the line construction materials.                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Line poles, which are placed along the right-of-way by length as specified by the line construction plan.</li> <li>(2) Line pole hardware and materials, which are placed along the right-of-way as required for completion of line pole preparation.</li> <li>(3) Line cable, which is placed along the right-of-way consistent with the installation plan.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Installed line poles.                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Preerected the line pole.</li> <li>(2) Excavated pole holes.</li> <li>(3) Erected and positioned the utility line pole.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
c. Installed line pole hardware. d. Installed line conductors. (1) Used safe and approved methods when pulling conductors. (2) Ensured proper sagging of conductor. (3) Used approved methods when tying in conductors. e. Installed system electrical equipment. f. Serviced and set up electrical equipment for operation.  7. The element performs a power line after-installation inspection. a. Inspected conductor splices for serviceability. b. Ensured the phase sequencing of power cables. c. Ensured the servicing and proper setup of distribution equipment. d. Ensured the proper grounding of system equipment. e. Ensured the proper anchoring and guying of poles.  * 8. The element leader updates the power line documentation. a. Ensured the preparation of modifications to the system design criteria and specifications. b. Ensured that prints and diagrams were updated with as-built information and data.  9. The element prepares an after-action report and conducts the task completion briefing.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number		Task Title
05-1-3006		Establish Job Site Security

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Assess for Upgrade of Existing Power Distribution Systems (05-3-5726)  
 (FM 5-422)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is attached or assigned to a fixed-strength unit or organized into an engineer composite service unit. The element is tasked to assess the existing distribution system for upgrade. All personnel and organic equipment are available. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The assessment should be timely and accurate. Upgrade requirements should be determined from information provided by higher headquarters (HQ). The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The element leader supervises the assessment process.</li> <li>* 2. The element leader receives critical information from higher HQ and/or the civilian utilities element.</li> <li>3. The assessment team deploys to the site of the distribution system to be assessed.</li> <li>4. The assessment team performs a work project hazards analysis.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined potential mechanical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>b. Determined potential electrical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> <li>c. Determined potential chemical hazards, safety equipment, and protective measures.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 5. The assessment team leader performs a work project safety briefing.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reviewed the requirements for wearing proper individual safety equipment and clothing.</li> <li>b. Reviewed the requirements for individual safe conduct on the job.</li> <li>c. Reviewed the requirements for safe hazardous-materials handling.</li> <li>d. Reviewed safe clearance requirements.</li> <li>e. Reviewed job hazard assessment driving safety and environmental concerns.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6. The assessment team performs an assessment to upgrade the distribution system.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the arial distribution system upgrade requirements.                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Right-of-way.</li> <li>(2) Line pole.</li> <li>(3) Conductor installation method.</li> <li>(4) Line pole hardware.</li> <li>(5) Line pole guy and anchor.</li> <li>(6) Environmental protection.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
b. Identified underground distribution system upgrade requirements. (1) Manhole and/or vault. (2) Duct. (3) Environmental protection. c. Identified the distribution system electrical equipment upgrade requirements. (1) Conductor. (2) Distribution transformer. (3) Fuse upgrade. (4) Switch. (5) Circuit breaker. (6) Instrumentation transformer (voltage and/or current). (7) Lightning arrester. (8) System and/or equipment grounding. (9) Pothead. (10) Power quality control equipment (line-voltage regulator and power factor capacitors). d. Collected system short circuit analysis data. e. Identified the distribution system environmental concerns.  7. The assessment team prepares the distribution system (as found) one-line diagram.  * 8. The assessment team leader prepares a system upgrade bill of materials list.  * 9. The element leader reports to higher HQ with the final assessment.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters

**TASK:** Install Underground Distribution Equipment (05-3-5727)  
 (TM 5-302-4) (FM 5-422) (TM 5-682)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element must install an underground electrical power distribution system and ensure that a power line right-of-way is selected and prepared. The system construction plans are available. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element installs the distribution system according to the system design criteria and the procedures approved for installing underground distribution systems and equipment. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The element established jobsite security.</li> <li>* 2. The element leader performs construction management functions.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prepared the project billing of materials (BOM).</li> <li>b. Prepared the project critical path method (CPM) diagram.</li> <li>c. Ensured that construction materials were available.</li> <li>d. Assembled work crew(s) and assigned responsibilities.</li> <li>e. Coordinated requirements for nonorganic construction support.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 3. The power plant operations supervisor conducts a work project safety briefing.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included wearing of proper safety equipment and clothing.</li> <li>b. Included using ground guides for vehicles and materials handling equipment.</li> <li>c. Included using hand-and-arm signals to communicate boom, hook, or fork movement for the materials handling equipment.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. The element performs an equipment safety inspection.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected individual safety and protective equipment for serviceability.</li> <li>b. Inspected the cable pulling equipment for serviceability.</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. The element verifies the right-of-way selection and prepares to install the system.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected ducts and/or cable trenches for proper installation and preparation.</li> <li>b. Inspected manholes and/or splice boxes for proper installation and preparation.</li> <li>c. Ensured that water from manholes was drained.</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. The element crew installs an underground distribution system.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Hauled and staged the system construction materials.</li> <li>b. Excavated foreign matter and obstructions from conduits, cable trenches, manholes, and/or splice boxes.</li> <li>c. Installed cable into the conduit, which includes—                                     <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Setting up and operating the cable-pulling equipment.</li> <li>(2) Rigging and pulling the cable into the conduit.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>d. Installed the cable in an open trench, which included—                      (1) Setting up and operating the cable-laying equipment.                      (2) Laying cable into the trench.</p> <p>e. Spliced and terminated the cable.</p> <p>f. Performed a cable continuity test.</p> <p>g. Performed a cable after-installation, insulation resistance test.</p> <p>h. Installed the system electrical equipment.</p> <p>i. Serviced and set up the system electrical equipment for operation.</p> <p>7. The element performs distribution system after-installation inspection and testing.</p> <p>a. Inspected the cable splices and terminations for serviceability.</p> <p>b. Ensured the correct phase sequencing of the system cables.</p> <p>c. Ensured the servicing and proper setup of the system electrical equipment.</p> <p>d. Ensured the proper grounding of the system equipment.</p> <p>e. Ensured the continuity testing of the phase cables.</p> <p>f. Ensured that the after-installation, insulation resistance test was performed on all the cables</p> <p>8. The element updates the system documentation.</p> <p>a. Included modifications to the system design criteria and specifications.</p> <p>b. Included prints and diagrams with as-built information and data.</p> <p>* 9. The element leader prepares an after-action report and conducts a task completion briefing.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number		Task Title
05-1-3006	Establish Job Site Security	

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters

**TASK:** Perform Electrical-Power, Distribution Equipment Organizational Maintenance Operations (05-3-5731)

(FM 4-30.3)  
 (FM 5-422)

(AR 710-2)  
 (TM 5-682)

(DA PAM 738-750)  
 (TM 9-6140-200-14)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is given standing operating procedures (SOPs) for the distribution system organizational maintenance program. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element performs the organizational maintenance on the distribution system and equipment according to the applicable regulations, higher headquarters (HQ) directives, item specific technical manual (TMs), and approved maintenance procedures for distribution systems. The element maintains distribution systems and equipment in a safe, serviceable, and operational condition.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The element establishes job site security.</li> <li>2. The element follows standing operating procedures (SOPs) for the distribution system organizational maintenance program.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Defined the duties and responsibilities of the distribution system organizational maintenance personnel.</li> <li>b. Defined the procedures for conducting distribution system organizational maintenance, which includes—                                     <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Conducting preventative and predictive maintenance.</li> <li>(2) Preparing preventative and predictive maintenance records.</li> <li>(3) Documenting and controlling organizational maintenance shop work projects.</li> <li>(4) Documenting and controlling organizational maintenance repair parts and materials.</li> <li>(5) Requesting external (intermediate) maintenance support on distribution systems and equipment.</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Defined the procedures for the inventory and control of distribution maintenance shop tools, sets, kits and outfits, and individual assigned tool kits.</li> <li>d. Defined the procedures for procuring and maintaining the technical reference library for the maintenance shop.</li> <li>e. Defined the procedures for procuring and maintaining the supplies and materials for the maintenance shop.</li> <li>f. Defined the procedures for controlling cannibalization of distribution system equipment.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The element follows the occupational health and safety SOPs for the maintenance shop.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Enforced the fire prevention and protection procedures for the maintenance shop and appointed a maintenance shop fire marshal.</li> <li>b. Enforced the general housekeeping and safety procedures and rules for the maintenance shop.</li> <li>c. Enforced individual work practices, safety procedures, and rules.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>d. Enforced safe clearance and caution procedures.</p> <p>e. Performed unscheduled safety inspections.</p> <p>f. Conducted safety briefings.</p> <p>g. Conducted safety education, training, and counseling.</p> <p>4. The element maintains the technical reference library for the equipment maintenance shop.</p> <p>a. Appointed a maintenance shop librarian.</p> <p>b. Ensured that operation and maintenance manuals for equipment and systems were available and up to date. Operation and maintenance technical manuals (TMs) include—</p> <p>(1) Manuals for end items of equipment.</p> <p>(2) Manuals for operating systems.</p> <p>(3) Manuals for test, measurement, and diagnostic equipment (TMDE).</p> <p>c. Ensured that the following maintenance publications were available and up to date:</p> <p>(1) Department of Army (DA) regulations, pamphlets, technical bulletins (TBs), and training circulars (TCs).</p> <p>(2) Corp of Engineers publications, architectural engineering instructions (AEIs), and engineering technical letters.</p> <p>(3) Department of Defense (DOD) publications and standard details.</p> <p>d. Ensured the availability of nonmilitary procedures and standards for maintenance of power plant equipment and systems. Based the testing of power plant distribution system equipment and other systems on the following standards:</p> <p>(1) American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).</p> <p>(2) Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineering (IEEE).</p> <p>(3) American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME).</p> <p>(4) American Welding Society (AWS).</p> <p>(5) American Petroleum Institute (API).</p> <p>(6) Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE).</p> <p>* 5. The element leader manages the supply operations for the maintenance shop.</p> <p>a. Inspected the prescribed load list (PLL) and inventory—</p> <p>(1) Checked and validated authorized items that are demand-supported (excluding applicable exceptions).</p> <p>(2) Checked the record of demand for proper information and upkeep.</p> <p>(3) Checked and validated reorder points.</p> <p>(4) Checked the inventory and ensured that stock had been replaced.</p> <p>(5) Checked the inventory for proper storage and serviceability.</p> <p>b. Managed the bench stock list (BSL) and inventory. Checked the—</p> <p>(1) BSL to ensure that it was approved by the appropriate maintenance officer.</p> <p>(2) Stock on hand for consistency with the types and quantities of items approved for stock.</p> <p>(3) Inventory for proper storage and serviceability.</p> <p>c. Ensured that repair parts and demand-supported shop stock used for maintenance projects were transferred to the demand data records.</p> <p>* 6. The element leader manages the maintenance work force.</p> <p>a. Designated an equipment maintenance subshop supervisor and assigned crew members.</p> <p>b. Assigned a maintenance shop toolroom keeper.</p> <p>7. The element performs equipment maintenance.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>a. Ensured that organizational maintenance projects were documented and records were maintained.</p> <p>b. Ensured that equipment maintenance and historical records were maintained.</p> <p>c. Ensured that the work performed was within the scope of the organizational maintenance, as specified for the specific item of equipment being maintained.</p> <p>d. Ensured that maintenance was accomplished according to the approved maintenance procedures.</p> <p>e. Ensured that maintenance and serviceability of the TMDE was accomplished.</p> <p>f. Ensured that maintenance and serviceability of the high-voltage tools and equipment was accomplished.</p> <p>g. Ensured that maintenance and serviceability of personal safety clothing and equipment was accomplished.</p> <p>h. Ensured that maintenance and serviceability of power line construction tools was accomplished.</p> <p>i. Monitored the distribution equipment oil and gas analysis program.</p> <p>8. The power plant electrical maintenance crew performs organizational maintenance on power rapidly in-place modular equipment systems (PRIMES).</p> <p>a. Requested and applied safe clearances.</p> <p>b. Requested and applied cautions.</p> <p>c. Troubleshoot electrical equipment and systems.</p> <p>d. Performed organizational maintenance on scheduled electrical equipment.</p> <p>e. Performed organizational repairs on electrical equipment breakdowns.</p> <p>f. Released and removed safe clearances.</p> <p>g. Released and removed cautions.</p> <p>h. Accounted for repair parts and materials used.</p> <p>9. The power line maintenance crew performs organizational maintenance on the distribution systems and equipment.</p> <p>a. Performed aerial (overhead) organizational maintenance.</p> <p>b. Performed underground organizational maintenance.</p> <p>(1) Requested and applied safe clearances.</p> <p>(2) Requested and applied cautions.</p> <p>(3) Troubleshoot distribution system electrical equipment.</p> <p>(4) Performed scheduled organizational maintenance on distribution system electrical equipment.</p> <p>(5) Performed organizational repairs on distribution system electrical equipment breakdowns.</p> <p>(6) Performed scheduled inspections and testing on utility poles.</p> <p>(7) Released and removed safe clearances.</p> <p>(8) Released and removed cautions.</p> <p>(9) Accounted for repair parts and materials used.</p> <p>*10. The element leader prepares battlefield-damaged distribution equipment for evacuation.</p> <p>*11. The element leader prepares the materials condition status report for power distribution equipment.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Power Line Team Headquarters  
Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Treat Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-0003.05-T01A)  
(FM 4-25.11) (FM 8-285)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit has sustained casualties. The unit has no organic medical treatment personnel. Threat force contact has been broken. Soldiers have been wounded and may have chemical contamination or nonbattle injuries. Some unit members have been assigned the additional duty of combat lifesaver. Unit personnel are performing first aid (self-aid/buddy aid), and combat lifesavers are providing enhanced first aid until medical treatment personnel arrive. This task is performed simultaneously with other reorganization tasks. The higher headquarters (HQ) tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) and operation order (OPORD) are available. Simplified collective-protection equipment (SCPE) is on hand and/or field expedient and natural shelters are available.

**NOTE:** This task should not be trained in mission-oriented protection posture (MOPP) 4 except when treating nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) casualties. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Unit personnel provide first aid for casualties according to Field Manual (FM) 21-11, FM 8-285, and combat lifesaver certification standards. At MOPP4, performance degradation factors increase the time required to provide treatment and limit the type of treatment provided. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander and leaders supervise the first aid of casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Developed a treatment plan.</li> <li>b. Monitored the treatment for compliance with FM 21-11 and ensured that all casualties were treated.</li> <li>c. Directed the employment of combat lifesavers to treat casualties.</li> <li>d. Monitored battlefield stress reduction and prevention procedures.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: See Task 08-2-R303.05-T01A for detailed procedures.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>e. Reported casualties, as required.</li> <li>f. Coordinated replenishment of Class VIII supplies with the higher HQ logistic element according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>g. Directed distribution of Class VIII supplies and equipment according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>h. Enforced quality control (QC) procedures for Class VIII items issued to unit elements.</li> </ul> <p>2. Unit personnel survey casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked for responsiveness.</li> <li>b. Checked for breathing.</li> <li>c. Checked for bleeding.</li> <li>d. Checked for shock.</li> <li>e. Checked for fractures, to include cervical-spine and back fractures.</li> <li>f. Checked for burns.</li> <li>g. Checked for head injuries.</li> </ul> <p>3. Unit personnel administer lifesaving first aid.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Cleared all objects from the throat of the casualty.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Used the jaw thrust method to open the airway, if a cervical-spine injury was suspected.</li> <li>c. Performed mouth-to-mouth resuscitation according to cardiovascular pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) procedures to restore the casualty's breathing.</li> </ul> <p>4. Unit personnel control a hemorrhage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Applied dressings and bandages.</li> <li>b. Applied manual-direct pressure to the wound.</li> <li>c. Elevated extremities.</li> <li>d. Applied a pressure dressing to the wound.</li> <li>e. Applied a tourniquet as a last resort.</li> </ul> <p>5. Unit personnel dress wounds.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Applied occlusive dressings to open chest wounds, if possible.</li> <li>b. Applied dressings to open abdominal wounds.</li> <li>c. Applied dressings to open head wounds.</li> </ul> <p>6. Unit personnel splint suspected fractures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used available materials to splint injuries.</li> <li>b. Splinted fractures in the position found.</li> <li>c. Restricted the movement of extremities.</li> <li>d. Checked circulation for impairment.</li> </ul> <p>7. Unit personnel provide first aid to casualties with burns.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Extinguished thermal-burn agents.</li> <li>b. Removed chemical-burn agents.</li> <li>c. Eliminated electrical-burn sources.</li> <li>d. Uncovered the burn unless it was stuck to clothing or a chemical environment existed.</li> <li>e. Applied a field dressing, if appropriate.</li> </ul> <p>8. Unit personnel provide first aid for environmental injuries.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Administered first aid for heat injuries.</li> <li>b. Administered first aid for cold-weather injuries.</li> </ul> <p>9. Unit personnel provide first aid for chemical casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Took immediate protective steps according to FM 8-285 to protect self and warn others.</li> <li>b. Protected casualties from further contamination.</li> <li>c. Administered nerve-agent antidotes according to FM 8-285.</li> <li>d. Administered convulsant antidote for nerve agents (CANAs), if required.</li> <li>e. Decontaminated casualties according to FM 8-285, if necessary.</li> </ul> <p>10. Unit personnel prevent shock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Positioned casualties in the correct antishock position according to FM 21-11.</li> <li>b. Loosened clothing and equipment.</li> <li>c. Prevented casualties from chilling or overheating.</li> <li>d. Calmed casualties by reassuring them.</li> </ul> <p>11. Unit combat lifesavers perform enhanced first aid.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Evaluated casualties for their condition and the type of treatment needed.</li> <li>b. Measured casualties' vital signs.</li> <li>c. Inserted an oropharyngeal airway in unconscious casualties.</li> <li>d. Applied splints to fractured limbs.</li> <li>e. Administered first aid to chemical-agent casualties.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
f. Initiated intravenous infusions for hypovolemic shock. g. Identified environmental injuries. h. Treated environmental injuries. i. Managed battle fatigue (BF) casualties.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
08-2-R303.05-T01A	Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

- ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Transport Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-C316.05-T01A)  
 (FM 8-10-6) (AR 200-1) (AR 385-10)  
 (FM 12-6) (FM 3-21.38)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Unit personnel are wounded and some may be chemically contaminated. The unit has no organic medical-treatment personnel. Threat force contact has been broken. Unit defenses have been reorganized. Casualties are transported from defensive positions to designated casualty collection points. All methods of transport are employed. Some wounded enemy prisoner of war (EPW) casualties may require transport. This task is performed simultaneously with other reorganization tasks. The tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) and higher headquarters (HQ) operation order (OPORD) are available. Simplified collective-protection equipment (SCPE) is on hand and/or field-expedient and natural shelters are available. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Casualties are transported as soon as the tactical situation permits according to the TACSOP, the OPORD, the provisions of the Geneva Convention, and Field Manual (FM) 8-10-6. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander and leaders supervise the transport of casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monitored casualty transport operations for compliance with FM 8-10-6 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Identified casualty collection points.</li> <li>c. Identified transport requirements.</li> <li>d. Supervised the preparation of casualties for transport.</li> <li>e. Coordinated the transport of casualties from the unit area with the higher HQ personnel element according to FM 8-10-6 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>f. Coordinated security requirements for the pickup site with subelements and the higher HQ operations element.</li> <li>g. Disseminated transport information to unit personnel.</li> <li>h. Forwarded the casualty feeder report and witness statements to the higher HQ personnel element according to FM 12-6 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul> <p>2. Element personnel prepare casualties for transport.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided first aid treatment to casualties.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: See Task 08-2-0003.05-T01A for detailed treatment procedures.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Collected classified documents, such as signal operation instructions (SOI), standing signal instructions (SSI), maps, overlays, and key lists.</li> <li>d. Secured the custody of organizational equipment according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Forwarded casualty feeder reports to the unit HQ according to the TACSOP.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>3. Element personnel transport casualties to casualty collection points using manual carries.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Selected the type of manual carry appropriate to the situation and the injury.</li> <li>b. Transported the casualty without causing further injury according to FM 8-10-6.</li> </ol> <p>4. Unit personnel transport casualties to casualty collection points using litter carries.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the litter teams.</li> <li>b. Constructed an improvised litter from available material, as required.</li> <li>c. Secured the casualty on the litter.</li> <li>d. Transported the casualty without causing further injury according to FM 8-10-6.</li> </ol> <p>5. Element personnel transport casualties to a medical-treatment facility (MTF) using available vehicles.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Loaded the maximum number of casualties according to FM 8-10-6.</li> <li>b. Secured casualties in the vehicle.</li> <li>c. Transported casualties without causing further injury according to FM 8-10-6.</li> </ol> <p>* 6. The commander and leaders request an aeromedical evacuation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Transmitted the request according to FM 8-10-6, the OPORD, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Selected the landing site (which provides sufficient space for helicopter hover, landing, and take-off) according to FMs 8-10-6 and 3-21.38.</li> <li>c. Supervised the removal of all dangerous objects likely to be blown about before aircraft arrival.</li> <li>d. Supervised the security of the landing site according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Ensured that the landing zone (LZ) was appropriately marked (light sets, smoke, and so forth) according to the TACSOP, if required.</li> </ol> <p>7. Element personnel assist in loading the ambulance.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Employed the proper carrying and loading techniques according to FM 8-10-6.</li> <li>b. Loaded casualties in the sequence directed by the crew.</li> <li>c. Loaded casualties without causing unnecessary discomfort.</li> <li>d. Employed safety procedures according to Army Regulation (AR) 385-10, FM 8-10-6, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Employed environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ol> <p>8. Element personnel transport chemically contaminated casualties.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed MOPP4.</li> <li>b. Marked contaminated casualties according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>c. Notified the supporting MTF that contaminated casualties were en route to their location.</li> <li>d. Transported casualties directly to a designated decontamination and treatment station.</li> <li>e. Protected casualties from further contamination during transport.</li> </ol> <p>9. Unit personnel transport EPW casualties.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained security of EPW casualties according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Searched EPW casualties for weapons and ordnance before transport.</li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
c. Transported EPW casualties according to the provisions of the Geneva Convention and the TACSOP.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures (08-2-R303.05-T01A)  
 (FM 8-51) (FM 22-51)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)  
**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Combat health support (CHS) operations have commenced. Element personnel are deployed in support of higher headquarters (HQ) operations. The sleep plan and the tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) to manage battle fatigue (BF) soldiers have been developed. Personnel have been cross-trained on critical tasks. Operations are continuous over a prolonged period, causing stressful situations for personnel. The commander has directed that procedures for managing battlefield stress be implemented. Simplified collective-protective equipment (SCPE) is on hand or field-expedient and natural shelters are available.

**NOTE:** Due to the technical knowledge and skills required to perform some military occupational specialty (MOS) specific tasks, caution must be exercised when cross-training personnel. For instance, nonmedical personnel cannot be cross-trained to perform MOS specific medical tasks. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element applies techniques that counter battlefield stress. At mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4, performance degradation factors increase the need for stress prevention implementation. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The commander and leaders perform stress prevention actions.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Issued warning orders, operation orders (OPORDs), and fragmentary orders (FRAGOs) to the lowest possible level.</li> <li>b. Provided soldiers with an accurate assessment of the friendly and enemy situation.</li> <li>c. Briefed the leaders' intention to all unit personnel.</li> <li>d. Spoke positively concerning the unit missions, purpose, and abilities.</li> <li>e. Encouraged a positive attitude throughout the unit.</li> <li>f. Instituted an information dissemination plan designed to quell and prevent rumors.</li> <li>g. Informed personnel of the availability of religious support.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 2. The commander and leaders implement the sleep plan.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided a safe and secure area away from vehicles and other high-noise activities.</li> <li>b. Adjusted the sleep plan as dictated by the tactical situation.</li> <li>c. Enforced the sleep plan according to the TACSOP.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. Leaders implement task rotation or restructuring procedures.                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Alternated cross-trained unit personnel on critical tasks, as required.</li> <li>b. Rotated unit personnel between demanding and nondemanding tasks.</li> <li>c. Assigned two soldiers to function independently on tasks requiring a high degree of accuracy.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>d. Adjusted task rotation policies and procedures to the tactical situation.</p> <p>* 4. Leaders implement stress coping and management techniques.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Integrated new unit members into the unit immediately.</li> <li>b. Assisted soldiers in resolving home front problems.</li> <li>c. Implemented a buddy system to observe signs of stress or BF among soldiers and leaders.</li> <li>d. Provided instruction on relaxation techniques to all personnel before deployment.</li> <li>e. Conducted after-action debriefings.</li> <li>f. Scheduled a critical-event debriefing after any traumatic event according to Field Manual (FM) 22-51.</li> <li>g. Conducted unit award, decoration, recognition, and memorial ceremonies.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The commander and leaders implement stress control techniques.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Implemented a plan to deal with mild, seriously stressed, or BF cases.</li> <li>b. Assigned soldiers showing signs of severe stress or BF to simple tasks.</li> <li>c. Directed personnel to be supportive of stressed or BF soldiers.</li> <li>d. Referred soldiers showing signs of serious stress or BF to the supporting medical-treatment facility (MTF) for evaluation.</li> <li>e. Reintegrated return-to-duty (RTD) soldiers into their specific element.</li> </ul> <p>6. Element personnel employ stress prevention measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained a positive attitude concerning the unit mission, purpose, and abilities.</li> <li>b. Complied with the commander's sleep plan.</li> <li>c. Identified other soldiers with signs of stress or BF.</li> <li>d. Provided immediate buddy aid support.</li> <li>e. Reported signs of stress or BF in other soldiers to their immediate supervisor.</li> <li>f. Accepted new unit members immediately.</li> <li>g. Practiced relaxation techniques at appropriate times and places.</li> <li>h. Participated in buddy systems and after-action debriefings.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-7008	Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon)

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Team  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Perform Field Sanitation Functions (08-2-R315.05-T01A)  
 (FM 21-10) (AR 200-1) (AR 385-10)  
 (AR 40-5) (FM 4-25.12)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Health hazards exist that require field sanitation measures. The element is in the field without permanent sanitation or water facilities. The commander has selected and trained the unit field sanitation team (FST). The combat health support (CHS) plan, the tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP), and the higher headquarters (HQ) operation order (OPORD) are available. All required sanitation equipment is available. Field sanitation measures are continuous and are performed simultaneously with other operational tasks. Simplified collective-protection equipment (SCPE) is on hand and field-expedient and natural shelters are available. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The FST performs field sanitation measures according to the TACSOP, Field Manuals (FMs) 21-10 and 4-25.12, and the commander's guidance. At mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4, only minimum-essential field sanitation activities are performed. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander directs field sanitation measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Directed field sanitation activities to counter a medical threat.</li> <li>b. Monitored field sanitation activities for compliance with FMs 21-10 and 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>c. Enforced individual field sanitation measures.</li> <li>d. Requested assistance from the supporting preventive medicine (PVNTMED) element for sanitation problems that were beyond the expertise of the unit FST according to the TACSOP and the OPORD.</li> <li>e. Corrected field sanitation deficiencies.</li> <li>f. Reported field sanitation deficiencies that could not be corrected by unit personnel to the FST.</li> <li>g. Enforced safety procedures according to Army Regulation (AR) 385-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>h. Enforced environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul> <p>2. The FST supervises the unit field sanitation measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the field sanitation basic load according to AR 40-5 and FM 4-25.12.</li> <li>b. Supervised the distribution of field sanitation basic-load items according to AR 40-5 and FM 4-25.12.</li> <li>c. Tested the unit water supply for the required chlorine residual level according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>d. Inspected water containers and trailers according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Monitored personnel to ensure that they used personal protective measures (skin, clothing, and bed net repellent) against arthropods and rodents according to applicable directives and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>f. Conducted rodent surveys, as required.</li> <li>g. Monitored personnel for the employment of correct hygiene measures.</li> <li>h. Monitored waste facilities and procedures for compliance with AR 40-5, FM 4-25.12, and the TACSOP, as required.</li> <li>i. Inspected latrines and urinals according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>j. Inspected liquid and solid waste-disposal facilities to ensure their compliance with AR 40-5, FM 4-25.12, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>k. Inspected hand-washing devices according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>l. Inspected the transport, storage, preparation, and service of food for compliance with FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>m. Provided advice, recommendations, and training requirements to the commander.</li> <li>n. Enforced safety procedures according to AR 385-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>o. Enforced environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul> <p>3. Unit personnel employ field sanitation measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the prescribed load of water purification materials according to AR 40-5, FM 21-10, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Prepared nonpotable water for personal use according to FM 21-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>c. Consumed only water designated as potable.</li> <li>d. Maintained latrines and hand-washing facilities according to FM 21-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Employed preventive measures against cold and heat injuries.</li> <li>f. Employed personal-hygiene measures.</li> <li>g. Employed preventive measures against arthropod and rodent infestation, to include using skin, clothing, and bed net repellent.</li> <li>h. Reported field sanitation deficiencies to the FST.</li> <li>i. Employed safety procedures according to AR 385-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>j. Employed environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

ARTEP 5-617-10-MTP

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Power Line Team Headquarters  
Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Provide a Field Cable or Wire System (11-5-0121.05-T01A)  
(FM 24-19) (TC 24-20) (TM 11-5805-262-12)  
(TM 11-5805-294-12)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit receives a fragmentary order (FRAGO) and a briefing on the size and shape of the facility or supported command post (CP), the location of each element, the required instruments, and the installation priority. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The internal communications network is set up according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP) or the commander's guidance, and is operational by the time specified in the order. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The section leader prepares a telephone cable or wire installation plan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Selected a wire route (based on a map study) that met the requirements of the tactical situation and was easy to construct and maintain.</li> <li>b. Selected the most direct primary and alternate wire routes after conducting a ground reconnaissance.</li> <li>c. Prepared an interim plan indicating the routes of the wire lines.</li> <li>d. Allocated the manpower and materials to accomplish the task.</li> <li>e. Prepared a telephone traffic diagram showing the number of telephone circuits in the communications system.</li> <li>f. Prepared a telephone directory according to the signal operation instructions (SOI) or the standing signal instructions (SSI). Included the names and numbers of the telephone system users.</li> </ul> <p>2. The section installs a telephone switchboard (SB).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected the equipment for accountability and serviceability according to the packing list and the appropriate technical manual (TM). Used the end-item list if no packing list was available.</li> <li>b. Positioned the telephone SB on a flat surface, such as a table, packing box, or ledge in a foxhole, but not directly on the ground. Used a poncho, shelter half, or canvas to protect the SB from adverse elements.</li> <li>c. Laid the SB on its side with the nameplate up.</li> <li>d. Grounded the equipment using proper grounding techniques according to the appropriate TM.</li> <li>e. Performed SB preoperation procedures according to the appropriate TM.</li> <li>f. Labeled the SB according to the traffic diagram.</li> <li>g. Connected the local and trunk wire lines.</li> </ul> <p>3. The section installs internal wiring and telephones.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Installed the distribution box.</li> <li>b. Tested the field cable or wire before installing.</li> <li>c. Laid the field wire and installed telephones according to the priority established by the communications section leader.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>d. Secured the field wire at all the starting points and at any changes of direction to reduce the strain.</p> <p>e. Used proper hardware (anything that did not cut or damage the wire) and ties (basket hitch, loop knot, clove hitch, or drop loop) for hanging tension bridges and securing points.</p> <p>f. Tagged the wire ties.</p> <p>g. Used the terrain and vegetation to enhance concealment.</p> <p>h. Ensured that all overhead wire construction met clearance requirements of at least 5.5 meters above secondary roads and 7.2 meters above primary roads.</p> <p>i. Finished the line route map indicating the routes of wire lines, SBs, switching centrals, and test stations; the number of circuits along a route; and the type of wire construction.</p> <p>4. The section operates the telephone SB.</p> <p>a. Tested the SB to ensure that it was operational.</p> <p>b. Used the turning hand-ringing generator on the telephone (TA 312/PT) to terminate and ring off circuits as they became available to called parties.</p> <p>c. Processed calls.</p> <p>d. Updated the traffic diagram, as required.</p> <p>e. Performed operator preventive-maintenance checks and services (PMCS) on the SB according to the appropriate TM.</p> <p>5. The section performs PMCS on the field cable or wire lines.</p> <p>a. Maintained a 20 percent slack in the field cable or wire lines.</p> <p>b. Kept all wire splices and cable locks clear of standing water.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-4-1005	Perform Preventive-Maintenance Checks and Services (PMCS)

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Handle Enemy Prisoners of War (EPWs) (19-3-3106.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19.40) (AR 190-8) (DD FORM 2745)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The enemy soldiers surrendered or were captured. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The capturing element takes charge of and evacuates the EPWs according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP) and the search, silence, segregate, speed, safeguard, and tag (5 Ss and T) method. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The element searches the EPWs.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Removed weapons and documents that had intelligence value.</li> <li>b. Returned the personal items of no military intelligence value, such as protective clothing and equipment.</li> <li>c. Furnished receipts to the prisoners for their personal property that was taken.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. The element segregates the EPWs.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Segregated the EPWs by rank, sex, desertion status, civilian status, nationality, and ideology.</li> <li>b. Turned the wounded EPWs over to the medical personnel for evacuation through the medical channels.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The element silences the EPWs.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prevented the EPW leaders from giving orders.</li> <li>b. Prevented the EPWs from planning an escape.</li> <li>c. Did not talk in front of the EPWs except to issue orders and maintain discipline.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. The element safeguards the EPWs.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Removed the EPWs from the dangers of the battlefield.</li> <li>b. Did not allow anyone to abuse the EPWs.</li> <li>c. Treated the EPWs humanely.</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. The element tags the EPWs with a Department of Defense (DD) Form 2745.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Annotated the date and time of the capture, the capturing unit, the grid coordinates of the capture, and the circumstances of the capture.</li> <li>b. Attached Part A to the EPWs.</li> <li>c. Retained Part B for the unit records.</li> <li>d. Attached Part C to the property.</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. The element speeds the EPWs to the rear.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Notified higher headquarters (HQ) that the company had EPWs.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
b. Removed the EPWs rearward to the nearest military police (MP) collecting point.		
c. Exploited the intelligence information.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Plan/Control Augmentation Support (05-1-0721)  
 (FM 5-100)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element has been tasked with a mission that requires additional resources and augmentation support. Augmentation support is available. Digital elements have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The battalion staff determines the augmentation support necessary to accomplish the mission and submits a request and then begins the coordination for logistical support that provides for unhindered mission execution by the attached element. Digital elements perform collaborative planning; send requests, reports, and orders; and perform Digital Topographic Support System (DTSS) functions, using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p><b>NOTE: Digital elements perform collaborative planning, make requests, and send or receive reports using digital systems.</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The battalion staff performs mission analysis and determines resource requirements and availability during the estimate process.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined resources required in time to accomplish the mission.</li> <li>b. Determined the availability of organic resources.</li> <li>c. Included requirements for rations, maintenance, fuel, and lubricants to support augmentation element(s), to include shortfalls, such as equipment maintenance.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. The Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) submits a request for augmentation support.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Requested augmentation support from higher headquarters (HQ) if not supporting a maneuver element.</li> <li>b. Requested augmentation support from higher HQ and the maneuver commander when supporting a maneuver unit.</li> <li>c. Submitted the request immediately after the estimate process was complete.</li> <li>d. Included the following information in the request:                                     <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Type of relationship (command or support).</li> <li>(2) Amount and type of personnel and equipment needed.</li> <li>(3) Length of time needed to accomplish the mission.</li> <li>(4) Mission of the battalion.</li> <li>(5) Mission of the augmentation support element.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The battalion staff modifies the estimate process based on the actual augmentation support received.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prioritized the effort for the supporting element.</li> <li>b. Effected the coordination for logistical support based on the command or support relationship, such as food, fuel, and maintenance.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>4. The S3 coordinates the liaison of the augmentation element with the engineer company(s).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined the time, place, and attendance requirements for issuing the battalion operation order (OPORD) if not already issued.</li> <li>b. Determined the time and place for the liaison between the augmentation element and the engineer company.</li> </ul> <p>5. The battalion staff monitors the attached elements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received personnel strength, maintenance status, mission status, and updates as required.</li> <li>b. Shifted assets as necessary.</li> <li>c. Inspected the quality of workmanship.</li> <li>d. Visited the element to maintain high morale.</li> </ul> <p>6. The augmented unit staff terminates augmentation support.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Accounted for equipment and personnel.</li> <li>b. Reported mission accomplishment to higher and receiving HQ.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note: Reports are sent via FM or digital means according to the standing operating procedure (SOP) of the element.</b></p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-1-0008	Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD)

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon) (05-2-7008)  
 (FM 5-71-2) (FM 5-34)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The company is performing tactical operations in a contemporary operating environment. The company receives a new mission that requires the preparation of an OPORD. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. The unit is linked to the task force (TF) tactical operations center (TOC). Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The OPORD follows the intent of the commander, is understandable, and contains all of the information necessary to accomplish the mission. Digital units send and receive orders and reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader writes an OPORD following the five-paragraph format.  <b>NOTE: Digital units write and disseminate the OPORD using the Army Battle Command System (ABCS), perform collaborative planning, and submit orders/requests and reports according to the unit tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that the situation paragraph contained information about the enemy forces, friendly forces, attachments, and detachments.</li> <li>b. Stated the mission clearly. Included who, what, when, where, and why.</li> <li>c. Ensured that the execution paragraph included the intent of the commander, the subordinate unit instructions, and coordinating instructions.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Address any environmental considerations in the coordinating instructions. Include specific measures to minimize environmental damage.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>d. Ensured that the service support paragraph contained combat service support (CSS) and unit support instructions. If the paragraph was too long, used an annex. Otherwise, used the following paragraph sample format:                         <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Material and services.</li> <li>(2) Medical.</li> <li>(3) Personnel.</li> <li>(4) Civil military.</li> <li>(5) As necessary.</li> </ul> </li> <li>e. Ensured that the command and signal paragraphs specified the command post (CP) locations for supporting the units and gave the instructions for coordinating and establishing communications by different means (digital and FM).</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The element leader ensures that the necessary information is included and briefed to the subordinate elements.</p> <p>* 3. The element leader ensures that the order is disseminated or briefed in time to satisfy the one-third/two-third rule (allowing subordinates two-thirds of the available time).</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-1-1389	Identify Geospatial Support Requirements
05-1-1391	Request a Standard Geospatial Product
05-1-1393	Request Nonstandard Geospatial Products
05-2-1380	Identify Terrain Information Requirements
05-4-1372	Disseminate Terrain Information Product
05-4-1376	Perform a Geospatial Collection Effort
05-6-0088	Coordinate Geospatial Operations

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**



TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>d. Loaded the TEK using KYK-13.</p> <p>e. Loaded the FH sync-time according to the SOI/SSI.</p> <p>f. Loaded the cue frequency.</p> <p>g. Directed the alternate NCS to load the cue frequency, as required.</p> <p>h. Changed the net identification according to the SOI/SSI.</p> <p>5. The NCS opens the net.</p> <p>a. Issued the net call in the secure mode on the MAN channel.</p> <p>b. Issued and sent the electronic countercountermeasures [ECCM] electronic remote fill (ERF) instructions.</p> <p>c. Set the channel switch to the hop set channel and issued the net call.</p> <p>d. Opened the net.</p> <p>e. Reset the channel switch to MAN and called the missing net members.</p> <p>f. Repeated the cold start.</p> <p>g. Set the FCTN switch to SQ ON.</p> <p>6. Net members enter the net.</p> <p>a. Responded in the correct sequence to the net call.</p> <p>b. Stored the ERF, set the channel switch to the hop set channel, reset the channel switch to MAN, and set the FCTN switch to SQ ON.</p> <p>c. Responded in sequence to the NCS call.</p> <p>d. Reset the channel switch to MAN and the FCTN switch to LO if the member missed the ERF or heard no communications on the hop set channel.</p> <p>e. Responded in sequence to the NCS call.</p> <p>7. Net members perform the late net entry (LNE), cue, and ERF method.</p> <p>a. Performed premission checks for an FH cold start.</p> <p>b. Loaded the cue frequency according to the SOI/SSI.</p> <p>c. Initiated the cue call.</p> <p>d. Reported into the net.</p> <p>e. Switched to the MAN channel and conducted the cold-start net opening.</p> <p>8. Net members use proper radio procedures.</p> <p>a. Kept the length and the number of transmissions to a minimum.</p> <p>b. Used the lowest power setting required to communicate.</p> <p>c. Used authorized call signs and frequencies.</p> <p>d. Observed periods of radio-listening silence.</p> <p>e. Operated on a random schedule.</p> <p>f. Adhered to net discipline.</p> <p>9. Team members recognize different types of interference.</p> <p>a. Checked the RT signal (SIG) display when it was not transmitting.</p> <p><b>NOTE: If the display was constantly or intermittently higher than 1, then the members disconnected the antenna to determine if the interference was internal or external.</b></p> <p>b. Initiated the ECCM for external symptoms.</p> <p>10. Team members initiate ECCM actions.</p> <p>a. Continued to operate.</p> <p>b. Did not disclose the effectiveness of the jamming in the clear.</p> <p>c. Reduced the transmission speed.</p> <p>d. Increased the transmitter power.</p> <p>e. Relocated the antenna.</p> <p>f. Prepared and forwarded a meaconing, intrusion, jamming, and interference (MIJI) feeder report to the supervisor in the United States message text format (USMTF).</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>11. Team members extend the range of the radio station.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected the OE-254 for serviceability.</li> <li>b. Installed the OE-254 antenna using the team method.</li> <li>c. Accomplished the transaction from the whip antenna to the OE-254 without unnecessary interruption of service.</li> </ul> <p>12. The retransmission team establishes a retransmission site.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Installed and connected the OE-254 antennas.</li> <li>b. Performed preoperational PMCS.</li> <li>c. Loaded the CMD NET MAN frequency in radio C.</li> <li>d. Loaded the CMD NET MAN and cue frequencies in radio D.</li> <li>e. Loaded the TSK and the TEK into both radios (non-ICOM only).</li> <li>f. Loaded the hop set and the TEK into both radios (ICOM only).</li> <li>g. Cued the LNE using radio D.</li> <li>h. Stored the ERF into both radios.</li> <li>i. Changed radio D to RTS MAN and cue frequencies and TRS net ID.</li> <li>j. Set the FCTN switches of radios C and D to RXMT.</li> </ul> <p>13. Team members initiate the net radio interface (NRI) call.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Called the NRI operator on the NRI hop set channel, or initiated a cue call on the net control interface (NCI) cue channel, as required.</li> <li>b. Switched to NRI MAN channel.</li> <li>c. Established communications on the NRI hop set channel.</li> <li>d. Identified the telephone subscriber by call sign or telephone number.</li> </ul> <p>14. Team members maintain the SINCGARS radio net.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed PMCS, as required.</li> <li>b. Performed fault isolation, as required.</li> <li>c. Performed user-level maintenance, as required.</li> <li>d. Evacuated the faulty equipment, as required.</li> <li>e. Completed the necessary entries in the maintenance record.</li> <li>f. Reported all uncorrected deficiencies to the immediate supervisor.</li> </ul> <p>15. The NCS closes the net.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Called the net and issued closedown instructions.</li> <li>b. Acknowledged the net members.</li> <li>c. Received acknowledgement in the correct sequence.</li> <li>d. Performed after-operation PMCS.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-4-1005	Perform Preventive-Maintenance Checks and Services (PMCS)

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Power Line Team Headquarters  
 Three Power Line Sections

**TASK:** Maintain Platoon Strength (12-3-0001.05-T01A)  
 (FM 12-6) (DA FORM 1155) (DA FORM 1156)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Casualties have occurred and replacements are arriving. A lull in the battle has occurred. The digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** A personnel status report (PSR), which accounts for all platoon personnel, is provided daily or as required. The digital units send and receive reports and orders using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Element members take immediate action.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed first aid on wounded soldiers.</li> <li>b. Requested medical aid, as needed.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 2. Element leaders report the personnel status of the squad.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Accounted for all assigned or attached personnel.</li> <li>b. Prepared Department of the Army (DA) Form 1156 for killed or wounded soldiers (the body is under United States [US] control).</li> <li>c. Prepared DA Form 1155 for captured or missing soldiers (the body is not under US control).</li> <li>d. Forwarded reports and completed forms to the company command post (CP).</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 3. The element leader or platoon sergeant processes strength information.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Recorded the situation report (SITREP) and other personnel information.</li> <li>b. Directed cross leveling to fill critical position openings caused by casualties.</li> <li>c. Consolidated squad personnel reports.</li> <li>d. Collected casualty feeder reports and witness statements (DA Forms 1155 and 1156).</li> <li>e. Updated the battle roster and the strength-accountability system of the platoon.</li> <li>f. Determined critical replacement requirements.</li> <li>g. Prepared the strength report.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 4. The element leader or platoon sergeant processes replacements.                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Briefed replacements on the mission, tactical situation, platoon policies and procedures, specific duties, and site or platoon orientation.</li> <li>b. Entered the names of soldiers onto the platoon accountability system or battle roster.</li> <li>c. Inspected soldiers for combat critical clothing and equipment.</li> <li>d. Arranged for the issue of missing required items of combat critical clothing and equipment.</li> <li>e. Implemented the buddy system.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
f. Arranged for the movement of soldiers to assignments.  * 5. The element leader or platoon sergeant reports the personnel status. a. Forwarded completed DA Forms 1155 and 1156. b. Transmitted the strength report and other requested personnel information.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

## CHAPTER 6

### External Evaluation

6-1. General. An external evaluation is used to assess the ability of the unit to perform its mission. Units may modify this evaluation based on the METT-TC and other considerations as deemed appropriate by the commander. Selected T&EOs from Chapter 5 that involve the total unit and employ a realistic OPFOR and the MILES are used for the evaluation. At the completion of the evaluation, the commander can identify the unit strengths and weaknesses. These strengths and weaknesses are the basis for future training and resource allocations.

6-2. Preparing the Evaluation. The commander must standardize evaluation procedures to accurately measure unit capabilities. Table 6-1 is a sample evaluation scenario that contains the mission and the appropriate tasks necessary to develop the scenario and execute the evaluation. Figure 6-1 is a graphic representation of the scenario. Selective tailoring is required because it is not possible to evaluate every task. Procedures for developing the evaluation are discussed below.

**Table 6-1. Sample Evaluation Scenario**

Event	Action	Proposed Time Frame	Estimated Time Allotted
1	Conduct Preevaluation Operations	Before start time	
2	Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures		
3	Issue a Road March Order	Day 1 - 0200 hours	2 hours
4	Conduct a Tactical Road March	0400 hours	5 hours
5	Occupy an AA	0900 hours	3 hours
<b>Module 1</b>			
6	Receive a WO	1200 hours	2 hours
7	Support Combat Operations (Mobility)		
8	Conduct Unit Support Operations		
9	Perform Unit Maintenance Operations		
10	Conduct Administrative Operations		
11	Conduct Intelligence Operations		
<b>Module 2</b>			
12	Conduct Unit Support Operations	Day 2 - 1400 hours	
13	Receive a WO		
14	Support Combat Operations (Counter-mobility)		
15	Perform Unit Maintenance Operations		
16	Move to an AAR Site and Conduct an AAR		
17	ENDEX		

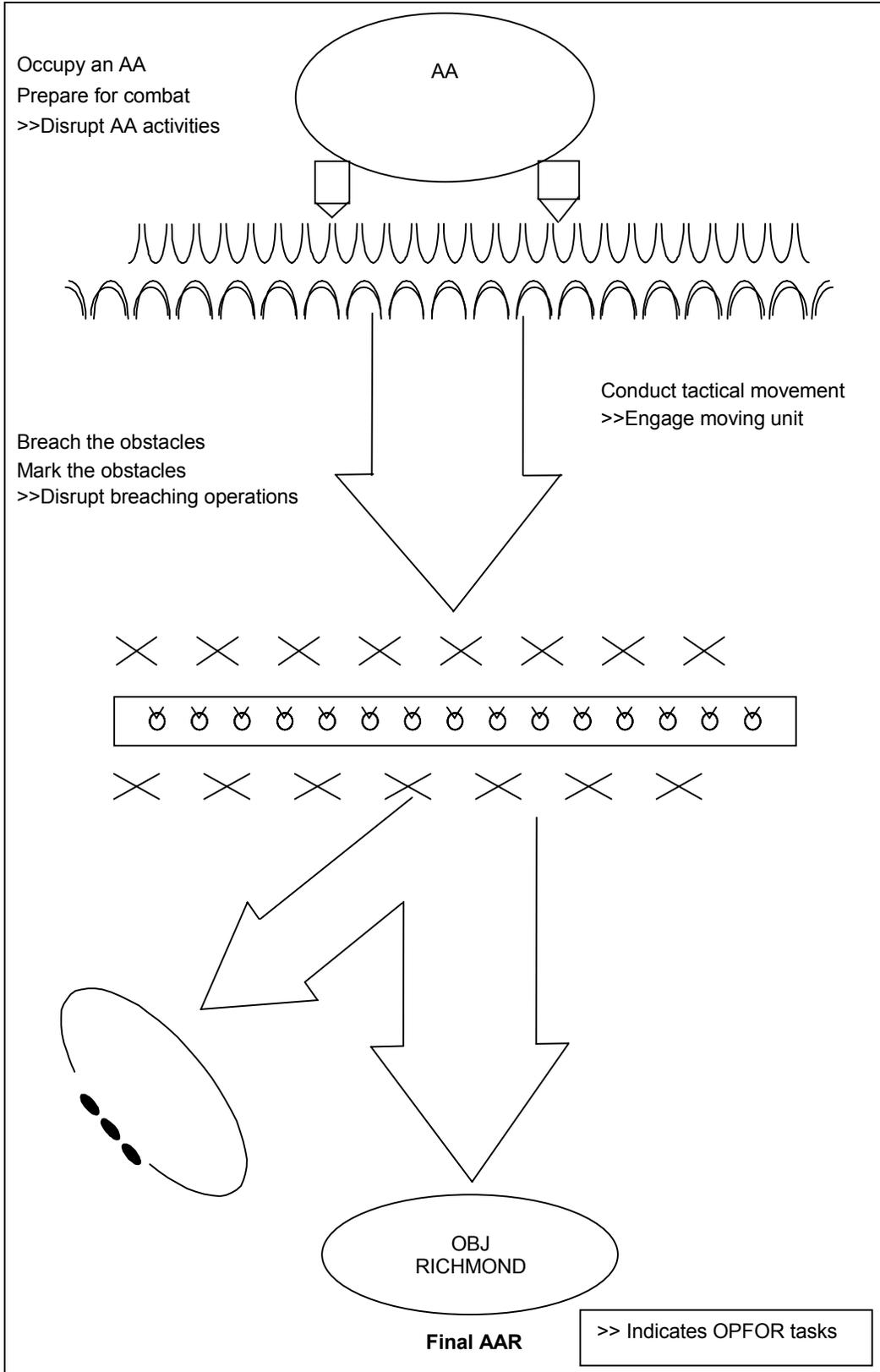


Figure 6-1. General Scenario Illustration

- a. Identify the missions to be evaluated for each echelon from Figure 2-2. Record the selected missions on Department of the Army (DA) Form 7506.
- b. List each mission on a separate DA Form 7502.
- c. Select the tasks for the evaluation of every mission. List the selected tasks on the task summary sheet, which is used for recording the results of the evaluation.

**Table 6-2. Sample Consolidated Support Requirements**

<b>CONSOLIDATED SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS FOR STX 5-2-E0001</b>			
<b>Ammunition</b>	<b>DODIC</b>	<b>Estimated Basic Load</b>	
5.56 mm	A080	150 rounds per rifle	
7.62 mm	A111	400 rounds per M60	
5.56 mm	A075	250 rounds per SAW	
Caliber .50	A598	250 rounds per M2	
ATWESS (AT-4)	L367	15 each per company (inert)	
Hand grenade, body, M69	G811	2 per man	
Hand grenade, fuse (practice)	G878	2 per man	
Simulators, projectile, ground burst	L598	50 per exercise	
Simulator, hand grenade, M116 series	L601	20 per squad (without live demolitions to simulate demolition) or 6 per squad	
<b>Demolitions (See note below.)</b>			
MICLIC		4 per company with 2 reloads	
Bangalore torpedo kit		1 per squad	
Charge, block TNT		50 per squad	
MDI M11, 12, 13, 14		15 each (total 60) per platoon	
MDI igniters		60 per platoon	
Time fuse		500 feet per platoon	
Satchel charge, M183		30 per platoon	
40-pound shape charge		12 per platoon	
Smoke grenades, white		60 per platoon	
Smoke pot, ground		10 per platoon	
Mines			
<b>Other Items</b>			
Batteries, BA 200 (6-volt)		50 each	
Batteries, BA 3090 (9-volt)		400 each	
<b>Class IV</b>			
Concertina wire			
Pickets			
Staples			
Barbed wire			
<b>MILES Equipment</b>	<b>Company</b>	<b>Evaluators</b>	<b>OPFOR</b>
APC	13		13/4
Caliber .50 system	15		13/4
M240 system	2		
M19 blank firing adapter	15		13/4
M16 system	120		120/28
M60 machine gun system	13		13/2
Controller guns		8	
Small arms alignment fixture		2	
<b>NOTE: Ammunition and demolitions are basic loads and should be restocked (according to use) during the exercise.</b>			

d. Compile the selected missions and tasks in the order that they logically occur in the detailed scenario (Table 6-1). Group the selected missions and tasks in parts for continuous operations. The parts can be interrupted at logical points to assess the MILES casualties and to conduct in-process AARs.

6-3. Resourcing and Planning. Adequate training ammunition, equipment, and supplies must be forecasted and requisitioned. Table 6-2 is a consolidated list of the support requirements for this evaluation. It is based on experience with the scenario in Table 6-1. The evaluating HQ must prepare its own consolidated support requirements.

6-4. Selecting and Training Observers/Controllers. A successful evaluation depends heavily on selecting O/Cs with the proper experience, training them to fulfill their responsibilities, and supervising them throughout the evaluation.

a. The following are minimum rank and experience requirements for O/Cs:

- The company O/C will be an officer with company command experience.
- Platoon or section O/Cs will be a lieutenant or an NCO with platoon or section experience.
- The recorder will be an officer or an NCO at the evaluation control HQ who receives "kill" information or results and time data from the O/Cs.

b. The O/Cs must have a thorough knowledge of the unit mission, organization, equipment, and doctrine. They must understand the overall operation of the unit and how it is integrated into and supports the force protection operations. Team members must have a working knowledge of the common individual and collective tasks in areas such as local-defense convoy procedures, communications, and NBC operations. One member of the team must have detailed expertise in NBC and local-defense common task areas. The O/Cs should be equal in grade to the soldier in charge of the element they are evaluating and should have previous experience in the position being evaluated. All team members must be able to make objective evaluations, function effectively as a team member, and state their findings in reports and briefings.

c. O/C training focuses on providing O/Cs with a general understanding of the overall evaluation, providing each O/C with a detailed understanding of specific duties and responsibilities and on building a spirit of teamwork. The O/C training includes—

- (1) The overall evaluation design, general scenario, master events list, and specific evaluation purposes and objectives.
- (2) The unit METL and its linkage to the T&EOs and other materials contained in this MTP.
- (3) The O/C team composition and general duties and responsibilities of each team member.
- (4) The detailed responsibilities of individual team members with special emphasis on the master events list items that are their responsibility. These include—
  - A review of written instructions and materials contained in the O/Cs folders.
  - A detailed reconnaissance of the area used for the evaluation.
  - The O/C communications and command and control (C2) systems.

- Safety procedures.
- Evaluation data collection OPLAN and procedures.
- AAR procedures and techniques.

(5) A talk-through of the entire evaluation. This includes war-gaming all items of the master events list in order of occurrence and reviewing each team member's responsibilities and anticipated problems.

d. The senior O/C supervises the operation of the team. He provides the team leadership, focuses his efforts on ensuring that the O/Cs fulfill their responsibilities and adhere to the evaluation plan, resolves problems, synchronizes the efforts of the team members, ensures close coordination among team members, holds periodic team coordination meetings, plans and orchestrates the unit AAR, and conducts specific evaluation team AARs.

6-5. Selecting and Training Opposing Forces. The OPFOR support for an external evaluation of the unit is limited to two squads of dismounted infantry and two to five individuals who serve as enemy agents. Although OPFOR support is only used for some tasks, proper training and employment of this force is important to ensure a proper assessment of the unit capabilities.

a. The OPFOR commander should be a company grade officer or senior NCO who is well trained in OPFOR tactics and operations. In addition to the duties and responsibilities in leading various OPFOR elements, the OPFOR commander serves as a part-time member of the O/C team. In order to fulfill O/C responsibilities, the OPFOR commander must participate in O/C planning and training activities and must be present during AARs.

b. OPFOR elements are trained, organized, and equipped to operate in a manner that depicts threat forces as realistically as possible. The training includes—

- Threat tactics and rules of engagement.
- OPFOR missions and responsibilities.
- OPFOR tasks and standards.
- Threat weapons and equipment, if available.
- C2.
- Safety.

6-6. Conducting the Evaluation. The senior O/C has overall responsibility for conducting the evaluation. He orchestrates the overall evaluation and the support provided by the various individuals and elements that are specially selected and trained to fulfill designated functions and responsibilities. O/Cs must be free to observe, report, and record the actions of the unit.

a. The HQ two echelons above the unit being evaluated should select and train the control element for the evaluation. They issue orders, receive reports, provide feeder information, and control the OPFOR.

b. All exercise participants and supporting personnel must ensure that every facet of the evaluation is conducted in a safe manner. Personnel observing unsafe conditions must take prompt action to halt them and advise their superiors of the situation.

6-7. Recording External Evaluation Information. The senior O/C is responsible for implementing the evaluation scoring system. Although the final evaluation is developed by the senior O/C, the full team participates in this process. Their reports reflect the overall ability of the combat engineer unit to accomplish its wartime missions.

a. The evaluation scoring system is based on an evaluation of the unit performance of each mission-essential task and any other collective task contained in the overall evaluation plan. Use the following four steps for the evaluation:

**Step 1.** Identify the MTP T&EOs that correspond to each of the evaluation-plan tasks.

**Step 2.** Use T&EO standards to evaluate the unit performances of the tasks. Do this for each evaluation-plan task.

**Step 3.** Record on the T&EO a GO for each performance measure performed to standard and a NO-GO for each performance measure not performed to standard.

**Step 4.** Record the overall unit capability to perform the task by using the GO/NO-GO information recorded on each T&EO. Use the following definitions as guidance in making this determination:

- **GO.** The unit successfully accomplished the task or performance measure to standard.
- **NO-GO.** The unit did not accomplish the task or performance measure to standard.

b. Use DA Forms 7503, 7504, and 7505 to collect the evaluation information. These reports assist the team in recording the information concerning the unit capability to perform its wartime mission according to the established standards. This information will assist the senior O/C to determine the final overall unit rating.

(1) DA Form 7503 is used to record information concerning weather and terrain conditions present during the evaluation period.

(2) DA Form 7504 is used to record information concerning the element personnel and equipment losses during OPFOR engagements.

(3) DA Form 7505 is used to record personnel and equipment status.

6-8. Preparing After-Action Reviews. AARs provide direct feedback to unit members by involving them in the diagnosis process and by enabling them to discover for themselves what happened during the evaluation. In this way, participants identify errors and seek solutions that increase the value of the training and reinforce learning.

a. The senior O/C is responsible for the AAR process. He coordinates the entire AAR program from the initial planning of the evaluation through the after-action phases.

b. Key steps in the AAR process are—

(1) **Planning.** Planning for AARs is initiated in the exercise preparation activities long before the start of the action evaluation. AARs are integrated into the general scenario at logical break points and into the detailed evaluation scenario that is developed subsequently. Qualified O/Cs are selected and trained in the AAR process as part of O/C training. This phase also includes the identification of potential AAR sites and the requisition of equipment and supplies needed to conduct the AAR.

(2) Preparation. AAR preparation starts with the beginning of the actual evaluation. In addition to observing the unit performing its critical tasks, this phase includes the review of the training objectives, orders, and doctrine. Final AAR site selection is completed and times and attendance are established. AAR information is gathered from applicable O/Cs and unit personnel. The AAR is organized and rehearsed.

(3) Conduct. AARs are conducted at logical breakpoints in the exercise and at the end of the evaluation. When AAR participants have assembled, the AAR begins with the senior O/C introducing the session with a statement of the AAR purpose, the establishment of the AAR ground rules and procedures, and a restatement of the training and evaluation objectives. A successful AAR follows these guidelines:

- (a) AARs are not critiques but professional discussions of training events.
- (b) The senior O/C guides the discussion in a manner to ensure that participants openly discuss the lessons.
- (c) Dialogue is encouraged among O/Cs and unit personnel.
- (d) All individuals who participated in the evaluation should be present for the AAR. As a minimum, every unit or element that participates in the exercise is represented.
- (e) Participants discuss not only what happened, but also why it happened and how it could have been done better.
- (f) Participants review the sequence of events associated with hazards and the risk assessment made before the exercise. As a minimum, the review should address hazards that presented themselves (but were not identified) and each incident of fratricide or near fratricide and how it could be avoided in the future.
- (g) Events not directly related to major events are not examined.
- (h) Participants do not offer self-serving excuses for inappropriate actions.
- (i) The AAR end result is that soldiers and leaders, through discovery learning, gain a better understanding of their individual and collective strengths and weaknesses and become more proficient in training for and performing their critical tasks.

**NOTE: Reference materials for conducting an AAR are Training Circulars (TCs) 25-6 and 25-20 and FM 25-101.**

**APPENDIX A - EXERCISE OPERATION ORDER (OPORD)**

For use of the OPORD, refer to the exercise outlined in Chapter 4 and to Figure A-1.

<b>OPERATION ORDER</b>	
(classification) FOR TRAINING PURPOSES ONLY	
Operation Order _____ 20_____	Copy ___ of ___ copies
Task Organization:	
1. SITUATION.	
<p>a. Enemy Forces. Contact with the enemy has been broken. The enemy has withdrawn deep to the rear. It is being reinforced and is preparing to counterattack within 24 hours. The enemy is expected to use nonpersistent nerve agents. Enemy air is expected to be active in the area. The latest intelligence summary (INTSUM) indicates that the enemy may have a company-size strong point in the brigade sector. Enemy units occupying the combat outpost are half strength. Counterattacking forces are expected to be full strength.</p>	
<p>b. Friendly Forces. 5th Division attacks to secure Objective Richmond and then assists passage of the exploitation force (24th Division). This operation will rapidly penetrate the main defensive belt to draw the 10th Independent Tank Regiment (ITR) south and fix it in a zone.</p>	
<p>(1) Missions of units on left and right flanks, as required.</p>	
<p>(2) Supporting engineer unit missions, as required.</p>	
<p>(3) Supporting fires. 4th Battalion is in direct support.</p>	
2. MISSION. The 25th Brigade conducts a passage of lines and attacks to secure Objective Richmond. On order, the 25th Brigade continues movement forward of Phase Line (PL) Green.	
3. EXECUTION.	
<p>a. Concept of the Operation. See the overlay developed by the trainer.</p>	
<p>(1) Maneuver. The 25th Brigade departs AA NK 243567 and conducts a passage of lines through the elements of 3rd Division. It conducts a penetration with two task forces (TFs), with one TF following as the brigade reserve. TF A will be the main effort and attack along Axis Oak. TF B attacks along Axis Pine and is the supporting attack. On order, TF C (trailing along Axis Oak) becomes the main effort and continues the attack to Objective Richmond. The intent is to gain contact with the enemy and locate and fix the main body of the enemy so that the division can conduct envelopments to destroy it. It is necessary to destroy enemy combat outposts. We must quickly reorganize and continue movement until we find the main body. The TF that makes initial contact will attempt to fight through and destroy the enemy. If they cannot, they will provide a base of fire for maneuver by the remainder of the brigade. Movement will continue to PL Green if no contact is gained, and past PL Green, on order.</p>	
<p>(2) Fire support. The priority of fires is to TF A initially and to the TF in contact once contact is made.</p>	

**Figure A-1. Sample OPORD**

- (3) Mines, obstacles, and fortifications. Critical check points and identified obstacles shown on the obstacles overlay.
- b. Subunit missions, as required.
- c. Engineer. The priority of support is to the two lead TFs. On order, conduct breaching operations in support of the TF in contact. Be prepared to support a hasty defense on order.
- d. Coordinating instructions.
  - (1) Report all enemy contact.
  - (2) Report all enemy obstacles.
  - (3) Report the crossing of PLs.
  - (4) Additional information, as required.
- 4. SERVICE AND SUPPORT. Per the division SOP.
- 5. COMMAND AND SIGNAL.
  - a. Command.
  - b. Signal.
    - (1) Current signal operation instructions (SOI).
    - (2) Radio-listening silence until initial contact with the enemy.

**Figure A-1. Sample OPORD (continued)**

## APPENDIX B - THREAT ANALYSIS

### B-1. Introduction.

a. Dramatic changes in Europe and within the former Soviet Union have reduced the likelihood of an east-west military confrontation in Europe. The threat in Europe has not gone away completely, but it is less immediate and has changed in nature. Despite reductions, Russia will still have the largest army in Europe. Regardless of the stated peaceful intentions of current Russian political leaders, the Russian Armed Forces still possesses formidable capabilities, and those capabilities will remain, should conditions and intentions change. Other former Soviet republics are forming their own armed forces and could pose threats to each other or to other countries in the region. In this time of turmoil and uncertainty, the former Soviet military power remains a potentially dangerous challenge to US and North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) security. However, this remnant of the former Soviet threat is just one of many.

b. Many other nations are obtaining or developing sophisticated weaponry. Various regional conflicts could cause the US to intervene bilaterally or as part of a multinational coalition to protect our interests or those of our allies. Other potential conflict areas could call for a variety of responses by either the US, the former Soviet republics, or both. The threat may come in an organized military form, which may or may not follow the former Soviet model. It may also come in the form of insurgencies, terrorism, or narcotics trafficking. The US Army needs to be prepared to respond to this broad spectrum of potential threats that it could encounter in various contingencies.

B-2. Global Threats. Modern weapons and the capability to project military power to great distances beyond its own national borders would characterize a global-type threat, such as the former Soviet one. Against such a potential adversary, the threat to rear operations would include the following:

- Armored or mechanized forces breaking into the rear area.
- Airborne, airmobile, or amphibious assault forces inserted into the rear area.
- Long-range artillery, surface-to-surface missiles, or air strikes targeting rear-area assets.
- NBC weapons.
- Radio-electronic combat aimed at jamming or destroying our communications means and disrupting our C2.
- Agents and saboteurs.

B-3. Regional Threats. Regional threats, such as Iraq or North Korea, have less capability to project power. However, they may have some of the same weapons and organizations as a global threat. In fact, lessening superpower tensions are contributing significantly to the proliferation of sophisticated weaponry to emerging nations. This applies not only to conventional ground and air weapons, but also to chemical and nuclear weapons and missile systems. A mature regional power, possibly with a global power as a major source of its military hardware, emphasizes the ability to project its forces throughout a given region.

B-4. Local Threats. Local threats have even more localized objectives and little capability to project power beyond their own borders or their immediate neighbors. They generally have less modern equipment than global or regional threat powers or at least a limited variety of modern weapons. Their equipment may include modern small arms and light artillery (such as mortars, howitzers, and rocket launchers), but often does not include sophisticated weapons such as long-range conventional artillery or high-performance aircraft. A local threat may be heavily supported by a regional threat or even by a global power. For example, in the past, Cuba assisted Soviet-backed movements in Angola, Nicaragua, and Ethiopia. This outside influence will often be reflected in the equipment, organization, or tactics of the local threat forces. However, the actions of a local threat are often limited to insurgencies, civil wars, or

border disputes. Insurgents, especially those with outside help, may be able to purchase modern weapons, but may not have developed a logistics base able to sustain continuous conflict. Therefore, they often concentrate on guerrilla tactics, sabotage, assassinations, booby traps, or explosives to achieve their objectives.

B-5. Special Situations.

a. The threat in special situations includes terrorism. Terrorism may satisfy the objectives of different types of threats discussed above. Terrorists are the least likely threat to use conventional forces and thus are the hardest to anticipate or to train against. Terrorist tactics include the following:

- Assassinating or maiming.
- Arson.
- Bombing.
- Hijacking, kidnapping, or hostage taking.
- Raids and seizure of facilities.
- Sabotage.
- Hoaxes (such as bomb threats).

Terrorists may also be able to obtain weapons of mass destruction. A political leadership that supports terrorism, as in Iraq, may control such NBC weapons. If nuclear weapons are too difficult to obtain, terrorists may instead employ chemical or biological weapons.

b. Narcotics trafficking is another special-condition threat. It may be supported or tolerated by a global power for political or economic reasons. It may also be tied in with regional or local threat powers or with terrorism. There is often a marriage of convenience between insurgent groups and the drug cartels. The cartels can spend significant amounts of money on the latest in technology for communications and security to protect their operations. They can also buy weapons and otherwise finance regional insurgencies and cross-border conflicts.

B-6. Bottom Line. The threat to rear operations includes all of the above categories. These threat categories are not mutually exclusive and may overlap with one another.

## APPENDIX C - METRIC CONVERSION CHART

### Table C-1. Metric Conversion Chart

US Units	Multiplied By	Equals Metric Units
<b>Length</b>		
Feet	0.30480	Meters
Inches	2.54000	Centimeters
Inches	0.02540	Meters
Inches	25.40010	Millimeters
Miles (statute)	1.60930	Kilometers
Miles per hour	0.04470	Meters per second
Yards	0.91400	Meters
<b>Volume</b>		
Cubic feet	0.02830	Cubic meters
Cubic yards	0.76460	Cubic meters
<b>Weight</b>		
Pounds	453.59000	Grams
Pounds	0.45359	Kilograms
Metric Units	Multiplied By	Equals US Units
<b>Length</b>		
Centimeters	0.39370	Inches
Meters per second	2.23700	Miles per hour
Millimeters	0.03937	Inches
Kilometers	0.62137	Miles (statute)
Meters	3.28080	Feet
Meters	39.37000	Inches
Meters	1.09360	Yards
<b>Volume</b>		
Cubic meters	35.31440	Cubic feet
Cubic meters	1.30790	Cubic yards
<b>Weight</b>		
Kilograms	2.20460	Pounds

**GLOSSARY****5 Ss and T**

search, silence, segregate, speed, safeguard, and tag

**AA**

avenue of approach; assembly area; antiaircraft; anchor assembly

**AAR**

after-action review; after-action report

**ABCS**

Army Battle Command System

**AC**

active component; alternating current

**ACP**

Allied Communication Publication

**ADC**

area damage control

**AEI**

Architectural Engineering Instructions; aerospace education instructor

**ALCE**

airlift control element

**APC**

armored personnel carrier

**API**

American Petroleum Institute

**AR**

Army regulation; armor; angle of repose

**ARTEP**

Army Training and Evaluation Program

**ASME**

American Society of Mechanical Engineers

**ASTM**

American Society of Testing Methods; American Society for Testing and Materials

**ATTN**

attention

**ATWESS**

antitank weapon effects signature simulator; Antitank Weapon Effects Simulator System

**AWS**

air weather service; American Welding Society

**BDAR**

battle damage assessment and repair

**BF**

battle fatigue; board feet

**BOM**

bill of materials

**BOS**

battlefield operating system

**BSL**

bench stock list

**C2**

command and control

**CANA**

convulsant antidote for nerve agents

**CAS**

casualty; close air support

**CATS**

combined arms training strategy

**CDM**

chemical downwind message

**CFX**

command field exercise

**CHS**

combat health support

**COA**

course of action

**COMEX**

communications exercise

**COMSEC**

communications security

**CP**

command post; checkpoint

**CPM**

critical-path method

**CPR**

cardiovascular pulmonary resuscitation; cardiopulmonary resuscitation

<b>CPX</b>	command post exercise
<b>CSS</b>	combat service support
<b>CTA</b>	common table of allowances; consolidated training activities
<b>DA</b>	Department of the Army; Denmark; direct action
<b>DACG</b>	departure-airfield control group
<b>DD</b>	Department of Defense
<b>DEERS</b>	Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System
<b>DOD</b>	Department of Defense
<b>DODIC</b>	Department of Defense identification code
<b>DTSS</b>	Digital Topographic Support System
<b>EA</b>	each; engagement area
<b>ECCM</b>	electronic countercountermeasures
<b>EEFI</b>	essential elements of friendly information
<b>EMO</b>	electronic media only
<b>ENDEX</b>	end of exercise
<b>EPW</b>	enemy prisoner of war
<b>ERF</b>	electronic remote fill; electronic countercountermeasures (ECCM) remote fill
<b>EW</b>	electronic warfare
<b>FBCB2</b>	Force XXI Battle Command Brigade and Below

<b>FH</b>	field hospital; frequency hopping
<b>FIST</b>	fire support team
<b>FM</b>	field manual; frequency-modulated; frequency modulation
<b>FO</b>	forward observer
<b>FPF</b>	final protective fire; final protection fires
<b>FPL</b>	final protective line
<b>FRAGO</b>	fragmentary order
<b>FS</b>	fire support; foresight; Fort Sill
<b>FST</b>	field sanitation team; fire support team
<b>FTX</b>	field training exercise
<b>GRREG</b>	graves registration
<b>HE</b>	high explosive
<b>HQ</b>	headquarters
<b>ICOM</b>	imbedded communications; Intercommunications System; integrated communications security
<b>IEEE</b>	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
<b>INTSUM</b>	intelligence summary
<b>ITO</b>	installation transportation office(r)
<b>ITR</b>	independent tank regiment

**LCE**  
load-carrying equipment

**LNE**  
late net entry

**LZ**  
landing zone

**MACOM**  
major Army command

**MANSCEN**  
Maneuver Support Center

**MAPEX**  
map exercise

**MCC**  
movement control center

**MCS**  
Maneuver Control System

**MDI**  
modernized demolition initiator

**METL**  
mission-essential task list

**METT-TC**  
mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations

**MICLIC**  
mine clearing line charge

**MIJI**  
meaconing, intrusion, jamming, and interference

**MILES**  
Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System

**mm**  
millimeter(s)

**MO**  
Missouri; monthly

**MOPP**  
mission-oriented protective posture

**MOPP2**  
mission-oriented protective posture Level 2 (mask carried/worn, protective suit and boots worn, and gloves carried)

**MOPP4**

mission-oriented protective posture Level 4 (mask, protective suit, boots, and gloves worn)

**MOS**

military occupational specialty; minimum operating strip

**MP**

military police

**MTF**

medical-treatment facility

**MTP**

mission training plan; MOS training plan

**NATO**

North Atlantic Treaty Organization

**NBC**

nuclear, biological, and chemical

**NBC 1 Report**

Observer's Initial Report. This report is used by the observing unit to give basic, initial, and follow-up data about an NBC attack. This report is sent by platoons and companies to the battalion headquarters or by designated observers to the division NBC Center (NBCC).

**NBC 4 Report**

Monitoring and Survey Report. This report is used to report NBC hazards detected by a unit through monitoring, survey, or reconnaissance. This report is prepared and submitted by company-level organizations.

**NBC 5 Report**

Actual Contaminated Areas Report. Once the NBC reports are posted on the situation map, the division prepares an NBC 5 report showing the contaminated area. The preferred method of dissemination is by overlay.

**NCI**

net control interface

**NCO**

noncommissioned officer

**NCOIC**

noncommissioned officer in charge

**NCS**

net control station

**non-ICOM**

nonintegrated communications security

**NRI**

net radio interface

**NVD**

night vision device

**O/C**

observer/controller

**OBJ**

objective

**OEG**

operation exposure guide; operational-exposure guidance

**OP**

observation post; operational procedure

**OPFOR**

opposing forces

**OPLAN**

operation plan

**OPORD**

operation order

**OPORD (operation order)**

A directive issued by a commander to subordinate commanders for the purpose of effecting the coordinated execution of a plan of action.

**OPSEC**

operations security

**pam**

pamphlet

**parapet**

A wall, rampart, or elevation of earth or stone to protect soldiers.

**PDDE**

power-driven decontamination equipment

**PDF**

principal direction of fire

**PL**

phase line; plastic limit; Poland

**PLL**

prescribed load list

**PMCS**

preventive-maintenance checks and services

**POE**

port of embarkation

**POL**

petroleum, oils, and lubricants

**POS/NAV**

position/navigation

**POV**

privately owned vehicle

**PRIMES**

power rapidly in-place modular equipment system

**PSR**

personnel status report

**PVNTMED**

preventive medicine

**QC**

quality control

**radiac**

radiation, detection, indication, and computation

**RATELO**

radiotelephone operator

**RC**

rapid cure; reserve component

**RES**

radiation exposure status

**ROE**

rules of engagement

**ROI**

rules of interaction

**RP**

Republic of Philippines; release point; rally point; reference point; red phosphorus

**RT**

radius of target; receiver/transmitter

**RTD**

return to duty

**RXMT**

retransmit

**S2**

Intelligence Officer (US Army)

**S3**

Operations and Training Officer (US Army)

**S4**

Supply Officer (US Army)

- SA**  
semiannually; situational awareness
- SAE**  
Society of Automotive Engineers
- SATS**  
Standard Army Training System
- SAW**  
squad automatic weapon
- SB**  
supply bulletin; switchboard
- SCATMINE**  
scatterable mine
- SCPE**  
simplified collective-protection equipment
- SHTU**  
simplified handheld terminal unit
- SIG**  
signal
- SINCGARS**  
Single-Channel, Ground and Airborne Radio System
- SITREP**  
situation report
- SOFA**  
Status of Forces Agreement
- SOI**  
signal operation instructions
- SOP**  
standing operating procedure
- SOP (standing operating procedure)**  
A set of instructions covering those features of operations that lend themselves to a definite or standardized procedure without loss of effectiveness. The procedure is applicable unless ordered otherwise.
- SP**  
start point; strongpoint; self-propelled; Spain
- SSI**  
standing signal instructions; signal supplemental instructions
- STB**  
supertropical bleach

**STP**

soldier training publication

**STRAC**

Standards in Training Commission

**STX**

situational training exercise

**T&EO**

training and evaluation outline

**TACSOP**

tactical standing operating procedure

**TB**

technical bulletin

**TC**

technical coordinator; training circular; track commander; tank commander

**TEK**

traffic encryption key

**TEWT**

tactical exercise without troops

**TF**

task force; total float

**TM**

team; technical manual; trademark

**TMDE**

test, measurement, and diagnostic equipment

**TMO**

transportation movements office(r)

**TNT**

trinitrotoluene

**TOC**

tactical operations center

**TOE**

table(s) of organization and equipment

**TRADOC**

United States Army Training and Doctrine Command

**TRP**

target reference point; traffic regulation plan

**TSK**  
transmission security key

**UAV**  
unmanned aerial vehicle

**UPW**  
unit proficiency work sheet

**US**  
United States

**USMTF**  
United States message text format

**UXO**  
unexploded ordnance

**WCS**  
weapon control status; weapon control station

**WO**  
warrant officer; warning order

## REFERENCES

### Required Publications

Required publications are sources that users must read in order to understand or to comply with this publication.

#### Army Regulations

AR 190-8	Enemy Prisoners of War, Retained Personnel, Civilian Internees, and Other Detainees. 1 October 1997
AR 200-1	Environmental Protection and Enhancement. 21 February 1997
AR 380-5	Department of the Army Information Security Program. 29 September 2000
AR 385-10	The Army Safety Program. 23 May 1988
AR 40-5	Preventive Medicine. 15 October 1990
AR 530-1	Operations Security (OPSEC). 3 March 1995
AR 710-2	Inventory Management Supply Policy Below the Wholesale Level. 31 October 1997

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ARTEP 5-615-66-MTP	Engineer Prime Power Battalion Staff. 11 October 2002
ARTEP 5-616-34-MTP	Headquarters and Headquarters Company, Engineer Prime Power Battalion. 11 October 2002
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#### Department of Army Forms

DA FORM 1155	Witness Statement on Individual. 1 June 1966
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DA FORM 2028	Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms. 1 February 1974
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DA FORM 7503	Environmental Data Sheet. April 2003
DA FORM 7504	Personnel and Equipment Loss Report. April 2003
DA FORM 7505	Unit Data Sheet. April 2003
DA FORM 7506	Unit Proficiency/Evaluation Worksheet. April 2003
DA FORM 7507	ARTEP Mission Training Plan User Feedback. April 2003

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FM 21-16	Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) Procedures. 30 August 1994
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FM 24-19	Radio Operator's Handbook. 24 May 1991
FM 24-33	Communications Techniques: Electronic Counter-Countermeasures. 17 July 1990
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FM 3-0	Operations. 14 June 2001
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FM 3-19.30	Physical Security. 8 January 2001
FM 3-19.4	Military Police Leaders' Handbook. 4 March 2002
FM 3-19.40	Military Police Internment/Resettlement Operations. 1 August 2001
FM 3-20.98	Reconnaissance Platoon. 2 December 2002
FM 3-21.38	Pathfinder Operations. 1 October 2002
FM 3-3	Chemical and Biological Contamination Avoidance. 16 November 1992
FM 3-4	NBC Protection. 29 May 1992
FM 34-2-1	Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures for Reconnaissance and Surveillance and Intelligence Support to Counterreconnaissance. 19 June 1991
FM 34-60	Counterintelligence. 3 October 1995
FM 3-5	NBC Decontamination. 28 July 2000
FM 3-50	Smoke Operations. 4 December 1990
FM 3-90.1	Tank and Mechanized Infantry Company Team. 9 December 2002
FM 4-25.11	First Aid. 23 December 2002
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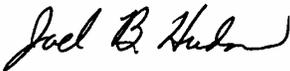
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By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

**PETER J. SCHOOMAKER**  
General, United States Army  
Chief of Staff

Official:



**JOEL B. HUDSON**

Administrative Assistant to the  
Secretary of the Army  
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